

Decision Notice Approval (amended)

Planning Act Form 2 (version 1.1 effective 22 June 2018) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s87 (extension application) Planning Act 2016, and Section 334 of the Sustainable Planning Act 2009

Application number:	D/85-2015	Contact:	Brandon Diplock
Notice Date:	28 June 2019	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: Adpen Properties Pty Ltd

Postal address: PO BOX 7807
EAST BRISBANE QLD 4169

Phone no: Mobile no: 0458 787 818 Email: tim@adpen.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above extension application on 20 June 2019 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Multi-Unit Dwelling (nine units)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	25 Card Street, Berserker
Real property description:	Lot 28 on RP600772, Parish of Archer

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Adpen Properties 3 Pty Ltd Tte
Postal address:	PO BOX 7807
	EAST BRISBANE QLD 4169
Dear Adpen Properties	Pty Ltd
I advise that, on 27 June 2019 the above extension application was:	

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Item 6	Changed	28 June 2019
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1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Material Change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Road Works
	Access and Parking Works
	Stormwater Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Plan Number	<u>Dated</u>
Access and Parking Plan	D14.162-02, Rev B, Sheet 2 of 7	September 2015
External Stormwater Catchment Plan	D14.162-03, Rev B, Sheet 3 of 7	September 2015
Building Plans, Site Layout	SD03, Issue C	4 September 2015
Building Plans, Units 1 & 2 (Block A)	SD04, Issue C	4 September 2015
Building Plans, Floor Plans Units 3 – 9 (Block B)	SD05, Issue C	4 September 2015
Building Plans, Elevations Units 3 – 9 (Block B)	SD06, Issue C	4 September 2015

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.87 of the Planning Act) (extension application)

The currency period will expire on 1 October 2021.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	Extension to a Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Multi-Unit Dwelling (nine units)	
Reasons for Decision	a) Under the current Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015, the land is zoned Low-medium Density Residential and the proposal is considered consistent development;	
	b) The proposal does not compromise the strategic framework in the Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015;	
	c) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse	

	impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and		
	d) The proposed development does not compromise the relevant State Planning Policy.		
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:		
	Low-medium Density Residential Zone		
Matters prescribed by regulation	 The State Planning Policy – Part E; The Central Queensland Regional Plan; 		
	The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015; and		
	The common material, being the material submitted with the application.		

8. RIGHTS OF APPEAL

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ORIGINAL DECISION ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Tarnya Fitzgibbon MANAGER DEVELOPMENT	Date:	1 October 2015
	AND BUILDING		

11. **ASSESSMENT MANAGER**

Tarnya Fitzgibbon Name: Date: 28 June 2019 Signature:

COORDINATOR

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

Attachment 1 - Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 - Part 1

Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

PLANNING ACT 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer is responsible for ensuring compliance with this approval and the Conditions of the approval by an employee, agent, contractor or invitee of the Developer.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role of the Council may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions of this approval must be undertaken and completed to the satisfaction of Council, at no cost to Council.
- 1.4 All conditions, works, or requirements of this approval must be undertaken and completed prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 Where applicable, infrastructure requirements of this approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, at no cost to Council prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.6 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.6.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Stormwater Works; and
 - (iv) Roof and Allotment Drainage Works.
 - 1.6.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.6.3 Building Works.
- 1.7 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.8 Unless otherwise stated, all works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards.
- 1.9 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must comply with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this permit:

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Number	<u>Dated</u>
Access and Parking Plan	D14.162-02, Rev B, Sheet 2 of 7	September 2015
External Stormwater Catchment Plan	D14.162-03, Rev B, Sheet 3 of 7	September 2015

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Number	<u>Dated</u>
Building Plans, Site Layout	SD03, Issue C	4 September 2015
Building Plans, Units 1 & 2 (Block A)	SD04, Issue C	4 September 2015
Building Plans, Floor Plans Units 3 – 9 (Block B)	SD05, Issue C	4 September 2015
Building Plans, Elevations Units 3 – 9 (Block B)	SD06, Issue C	4 September 2015

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for endorsement by Council prior to the submission of a Development Application for Operational Works.

3.0 ROAD WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works on for the development site.
- 3.2 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, relevant *Australian Standards* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).
- 3.3 A concrete pathway, with a minimum width of 1.2 metres, must be constructed on the northern side of Card Street for the full frontage of the development site.
- 3.4 All pathways and access ramps must be designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for Access and Mobility".

4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the site.
- 4.2 All works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking Facilities" and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All parking spaces, access driveway(s) and vehicular manoeuvring areas associated with this proposed development must be concrete paved.
- 4.4 Any redundant vehicular crossover must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.5 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.6 A minimum of thirteen (13) parking spaces must be provided on-site. This includes nine (9) covered car parking spaces and four (4) visitor's car parking spaces.

5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

5.1 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act, Plumbing and Drainage Act, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.

