

Gracemere Office 1 Ranger St, Gracemere

Mount Morgan Office 32 Hall St, Mount Morgan

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.0 effective 3 July 2017) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s63(2) Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/105-2017	Contact:	Jonathon Trevett-Lyall
Notice Date:	25 October 2017	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Paradise Outdoor Advertising C/- BNC Planning Pty Ltd		
Postal address:			
Phone no:		Mobile no:	Email:

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 24 August 2017 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Operational Works for an Advertising Device (Billboard)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	Lot 1 Capricorn Highway, Fairy Bower
Real property description:	Lot 1 on SP266123, Parish of Rockhampton

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	R J Duggan
Postal a	ddress:
Dear	Paradise Outdoor Advertising

I advise that, on **20 October 2017** the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	

Rockhampton Regional Council PO Box 1860, Rockhampton Q 4700 P: 07 4932 9000 or 1300 22 55 77 | E: enquiries@rrc.qld.gov.au | W: www.rrc.qld.gov.au



2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Building Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	<u>Version/</u> Issue
Site Plan	BNC Planning	26/9/17	S01-01	А
Standard structural engineering drawings, structural framing arrangement, details, schedules, and notes	Darren Lewis Designs	13/12/10	POA-STD08-S01	1
Standard structural engineering drawings, footing system options plans and details	Darren Lewis Designs	21/11/09	POA-STD08-S02	0

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (S.85)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for Operational Works - Advertising Device			
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:			
	Rural zone code			
	Advertising devices code			
	Acid sulfate soils overlay code			
	Airport environs overlay code			
	Coastal protection overlay code			
	Flood hazard overlay code			
	Steep land overlay code			
Reasons for decision	The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.			

	Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmark
		The proposed billboard will facilitate economic activity, have a minimal visual impact of the area, and will not adversely impact on the safety of people and property.
	Advertising devices code	The billboard's face area will be less than the maximum advertising sign face area for a site as per $SC6.2 - Advertising$ device planning scheme policy, have an appearance of approximately five (5) metres in height in relation to the adjoining carriageway and will still be approximately twenty-five (25) to twenty-seven (27) metres from the edge of the carriageway with its location one (1) to three (3) metres from the property boundary.
	Flood hazard overlay code	The application of relevant design standards will allow for the proposed billboard to minimise the risk to personal safety, property and the environment.

8. RIGHTS OF APPEAL

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

This approval will lapse unless substantially commenced within the above stated relevant periods (refer to sections 85 of *Planning Act 2016* for further details).

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Philip Benfield OPERATIONAL WORKS ADMINISTRATOR	Signature:	Date: 25 October 2017	
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Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1

Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

PLANNING ACT 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

1.1 The approved signage must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this development approval.

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	<u>Version</u> /Issue
Site Plan	BNC Planning	26/9/17	S01-01	А
Standard structural engineering drawings, structural framing arrangement, details, schedules, and notes	Darren Lewis Designs	13/12/10	POA-STD08- S01	1
Standard structural engineering drawings, footing system options plans and details	Darren Lewis Designs	21/11/09	POA-STD08- S02	0

- 1.2 A set of the above approved plans are returned to you as the Consultant. The Consultant is to supply one (1) Approved set to the contractor to be retained on site at all times during construction.
- 1.3 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of approval must prevail.
- 1.4 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.5 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with this approval and the Conditions of this development approval.
- 1.6 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role of the Council may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.7 All conditions of this approval must be undertaken and completed to the satisfaction of Council, at no cost to Council.
- 1.8 The following further development permits are required prior to the commencement of any works on the site:

1.8.1 Building Works.

- 1.9 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.10 Any proposed changes to the approved stamped plans during the works will be generally considered minor amendments and require Council's approval. The stamped amended plans and a covering letter will be forwarded to the applicant.

2.0 OPERATING PROCEDURE

- 2.1 All text and images displayed on the billboard must be static, not imitate a traffic control device or include traffic instructions (for example 'stop'), and not involve moving parts or flashing lights.
- 2.2 All signage must be maintained by the premises owner, to a standard that ensures public safety and doesn't adversely impact the visual amenity.
- 2.3 Any lighting devices associated with the signage, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents or motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with 'Australian Standard AS4282 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting' and 'Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA) Guidelines: Lighting in the vicinity of aerodromes: Advice to lighting designers'.

3.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

3.1 Any damage to, or alterations necessary, to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, stormwater drains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken immediately and completed at no cost to Council.

