

Decision Notice Approval (negotiated)

Planning Act Form 2 (version 1.1 effective 22 June 2018) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s76 Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/92-2017	Contact:	Amanda O'Mara
Notice Date:	8 November 2018	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	GM & JA Heazlewood Pty Ltd		
Postal address:			
Phone no:		Mobile no:	Email:

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 2 August 2017 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for Medium Impact Industry

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	151 and 153 Maloney Street, Kawana
Real property description:	Lot 35 and Lot 36 on SP263881, Parish of Murchison

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	G.M. & J.A. Heazlewood Pty Ltd
Postal addr	ess:
Dear GM &	JA Heazlewood Pty Ltd
I advise that	t, on 6 November 2018 the above development application was:
🖾 approv	ed in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)
	e conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and litions have been imposed by a referral agency.

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition 1.9	deleted	6 November 2018
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1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\square	
- Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Stormwater Works
	Site Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. **REFERRAL AGENCIES**

NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Drawing/ report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Version/ Issue
Aspect of development:	Material Change of Use			
Site Plan	Rufus Design Group	17 Nov 2017	160820-01 Sheet 1 of 5	E
Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	17 Nov 2017	160820-02 Sheet 2 of 5	D
Elevations	Rufus Design Group	17 Nov 2017	160820-03 Sheet 3 of 5	E
Traffic Impact Assessment	Dileigh Consulting Engineers	04 Sep 2018	D18126-PR02	A
Stormwater Management Report	Dileigh Consulting Engineers	31 Aug 2018	D18.126	01
Noise Assessment Report	RoadPro Acoustics	24 Nov 2017	1109R1-D1	0

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for a Material Change of Use for Medium Impact Industry		
Reasons for Decision	 The proposal minimises adverse impacts on nearby non-industrial zoned land and sensitive land uses through building design, screening and landscaping. 		
	b) The proposal minimises the generation of noise, dust and odour so that:		
	 nuisance is not caused to adjoining premises or other nearby sensitive land uses; and 		
	ii. desired ambient noise levels in residential zones are not exceeded.		
	 c) The proposed use does not compromise the strategic framework in the <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015</i>; 		
	 Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; 		
	 e) The proposed development does not compromise the relevant State Planning Policy; and 		
	f) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.		
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:		
	 Low Impact Industry Zone Code; Access, Parking and Transport Code; Landscape Code; Stormwater Management Code; Waste Management Code; and 		
	• Water and Sewer Code.		
Matters prescribed by regulation	 The State Planning Policy – Part E; The Central Queensland Regional Plan; 		
	• The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015.		
	• The common material, being the material submitted with the application.		

8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Tarnya Fitzgibbon Signature: Date: 8 November 20 COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT Date: 8 November 20	18
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Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and his employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Stormwater Works;
 - (ii) Site Works;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Drawing/ report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Version/ Issue
Aspect of develo	pment: Material Change	of Use		
Site Plan	Rufus Design Group	17 Nov 2017	160820-01 Sheet 1 of 5	E
Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	17 Nov 2017	160820-02 Sheet 2 of 5	D
Elevations	Rufus Design Group	17 Nov 2017	160820-03 Sheet 3 of 5	E
Traffic Impact Assessment	Dileigh Consulting Engineers	04 Sep 2018	D18126-PR02	А
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Noise Assessment Report	RoadPro Acoustics	24 Nov 2017	1109R1-D1	0

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.

3.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 3.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002,* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 3.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 3.4 Adequate domestic and firefighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 3.5 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 3.6 Amended or new sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.
- 3.7 Water meter boxes and sewerage connections located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.

4.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 4.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 4.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 4.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 4.5 Two underground stormwater detention tanks with a capacity of 45 cubic metres must be provided. One under the proposed wash-down area within Lot 35 and the other within the northern corner of Lot 36 in accordance with the Stormwater Management Report (refer to condition 2.1).
- 4.6 Two bio-retention basins with an area of 47 square metres and 45 square metres must be constructed within Lot 35 and Lot 36 respectively in accordance with the Stormwater Management Report (refer to condition 2.1). The proposed Bio-retention basins must be designed and constructed in accordance with most recent version of the *Construction and Establishment Guidelines: Swales, Bioretention Systems and Wetlands published by Water by Design.*
- 4.7 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems including retention systems, inlet and outlet structures, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.

