

**Notes**

(1) The seaward boundary of the erosion prone area for all local authority area/s to which this plan relates shall be defined by the seaward limit of Queensland waters.

(2) On land adjacent to coastal waters the landward boundary of the erosion prone area shall be defined as:

- (i) a line measured 40 metres landward of the plan position of the mean high water springs (MHWS) tide level except where approved revetments exist, in which case the line is measured 10 metres landward of the upper seaward edge of the revetment, irrespective of the presence of outcropping bedrock; or
- (ii) a line located by the linear distance (in metres) specified on this plan measured, unless specified otherwise, inland from:
  - (a) the seaward toe of the frontal dune. (The seaward toe of the frontal dune is normally approximated on aerial photography by the seaward limit of terrestrial vegetation); or
  - (b) a straight line drawn across the mouth of a waterway between the alignment of the seaward toe of the frontal dune on either side of the mouth.

or

- (iii) the plan position of Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT);

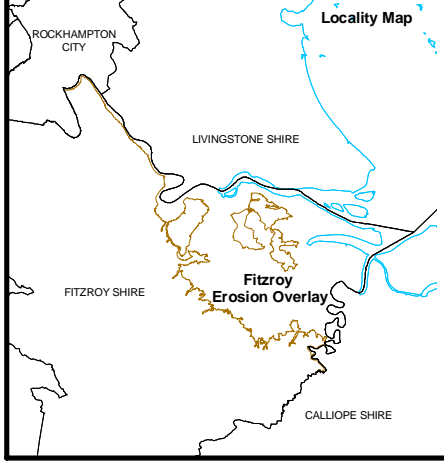
whichever provides the greater erosion prone area width except:

- (a) where the linear distance specified on this plan is less than 40 metres, in which case note (2)(i) does not apply, however notes (2)(i) and (2)(iii) do apply;
- (b) where outcropping bedrock is present and no approved revetments exist, in which case the line is defined as being coincident with the most seaward bedrock outcrop within these defined boundaries but not seaward of the line of HAT;
- (c) in approved canals in which case the line of HAT applies, irrespective of the presence of approved revetments or outcropping bedrock.

(3) Erosion prone areas defined in accordance with the above are deemed to exist throughout all the local authority area/s to which this plan relates, irrespective of whether the entire local authority area is depicted on erosion prone area plans for the local authority (including islands and watercourses).

(4) Coastal waters, as referred to in note (2), are defined to be Queensland waters to the limit of HAT.

**Tidal Limits Note:**  
The erosion overlay extends inland to tidal limit. This is either HAT or those points indicated as being Tidal Limits on this map: locations of these points are interim and once finalised will result in adjustment to the erosion overlay.



**Legend**

**BPA buffer (m)**

- Greater of HAT or 40m from MHWS
- LGA
- Property Boundaries
- Tidal Limits (draft)

This overlay does not represent the Erosion Prone Area or the Coastal Management District as defined under the Coastal Protection & Management Act 1995. See the Fitzroy Shire Erosion Prone Area Plan SC 4073 A.

**FITZROY EROSION OVERLAY**

0 5 10 20  
Km

N

Data Source:  
NRM DCDB 08/03  
Geosciences Australia, Canberra  
DPI Coastal Wetland Vegetation  
EPA Herbarium Remnant Vegetation v4 2003  
BPA Erosion Prone Area Plan SC4073A

Projection: UTM MGA Zone 56

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