



Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/46-2020	Contact:	Thomas Gardiner
Notice Date:	10 December 2020	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Lesdel Pty Ltd		
Postal address:	C/- Rufus Design Group Pty Ltd – Dale Webb		
Phone no:	Mobile no:	Email:	

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 24 April 2020 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for Hardware and Trade Supplies (extension), Boundary Realignment and Reconfiguring of Lot (11 lots into 2 lots)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	63 to 69 High Street, and 64 and 66 Seigle Street, Berserker
Real property description:	Lots 4-5 on PL4011, Lots 31 and 33 on RP607137, Lots 2 and 3 on RP617326, Lot 25 and Lots 27-30 on RP603411, Parish of Archer

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Lesdel Pty Ltd Tte,
Postal address:	
Dear Lesdel Pty Ltd	
I advise that, on 9 December 2020 the above development application was:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)	
*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.	

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - Material change of use - Reconfiguring a lot	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	<p>Access and Parking Works</p> <p>Stormwater Works</p> <p>Roof and Allotment Drainage</p> <p>Sewerage Works</p>
Plumbing and Drainage Works	
Building Works	

4. SUBMISSIONS

NIL

5. REFERRAL AGENCIES

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

INFRASTRUCTURE-RELATED REFERRALS (Electricity Infrastructure)			
<i>Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 2, Table 2 – Material change of use of premises near a substation site or subject to an easement</i>			
<p>Development application for a material change of use that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument and does not relate to reconfiguring a lot, if—</p> <p>(a) all or part of the premises are within 100m of a substation site; or</p> <p>(b) both of the following apply—</p> <p>(i) all or part of the premises are subject to an easement for the benefit of a distribution entity, or transmission entity, under the Electricity Act;</p> <p>(ii) the easement is for a transmission grid or supply network</p>	<p>The chief executive of the distribution entity or transmission entity:</p> <p>Ergon Energy</p>	<p>Advice</p>	<p><u>Postal:</u></p> <p>Ergon Energy (Town Planning)</p> <p>PO Box 1090</p> <p>Townsville Qld</p> <p><u>Email:</u></p> <p>townplanning@ergon.com.au</p>
STATE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE (State Transport Corridors and Future State Transport Corridors)			
<i>Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 2, Table 4 – Material change of use of premises near a State transport corridor or that is a future State transport corridor</i>			
<p>Development application for a material change of use, other than an excluded material change of use, that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument, if all or part of the premises—</p> <p>(a) are within 25m of a State transport corridor; or</p> <p>(b) are a future State transport corridor; or</p> <p>(c) are—</p> <p>(i) adjacent to a road that intersects with a</p>	<p>The chief executive of the department in which the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> is administered:</p> <p>Department of</p>	<p>Concurrence</p>	<p><u>In person:</u></p> <p>Level 2, 209 Bolsover Street, Rockhampton City</p> <p><u>Online lodgement using MyDAS2:</u></p> <p>https://prod2.dev-assess.qld.gov.au/suite/</p> <p><u>Email:</u></p> <p>RockhamptonSARA@ds</p>

State-controlled road; and (ii) within 100m of the intersection	State Development, Tourism and Innovation		dmip.qld.gov.au Postal: PO Box 113 Rockhampton Qld 4700
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6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Rev
Reconfiguration Plan	Capricorn Survey Group CQ	27 August 2020	7648-10-ROL	A
Site Plan	Rufus Design Group	21 April 2020	190605-01	C
Portal Frame Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-03	A
Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-04	A
Floor Plan with Racking	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-05	A
Elevations	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-06	A
Slab Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-07	A
Roof Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-08	A
Sections	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-09	A
Reflected Ceiling Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-10	A
Electrical & Lighting Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-11	A
Proposed Sewer Diversion Layout and Detail	Dileigh Civil/Structural Design & Project Management	22 October 2020	D20.090-01	C
Stormwater Management Report	Dileigh Civil/Structural Design & Project Management	20 April 2020	D20.090	01

7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the *Planning Act*)

The standard currency periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 2016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for a Material Change of Use for Hardware and Trade Supplies (extension), Boundary Realignment and Reconfiguring a Lot (11 lots into 2 lots)
Reasons for Decision	<p>a) The proposed use does not compromise the strategic framework in the <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015</i>;</p> <p>b) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity;</p> <p>c) On balance, the application should be approved because the</p>