5.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and sound engineering practice.
- 5.2 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 5.3 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 6.0 SITE WORKS
- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 6.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
 - 6.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill;
 - 6.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the manner in which it is to be compacted;
 - 6.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels;
 - 6.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and

- 6.2.5 the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cut and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 6.3 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".*
- 6.4 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

7.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for all building and structures on site.
- 7.2 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008* and must be:
 - 7.2.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 7.2.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8 metre high screen fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;
 - 7.2.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 7.2.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 7.2.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer and fitted with an approved stormwater diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002*.

As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.

8.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 9.0 All landscaping must be established generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 9.1 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 9.1.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 9.1.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 10.0 <u>ELECTRICITY</u>
- 10.1 Electricity services must be provided to the development in accordance with the approved Operational Works Plans and the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 11.0 <u>TELECOMMUNICATIONS</u>
- 11.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the approved Operational Works Plans and the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 12.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 12.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.

- 12.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 12.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the *Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).*

13.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 13.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 13.2 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.
- 13.3 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.
- 13.4 Noise mitigation measures as described in the Noise Assessment Report (refer to condition 2.1) must be implemented/maintained.
- 13.5 When requested by Council, noise monitoring must be undertaken and recorded within three (3) months, to investigate any genuine complaint of nuisance caused by noise. The monitoring data, an analysis of the data and a report, including noise mitigation measures, must be provided to Council within fourteen (14) days of the completion of the investigation. Council may require any noise mitigation measures identified in the assessment to be implemented within appropriate timeframes. Noise measurements must be compared with the acoustic quality objectives specified in the most recent edition of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy*.
- 13.6 Odour and visible contaminants, including but not limited to dust, fume, smoke, aerosols, overspray or particulates, must not be released to the environment in a manner that will or may cause environmental nuisance or harm unless such release is authorised by Council.
- 13.7 Plant and equipment must be maintained in proper working order at all times, in accordance with the manufacturer's directions to ensure the efficiency of the equipment.
- 13.8 No contaminants are permitted to be released to land or water, including soil, silt, oils, detergents, etcetera. Any wash-down areas used for the maintenance or cleaning of equipment (including vehicles) must be appropriately bunded and drained to the sewer network in accordance with a trade waste permit.

14.0 ABRASIVE BLASTING

- 14.1 All abrasive blasting operations must be conducted in a fully enclosed and sealed booth or chamber. The booth or chamber must be totally enclosed and vented to the atmosphere through an effective dust collector, for example, a fabric filter dust collector.
- 14.2 Open air abrasive blasting may only occur if conducted on a bunded and controlled surface and the item being blasted must be fully enclosed (sides and top) with screening material or fully screened (sides only) to a height two (2) metres above the structure being blasted.
- 14.3 Spent abrasive blasting media must be disposed of as regulated waste or tested in accordance with the receiving facility's requirements prior to disposal. Disposal to the receiving facility may only occur if the testing indicates that the media is below the maximum contaminant levels for that facility to accept the waste.

OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 14.4 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Alexandra Street or Maloney Street.
- 14.5 All surface treatments must be operated and maintained in a manner so that there is no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area being caused due to the emission of dust or resulting in sediment laden water.

If the amenity impacts cannot be mitigated, the area must be sealed to Council's satisfaction.

- 14.6 All waste storage areas must be:
 - 14.6.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 14.6.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008*.
- 14.7 The hours of operations for the development site must be limited to:
 - 14.7.1 0500 hours to 2400 hours on Monday to Saturday,

with no operations on Sundays or Public Holidays.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website www.datsip.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. Licensable Activities

Should an activity licensable by Rockhampton Regional Council be proposed for the development site, Council's Environment and Public Health Unit must be consulted to determine whether any approvals are required. Such activities may include food preparation, storage of dangerous goods or environmentally relevant activities. Approval for such activities is required before 'fit out' and operation.

