



Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/55-2025	Contact:	Sophie Muggeridge
Notice Date:	22 July 2025	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	S Krulic C/- Gideon Town Planning		
Postal address:	PO BOX 450 ROCKHAMPTON CITY QLD 4700		
Phone no:	07 4806 6959	Mobile no:	N/A
Email:	info@gideontownplanning.com.au		

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 31 March 2025 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for Indoor Sport and Recreation (Gym) and Advertising Devices (Wall Sign and Freestanding Sign)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	56-66 Musgrave Street, Berserker
Real property description:	Lot 8 and 9 on RP603466 and Lot 2 on SP335282

Dear S Krulic

I advise that, on 18 July 2025 the above development application was:

☒ approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - Material change of use	☒	☐

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	<i>Road Works</i> <i>Access and Parking Works</i> <i>Stormwater Works</i> <i>Site Works</i> <i>Roof and Allotment Drainage Works</i>
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES - NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Material Change of Use:

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Prepared by</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version/ Issue</u>
Existing and Proposed Site Plan	Designelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-01	-
Proposed Floor Plan	Designelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-02	-
Elevations	Designelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-03	-
Landscaping Pan	Designelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-04	-
Stormwater Management Plan	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	6 February 2025	R016-24-25	A
Traffic Impact Assessment	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	26 May 2025	R016-24-25	B

Operational Works:

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Prepared by</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version/ Issue</u>
Signage Plan	Dezignelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-05	-
3D Views	Dezignelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-06	-

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the *Planning Act*)

The development approval lapses at the end of the following periods:

- For any part of the development approval relating to a material change of use – if the change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached; and
- For any other part of the development approval – if the development does not substantially start within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development

Material Change of Use for Indoor Sport and Recreation (Gym) and Advertising Devices (Wall Sign and Freestanding Sign)	
Reasons for Decision	
a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.	
Assessment Benchmarks	
The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks: • Local Government Infrastructure Plan; • Specialised Centre Zone Code; • Access, Parking and Transport Code; • Landscape Code; • Stormwater Management Code; • Waste Management Code; • Water and Sewer Code; and • Advertising Devices Code.	
Compliance with assessment benchmarks	
The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.	
Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark
Specialised Centre Zone	Performance Outcome (PO) 6 The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 6.1 and 6.2 because the proposed building is significantly setback from Musgrave Street and no awnings are proposed where AO 6.1 and 6.2 require buildings along Musgrave Street to be built to boundary and designed with awnings. Although the development site is located on Musgrave Street and within the Musgrave Street Precinct, it is not considered to be within the main thoroughfare being the State Controlled Road hierarchy of Musgrave Street. The development site is positioned along the Minor Urban Collector portion of Musgrave Street that is located across from Queen Elizabeth Drive which is deemed the main thoroughfare road. This negates the requirement for the building to be designed at street level with awnings. The alternative outcome proposed is consistent with the surrounding built form along the Minor Urban Collector portion of Musgrave Street, with all other buildings setback from the road frontage. The non-compliance with AO6.1 and 6.2 and corresponding Performance Outcome is considered a low-level conflict and on balance the proposed development generally complies with the remainder of the Assessment Benchmarks.

	Performance Outcome (PO) 11 The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 11.2 because a 1.5 metre landscape buffer is proposed along the eastern property boundary where AO11.2 requires a minimum landscape buffer width of three (3) metres. The alternative outcome is designed and located to ensure adverse impacts on privacy and amenity of the adjoining residential zone is minimised because: • The proposed building is setback three (3) metres from the property boundary along with the reduced landscape buffer of 1.5 metres. This will allow the landscaped areas to be appropriately maintained. • A 1.8-metre high solid fence has been conditioned to reduce noise impacts generated by the development along with a condition to limit the outdoor activities from 5am to 8pm daily; and • The landscape buffer has been conditioned to provide plantings with a minimum height of two (2) metres to assist in reducing the amenity impacts for the adjoining sensitive land uses and provide an additional canopy over and above the acoustic fence. Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 11.
Access, Parking and Transport Code	Performance Outcome (PO) 5 The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 5.1.1 because a reduced number of 94 vehicle parking spaces will be provided where AO5.1.1 requires parking to be in accordance with table 9.3.1.3.2 of the Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme. Despite this, the 94 vehicle parking spaces is considered sufficient to meet the demand generated by the onsite activities (Gym) because of the transient nature. Vehicles will likely access the site for short periods of time etc. training/workouts or scheduled classes, generally up to one (1) hour periods or less. Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 5.
Advertising Devices Code	Performance Outcome (PO) 1 The proposed development does not comply in part with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 1.2 because the proposed freestanding sign and wall sign do not wholly meet the sign specific outcomes stipulated under table 9.3.2.3.2 of the Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme: • The proposed freestanding sign does not achieve the prescribed property boundary setbacks. Despite this, the sign is of a consistent size and dimension for the zone; and • The proposed wall sign projects 1.3 metres from the building wall which is above the 0.2 metre requirement. Despite this, the wall sign contributes to the articulation of the proposed building and allows for the sign to be visible from the road frontage. The proposed advertising devices do not adversely impact the visual amenity or character of the area. Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 1.
Relevant Matters	
Not applicable to an assessable development application subject to code assessment.	
Matters prescribed by regulation	
• The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 5); and	

- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: **Amanda O'Mara**
COORDINATOR
DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

Signature:



Date: 22 July 2025

Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016*, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights

Material Change of Use Conditions

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
- 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,
- unless otherwise stated.
- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
- 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Stormwater Works;
 - (iv) Roof and Allotment Drainage; and
 - (v) Site Works.
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standards and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 Lot 2 on SP335282, Lot 8 on RP603466 and Lot 9 on RP603466 must be amalgamated and registered as one lot prior to the commencement of the use.
- 1.10 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Prepared by</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version/ Issue</u>
Existing and Proposed Site Plan	Designlements	March 2025	24_161 / S-01	-
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Traffic Impact Assessment	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	26 May 2025	R016-24-25	B

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 ROAD WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (Road Works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works required by this development approval.
- 3.2 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, relevant Australian Standards and Austroads Guidelines and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).
- 3.3 The existing concrete pathway located within the eastern side of Musgrave Street must be extended for the full frontage of the development site.
- 3.4 All pathways and access ramps must be designed and constructed in accordance with "Australian Standard AS1428 *Design for access and mobility*".
- 3.5 All pathways must incorporate kerb ramps at all road crossing points.

4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (Access and Parking Works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All access, car parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be concrete paved or asphalt sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.4 Appropriate signage must be provided at the northern driveway to restrict the egress movement from this driveway.
- 4.5 Appropriate signage must be provided at the southern driveway to restrict the ingress movement from this driveway.
- 4.6 Suitable traffic management measures / treatments must be installed / implemented at the southern driveway to prohibit right-turn exits, ensuring safe and efficient traffic flow. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).

Note: Treatment measures may be driveway configuration, signage, double line marking etc.

- 4.7 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.8 Any redundant vehicular crossovers must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.9 A minimum of ninety-four (94) parking spaces must be provided on-site. This must include an appropriate number of universal access parking spaces.
- 4.10 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities"*.
- 4.11 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.12 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.13 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities – Off-street car parking"*.
- 4.14 Signage and pavement markings must be installed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"*.
- 4.15 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 4.16 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.

5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 5.2 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 5.3 The existing sewerage connection point can be reused or retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development.
- 5.4 The existing water connection point can be reused or retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development. Alternatively, a new water connection point must be provided for the proposed development from the existing infrastructure located within eastern side of Musgrave Street.
- 5.5 One connection point must be provided for sewer and water and all other connection points within the development site must be capped off.
- 5.6 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 5.7 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.8 The finished sewerage access chamber surface must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber. A heavy-duty trafficable lid must be provided in the trafficable area.
- 5.9 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.

6.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (Stormwater Works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 6.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) subject to ensuring compliance and any alterations required by the

Environmental Protection Act 1992, Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).

- 6.3 All stormwater must drain to a lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 6.5 All mitigated post-development minor stormwater runoff must be discharged to the existing 1200-millimetre diameter stormwater main located within the western side of Musgrave Street, fronting the development site.

- 6.5.1 Access chamber must be constructed over the stormwater main to allow for a connection point.

Note: A backflow prevention device may require to be incorporated into the proposed drainage system to ensure flood water does not flow back into the car park during a flood event.

- 6.6 The installation of gross pollutant traps must be in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and all maintenance of the proposed gross pollutant traps must be the responsibility of the property owner or body corporate (if applicable).
- 6.7 All proprietary stormwater quality treatment devices must be routinely checked, serviced and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Records of all maintenance activities undertaken must be kept and made available to Council upon request. Where replacement cartridges or other necessary components for the system become unavailable, an alternative system approved by Council, is required to be retrofitted into the development to achieve an equivalent pollutant reduction outcome. All maintenance cost must be borne by the site owner/operator.
- 6.8 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems including retention systems, inlet and outlet structures, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.

7.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (Roof and Allotment Drainage Works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 7.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 7.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.