- 5.2 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 5.3 All internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works must be completely independent for each unit/tenancy.
- 5.4 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated water supply and sewerage networks.
- 5.5 The existing sewerage connection point(s) must be disconnected. A new sewerage connection point(s) must be provided to the development from sewerage reticulation that traverses the development site and must comply with Council's Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewer Infrastructure Policy.
- 5.6 The existing water connection point(s) must be disconnected. A new water connection point must be provided to the development. A hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person must determine the size of connection required.
- 5.7 Adequate domestic and fire fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 5.8 The development must be provided with a master meter at the development site boundary and sub-meters for each sole occupancy building in accordance with the *Queensland Plumbing and Drainage Code* and Council's Sub-metering Policy
- 5.9 Water meter box and sewerage connection points located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.10 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 5.11 The development must comply with Council's Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy. Any permit associated with the Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.

6.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works on the site.
- 6.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 6.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development condition, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one percent (1%) Annual Exceedance Probability defined flood event, for the post development condition.
- 6.5 The purposed surface detention for the site is unacceptable given the risk of flows discharging to the surrounding land or infrastructure. A suitable detention strategy (detention tank, rank water tank) for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one percent (1%) Annual Exceedance Probability defined flood event must be submitted to Council with the submission of the Operational Works application.
- 6.6 Overland flow paths must be wholly contained within a Council easement, with a minimum width of three (3) metres.

- 6.7 Overland flow must not be diverted or redirected from its natural path and must be retained along its natural alignment. Overland flow through the development site must flow naturally.
- 6.8 Concentrated overland flow onto or aggravate flooding within, adjacent properties is not approved.
- 6.9 The development must not affect the overland flow capacity, flow characteristics and storage capacity.
- 6.10 An appropriate blockage factor in accordance with *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual* must be considered in the design of the inlet and outlet of the overland flow path.

7.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the site.
- 7.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 7.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.

8.0 SITE WORKS

- 8.1 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standards*, *AS3798* "Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments".
- 8.2 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

9.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 9.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 9.2 The existing dwelling on the subject land must be removed and/or demolished.
- 9.3 All external elements, such as air conditioners must be adequately screened from public view to Council's satisfaction.
- 9.4 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".
- 9.5 All windows facing onto the adjoining residential properties must be properly glazed or screened to not intrude on the privacy of residents.
- 9.6 The site must be fenced in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 9.7 All units must be provided with open-air clothes drying facilities and the facilities must be screened from public view.
- 9.8 All waste storage areas must be aesthetically screened from any frontage or adjoining property.
- 9.9 All building works must be undertaken in accordance with Council's *Building Over/Adjacent* to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy and any permit obtained in respect of this policy.

- 9.10 The finished floor level of all the buildings must be a minimum of 500 millimetres above a one percent (1%) Annual Exceedance Probability flood inundation level calculated for detention storage area and over land flow.
- 9.11 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008* and must be:
 - 9.11.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 9.11.2 surrounded by at least a prompt 1.8 metre high fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;
 - 9.11.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate all bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 9.11.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 9.11.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer and fitted with an approved stormwater diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act*.
 - 9.11.6 Waste and Recycling Bins for Units 1 to 4 must be collected on Tuesday and for Units 5 to 9 must be collected on Thursday.

10.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 10.1 Landscaping must be established generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 10.2 All landscaping must predominantly contain plant species that are locally native to the Central Queensland region due to their low water dependency.
- 10.3 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage infrastructure. Small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.
- 10.4 The landscaped areas must be subject to an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme (if necessary).

11.0 <u>ELECTRICITY</u> AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS

- 11.1 Underground electricity and telecommunication connections must be provided to the proposed development to the standards of the relevant authorities.
- 11.2 Evidence that the development is provided with electricity and telecommunications services from the relevant service provider must be provided to Council, prior to the commencement of the use.

12.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 12.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be at full cost to the Developer.
- 12.2 Any damage to existing water supply or sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land, pathway, roads, kerb and channel and stormwater gullies and drainage lines) which may occur during any works carried out in association with the approved development must be repaired. This must include the reinstatement of the existing traffic signs and pavement markings which may have been removed.
- 12.3 'As constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Manual for Submission of Digital As Constructed Information.

13.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 13.1 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan in accordance with the Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines, must be:
 - implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 13.1.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

14.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 14.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the site. No storage of materials, parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles will be permitted in Card Street.
- 14.2 All waste must be stored within a waste storage area. The owner of the land must ensure that:
 - 14.2.1 the area is kept in a clean and tidy condition;
 - 14.2.2 fences and screens are maintained;
 - 14.2.3 no waste material is stored external to the waste storage area/s; and
 - 14.2.4 the area is maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation* 2008.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal Cultural Heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal Cultural Heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Multicultural Affairs website: www.datsima.gld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the property during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—(i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or(ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that— (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
 (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision;
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
	-	(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the	A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
	concurrence agency	the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application	

2. Change applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge –

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
- (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
		(if any)	(if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
1 For a development	1 For a development	1 The applicant	Another eligible
application—an	application—the	2 If the appeal is about	submitter for the
eligible submitter for	assessment	a concurrence	application
the development	manager	agency's referral	
application	2 For a change	response—the	
2 For a change	application—the	concurrence agency	
application—an	responsible entity		
eligible submitter for			

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
the change			
application			

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-

5. Registered premises

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.

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Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval

- 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under—
- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A person who received,	The person who made	-	-
or was entitled to	the decision		
receive, notice of the			
decision			

4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act

An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A person who was	The local government	-	-
entitled to receive,	to which the		
notice of the decision	application was made		