NOTE 5. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 6. Infrastructure Charges Notice

Council has resolved not to issue an Infrastructure Charges Notice for this development because the new infrastructure charges arising from the development are less than the credits applicable for the new development.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—

 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and

(b) the person-

- (i)who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 (a) the adopted observe itself: or
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or

(ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—

 (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a corespondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to-(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a
 - material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a correspondent in the appeal.

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or

(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or

(c) a provision of the development approval; or

(d) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment

		Table 1	
	e against— s decision for a change app	and, for certain matters, to	a tribunal manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application sion made by the P&E court; or
(b) a deemed refusal of Column 1 Appellant	a change application. Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application
		extension application; or Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager
 a) The notice involved a (i) The application o Examples of errors in an The incorrect an Applying an incorrect (i) The working (ii) An offset or b) The was no decision c) If the infrastructure of d) The amount of the cl 	e against an infrastructure an error relating to – f the relevant adopted charge oplying an adopted charge oplication of gross floor are orrect 'use category', unde g out of extra demands, for refund; or about an offset or refund; harges notice states a refut harge is so unreasonable t	rge; or – ta for a non-residential dev r a regulation, to the develor section 120; or or or und will be given – the timir	elopment opment
imposed the amount Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
			•

The person given the		t and, for certain matters, to	
nfrastructure charges	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges	-	-
	notice		
5. Conversion application An appeal may be made (a) the refusal of a conv (b) a deemed refusal of	e against—		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
6. Enforcement notices			
An appeal may be made	e against the decision to g	ive an enforcement notice.	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government
	Anneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
	7.pp0ul0		
An appeal may be made section 252, on the grou a) an error or mistake i	l e against a decision of a tr	ibunal, other than a decision	on under
An appeal may be made section 252, on the grou a) an error or mistake i b) jurisdictional error. Column 1	l e against a decision of a tr und of—	ibunal, other than a decision	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
section 252, on the grou	e against a decision of a tr und of— n law on the part of the trit Column 2	ibunal, other than a decisio ounal; or Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent by election
An appeal may be made section 252, on the grou a) an error or mistake i b) jurisdictional error. Column 1 Appellant A party to the proceedings for the decision 2. Eligible submitter app An appeal may be made application, to the exten	against a decision of a tr und of— n law on the part of the trit Column 2 Respondent The other party to the proceedings for the decision Deals e against the decision to g tt that the decision relates	ibunal, other than a decisio punal; or Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) - ive a development approva	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) - al, or an approval for a change
An appeal may be made section 252, on the grou a) an error or mistake i b) jurisdictional error. Column 1 Appellant A party to the proceedings for the decision 2. Eligible submitter app An appeal may be made application, to the exten a) any part of the deve	against a decision of a tr und of— n law on the part of the trit Column 2 Respondent The other party to the proceedings for the decision Deals e against the decision to g tt that the decision relates	ibunal, other than a decisio punal; or Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) - ive a development approva	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) -

	Annosle	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
the change application	Appears		
3. Eligible submitter and An appeal may be made include a provision in the	e development approval, to pment application or the	development approval, or f o the extent the matter rel	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec	against— tion 32 about a compensa tion 265 about a claim for a claim under paragraph (compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made	against a decision of the	Minister under chapter 7,	part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 A person given a decision notice about the decision If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied,

under a local law about-

(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or

(b) the erection of a building or other structure.

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Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

	Appeals	Table 3 to the tribunal only	
1. Building advisory agend An appeal may be made a work required code asses	against giving a developm		ng work to the extent the building ns.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
 Certain decisions unde An appeal may be made a (a) the Building Act, other (b) the Plumbing and Drait 	against a decision under- than a decision made by	-	ge Act
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
4. Local government failur An appeal may be made a within the period required	against a local governmer		application under the Building Act
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-