8.0 SITE WORKS

- 8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (Site Works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 8.2 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments"*.
- 8.3 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 8.4 Any earthworks / improvement proposed at southwestern corner of the development site, located within one (1) percent Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) Fitzroy River inundation extent area, must not create any actionable nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

9.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 9.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 9.2 All building works must be undertaken in accordance with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4 for building over or near relevant infrastructure*.
- 9.3 Any building plant must be screened from view of the street by one or more of the following:
- 9.3.1 a solid screen fence, or
 - 9.3.2 a roof design feature; or
 - 9.3.3 a wall; or
 - 9.3.4 dense vegetation; or
 - 9.3.5 be located within, underneath or central to the building so as to not be visible from the street.
- 9.4 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 9.5 A minimum 1.8 metre high solid screen fence must be erected along the common boundary of the subject development site and any adjoining residential properties.
- 9.6 All windows facing the adjoining residential properties must be properly glazed or screened to not intrude on the privacy of residents.
- 9.7 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019* and must be:
- 9.7.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 9.7.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8-metre-high screen fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;
 - 9.7.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate bins (waste and recycle) and clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 9.7.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 9.7.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.
- Note: As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.
- 10.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS
- 10.1 Landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use in all areas shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 10.2 Landscaping must be designed in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS 1428 — Design for access and mobility*.
- 10.3 Planting types used within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must include either trees, shrubs or groundcovers, or any combination of these planting types. These plantings must be established and maintained generally at the following density rates:
- 10.3.1 trees at five (5) metre intervals;
 - 10.3.2 shrubs at two (2) metre intervals; and
 - 10.3.3 groundcovers at one (1) metre intervals.
- 10.4 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency and must comply with the following requirements:
- 10.4.1 Plant species are chosen from sources recommended in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 – Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*; and

- 10.4.2 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 – Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*.
- 10.5 Shade trees must comply with the following requirements:
 - 10.5.1 Be planted clear of services and utilities;
 - 10.5.2 Be planted clear of park furniture and embellishments;
 - 10.5.3 Not obstruct pedestrian or bicycle traffic; and
 - 10.5.4 Comply with crime prevention through environmental design principles.
- 10.6 Shade trees within car parking areas are to be provided and planted within a deep natural ground/structured soil garden bed/island/bay and are protected by wheel stops or bollards as required.
- 10.7 Each shade tree has a clean trunk with a minimum height of two (2) metres and must be provided within the car park in all areas shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 10.8 Root control barriers must be installed where invasive roots may cause damage to car parking areas, pedestrian paths and road carriageways.
- 10.9 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.
- 10.10 A landscape buffer with a minimum width of 1.5 metres and consisting of plants with a minimum height of two (2) metres must be provided along the full length of all boundaries shared with a residential zone.
- 10.11 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
 - 10.11.1 obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice' series of publications;
 - 10.11.2 adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
 - 10.11.3 adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 10.12 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 10.12.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 10.12.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 11.0 ELECTRICITY
- 11.1 Electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 12.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS
- 12.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 13.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 13.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 13.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 13.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).
- 14.0 ENVIRONMENTAL
- 14.1 The Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared and certified by suitably qualified person (Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control or Registered Soil

Practitioner – Erosion and Sediment Control or Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland), with appropriate knowledge and experience in erosion and sediment control design and implementation, in accordance with the *State Planning Policy 2017*, *International Erosion Control Association Best Practice Guidelines* and *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines* requirements, must be:

- 14.1.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 14.1.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.
- 15.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
- 15.1 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.
- 15.2 When requested by Council, noise monitoring must be undertaken and recorded within three (3) months, to investigate any genuine complaint of nuisance caused by noise. The monitoring data, an analysis of the data and a report, including noise mitigation measures, must be provided Council within fourteen (14) days of the completion of the investigation. Council will require any noise mitigation measures identified in the assessment to be implemented within appropriate timeframes. Noise measurements must be compared with the acoustic quality objectives specified in the most recent edition of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy*.
- 16.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES
- 16.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Musgrave Street, Edwin Street and MacFarlane Street.
- 16.2 Any boundary fencing proposed along the south and west corner of the development site (located within the North Rockhampton Flood Management Areas) must be designed and constructed to allow flood waters to evenly disperse and must not create any actionable nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 16.3 All outdoor activities are limited to 0500 hours to 2000 hours Monday to Sunday.
- 16.4 All waste storage areas must be:
- 16.4.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 16.4.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019*.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Women, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships and Multiculturalism website <https://www.tatsipca.qld.gov.au>

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 3. Licensable Activities

Should an activity licensable by Rockhampton Regional Council be proposed for the development site, Council's Environment and Public Health Unit must be consulted to determine whether any approvals are required. Such activities may include food preparation. Approval for such activities is required before 'fit out' and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety of Public During Construction

The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

NOTE 6. Rating Category

Please note, a Material Change of Use approval may result in an adjustment to a property's rating category. Please contact Council's Rates Department should you require further information.