4.0 ADVERTISING DEVICE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE

- 4.1 Council reserves the right for uninterrupted access to the site at all times during construction.
- 4.2 All Construction work and other associated activities are permitted only between 0630 hours and 1800 hours Monday to Saturday. No work is permitted on Sundays or public holidays. All requirements of the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* and *Environmental Protection Regulations 2008* must be observed at all times.
- 4.3 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the site.
- 4.4 Any proposed works within the vicinity (or zone of influence) of existing Council infrastructure will not adversely affect the integrity of the infrastructure. Any restoration works required on existing Council infrastructure as a result of proposed works will be at developer's expense.
- 4.5 The Advertising Device (Billboard Sign) must be designed and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland and constructed in accordance with the requirements of the *Queensland Development Code* and the *Building Code of Australia*.
- 4.6 All conduits, wiring, switches or other control apparatus installed on an Advertising Device must be concealed from general view, with control apparatus secured in a manner to prevent unauthorised entry.
- 4.7 All electrical services and systems must comply with 'Australian and New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 3000:2007 Electrical Installations'.

- 4.8 All signage must be maintained at all times on the premises by the owner of the premises to the same standard as it was when it was installed.
- 4.9 The Advertising Device (Billboard Sign) must be maintained in a safe, clean, tidy and sightly condition at all times.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act, 2003

It is advised that under Section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal Cultural Heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal Cultural Heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Multicultural Affairs website www.datsima.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Workplace Health and Safety* legislation and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty- Environmental Protection Act 1994, sec.319

A person must not carry out any activity that causes, or is likely to cause, environmental harm unless the person takes all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent or minimise the harm (**the** *general environmental duty*).

In deciding the measures required to be taken, regard must be had to, for example-

- (a) the nature of the harm or potential harm; and
- (b) the sensitivity of the receiving environment; and
- (c) the current state of technical knowledge for the activity; and

(d) the likelihood of successful application of the different measures that might be taken; and

(e) the financial implications of the different measures as they would relate to the type of activity.

NOTE 4. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Workplace Health and Safety Act and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—

 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
 - and (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
 (3) The appeal period is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
 - Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or

(ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method

included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 (a) is in the approved form; and
 (b) suscipative states the grounds of the appeal
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
 (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court-the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act-any other
- person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.(5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a
- co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of
- election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section-decision includes-
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1 Appeals

Appeals section 229 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to-(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a correspondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against—

(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or

(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or

(c) a provision of the development approval; or

(d) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment	If the appeal is about	1 A concurrence agency that is
	manager	a concurrence	not a co-respondent
		agency's referral	2 If a chosen Assessment

	Appeals to the P&E Co	ourt and, for certain matters, to	o a tribunal
		response—the concurrence agency	 manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
 Change applications An appeal may be mad (a) a responsible entity (b) a deemed refusal of 	e against— 's decision for a change	application, other than a dec	ision made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application
	nager's decision about a an extension application Column 2 Respondent	an extension application; or on. Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
			If a abasan assessment
 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manage

	Appeals to the P&E Court	Table 1 and, for certain matters, to	a tribunal
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
5. Conversion application An appeal may be made (a) the refusal of a conv (b) a deemed refusal of	e against—		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made	e against the decision to gi	ve an enforcement notice.	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

	Appeals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
section 252, on the grou	e against a decision of a ti		sion under
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-
application, to the exten	e against the decision to g t that the decision relates	to—	val, or an approval for a change hat required impact assessment; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development	1 For a development application—the assessment manager	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral	Another eligible submitter for the application

	Anneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	2 For a change application—the responsible entity	response—the concurrence agency	
An appeal may be made include a provision in the	e development approval, opment application or the	development approval, or to the extent the matter re	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec		r compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made	e against a decision of the	e Minister under chapter 7	', part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 A person given a decision notice about the decision If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

	Appeals t	Table 2 o the P&E Court only	
premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	Appealo		
 6. Local laws An appeal may be made under a local law about— (a) the use of premises, or development; or (b) the erection of a build 	- other than a use that is the	°	nditions applied, consequence of prohibited
	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-
	Annoals	Table 3 to the tribunal only	
1. Building advisory agen An appeal may be made work required code asses	icy appeals against giving a developr	nent approval for build	ling work to the extent the building ons.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
 Certain decisions under An appeal may be made (a) the Building Act, other (b) the Plumbing and Dra 	against a decision under- r than a decision made by	_	age Act ding and Construction Commission; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
4. Local government failu An appeal may be made within the period required	against a local governme		n application under the Building Act
	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4 Co-respondent by election
Column 1 Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	(if any)