NOTE 7. Default Noise Standard for Indoor Venues

Under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* there is a default noise standard for indoor venues. It states that the activity must not use or permit the use:

- a) Before 7am on any day, if the noise is audible; or
- b) From 7am to 10pm on any day, if the noise is more than 5 dB(A) above background; or
- c) From 10pm to midnight, if the noise is more than 3 dB(A) above the background level.

NOTE 8. Clearing within Road Reserve

Council approval must be obtained at Operational Works stage prior to the removal of or interference with street trees located on Council land including within Council road reserve.

Operational Works Conditions

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role of the Council may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions of this approval must be undertaken and completed to the satisfaction of Council, at no cost to Council.
- 1.4 The following further development permits are required prior to the commencement of any works on the site:
 - 1.4.1 Building Works.
- 1.5 Unless otherwise stated, all works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 The approved advertising device must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this permit.

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Prepared by</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version/ Issue</u>
Signage Plan	Dezignelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-05	-
3D Views	Dezignelements	March 2025	24_161 / S-06	-

- 2.2 A set of the above approved plans are returned to you as the Consultant. The Consultant is to supply one (1) Approved set to the contractor to be retained on site at all times during construction.
- 2.3 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of approval must prevail.
- 3.0 OPERATING PROCEDURE

- 3.1 All advertising devices must only display or advertise a matter associated with the primary purpose for which the premises are used, or the purpose stated in this approval.
- 3.2 All text and images displayed on the approved advertising device:
 - 3.2.1 must be static;
 - 3.2.2 must not imitate a traffic control device, move contrary to any traffic control device or include traffic instructions (for example 'stop'); and
 - 3.2.3 must not involve moving parts or flashing lights.
- 3.3 Any lighting devices associated with the advertising device, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents or motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with '*Australian Standard AS4282 – Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting*' and '*Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA) Guidelines: Lighting in the vicinity of aerodromes: Advice to lighting designers*'.
- 4.0 BUILDING WORKS
- 4.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 5.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 5.1 Any damage to, or alterations necessary, to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, stormwater drains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken immediately, at no cost to Council, and completed within the following timeframes:
 - 5.1.1 where damage causes a hazard to pedestrian/traffic safety or interrupts a community service, immediately; or
 - 5.1.2 as soon as reasonably possible as agreed with Council.
- 6.0 ADVERTISING DEVICE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE
- 6.1 Council reserves the right for uninterrupted access to the site at all times during construction.
- 6.2 All Construction work and other associated activities are permitted only between 0630 hours and 1800 hours Monday to Saturday. No work is permitted on Sundays or public holidays. All requirements of the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019* must be observed at all times, unless otherwise approved by Council in writing.
- 6.3 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the site.
- 6.4 Any proposed works within the vicinity (or zone of influence) of existing Council infrastructure will not adversely affect the integrity of the infrastructure. Any restoration works required on existing Council infrastructure as a result of proposed works will be at the developer's expense.
- 6.5 The signs must be designed and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland and constructed in accordance with the requirements of the *Queensland Development Code* and the *Building Code of Australia*.
- 6.6 All conduits, wiring, switches or other control apparatus installed on an Advertising Device must be concealed from general view, with control apparatus secured in a manner to prevent unauthorised entry and display setting tampering.
- 6.7 All electrical services and systems must comply with *Australian and New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 3000:2007 – "Electrical Installations"*.
- 6.8 All advertising devices must be maintained at all times on the premises by the owner of the premises to the same standard as it was when it was installed, and be maintained in a safe, clean, condition that does not adversely impact the visual amenity

ADVISORY NOTES

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The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016*
(Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
 - (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
 - (3) The **appeal period** is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
- Note—
See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
 - (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
 - (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
 - (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
 - (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— **decision** includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1

Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to—
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
1. Development applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
		agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
2. Change applications An appeal may be made against— (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application
3. Extension applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
4. Infrastructure charges notices An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds a) The notice involved an error relating to – (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge – - The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development - Applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or (ii) An offset or refund; or b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund; or d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
5. Conversion applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
1. Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of— (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or (b) jurisdictional error.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
2. Eligible submitter appeals An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to— (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
4. Compensation claims An appeal may be made against— (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises			

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about— (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or (b) the erection of a building or other structure.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only			
1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under— (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only			
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-