	<p>circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.</p>	
Assessment Benchmarks	<p>The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specialised Centre Zone Code; • Access, Parking And Transport Code; • Filling and Excavation Code; • Landscape Code; • Reconfiguring a Lot Code; • Stormwater Management Code; • Waste Management Code; and • Water and Sewer Code. 	
Compliance with assessment benchmarks	<p>The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.</p>	
	Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark
	<p>Specialised Centre Zone Code (PO1)</p>	<p>The new buildings proposed as part of the expansion are not built to the street, which does not comply with AO1.1.</p> <p>The existing building (located on Lots 4 and 5 on PL4011), is built to the High Street road frontage. This façade provides a pedestrian entry point to customers from the primary street frontage (High Street), as well as connections to the existing pedestrian footpath. While the extension to this existing building (subject of the development application), is located immediately behind the existing building and does not contribute to the High Street streetscape, the development is considered to comply with the Performance Outcome by virtue of the siting of the existing building which is built to the High Street road frontage.</p> <p>Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with this Performance Outcome.</p>
(PO28)	<p>The proposed development incorporates car parking areas fronting High Street and Seigle Street which do not make provision for shade trees. This will consequently cause the creation of heat islands on the subject site.</p> <p>The formation of the proposed car parking area was necessary to comply with the requirements of the Access, Parking and Transport Code – relating to the provision of on-site car parking spaces. While the car parking areas do not incorporate shade trees, the potential heat islands are not expected to increase energy consumption</p>	

		<p>relating to cooling buildings. Further, given the scale of the car parking area, it is not anticipated that there will be a significant increase in emissions of air pollutants or greenhouse gas emissions as a result of the heat islands.</p> <p>Therefore, while the proposed development does not wholly comply with the Performance Outcome, it is considered to be appropriately justified.</p>
	Landscape Code (PO2)	<p>The proposed development does not incorporate shade trees in landscaped areas, car parking areas or the road verge (on High Street or Seigle Street).</p> <p>Appropriate shading is present on High Street with the existing awning providing shade for pedestrians accessing the site from this street. Therefore, incorporating additional shade trees in the road verge on High Street is not considered necessary. While the proposed development gains access from Seigle Street, it is not considered necessary to provide for shade trees on this road verge as there is no pedestrian connectivity on the Seigle Street road reserve.</p> <p>While the car parking areas do not incorporate shade trees, the potential heat islands are not expected to increase energy consumption relating to cooling buildings. Further, given the scale of the car parking area, it is not anticipated that there will be a significant increase in emissions of air pollutants or greenhouse gas emissions as a result of the heat islands.</p> <p>Therefore, while the proposed development does not wholly comply with the Performance Outcome, it is considered to be appropriately justified.</p>
Matters prescribed by regulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015</i> (version 2.1); and • The common material, being the material submitted with the application. 	
Description of the development	<p>The proposed development is for a Material Change of Use for a Hardware and Trade Supplies (extension), Reconfiguring a Lot (Boundary Realignment) and Reconfiguring of Lot (11 lots into 2 lots)</p>	

9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Tarnya Fitzgibbon COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT	Signature:	Date: 10 December 2020
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C/C Queensland Treasury (State Assessment and Referral Agency Department) - RockhamptonSARA@dsdmip.qld.gov.au

Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016*, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Part 2 – Conditions required by the referral agency response

Attachment 2 – Extract on appeal rights

PART A – RECONFIGURING A LOT

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and his employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to “Council” in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
- 1.3.1 to Council’s satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.6 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Rev
Reconfiguration Plan	Capricorn Survey Group CQ	27 August 2020	7648-10-ROL	A

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.

3.0 ACCESS WORKS

- 3.1 Access easement must be registered over proposed Lot 2 in accordance with the approved plans (see condition 2.1) in favour of Lot 1 to allow uninterrupted two-way vehicular movements from the Seigle Street and High Street road frontages.

4.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 4.1 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated water and sewerage network. Each lot must be provided with its own separate water and sewerage connection point, located wholly within its respective property boundary.
- 4.2 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service proposed Lots 1 and 2.
- 4.3 Any redundant water and sewerage connection point(s) must be disconnected.
- 4.4 The internal Plumbing and Sanitary Drainage of the existing buildings located within proposed Lots 1 and 2, must be contained within the lot it serves.
- 4.5 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.

5.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 5.1 A drainage easement with a minimum width of three (3) metres must be provided over the existing 300mm x 150mm RCBC stormwater main that traverses the site. The easement must be registered in favour of the Council and must be centrally located over the infrastructure.

6.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 6.1 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines* and sound engineering practice.
- 6.2 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 6.3 A service easement with a minimum width of three (3) metres must be provided over any private stormwater drainage infrastructure(s) located within proposed Lot 1 that services roof and allotment drainage from proposed Lot 2. The private easement must be registered in favour of proposed Lot 2 and must be centrally located over the private stormwater drainage infrastructure.

7.0 ELECTRICITY

- 7.1 Electricity services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

8.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS

- 8.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

9.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 9.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 9.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

10.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 10.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within High Street or Seigle Street.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Multicultural Affairs website www.datsima.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 3. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

PART B – MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE

10.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 10.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 10.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 10.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
- 10.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 10.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 10.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,
- unless otherwise stated.
- 10.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 10.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
- 10.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Access and Parking Works;
 - (ii) Stormwater Works;
 - (iii) Roof and Allotment Drainage;

(iv) Sewerage Works;

10.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and

10.5.3 Building Works.

10.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.

10.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.

10.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

10.9 Lots 4 and 5 on PL4011, Lots 31 and 33 on RP607137, Lots 2 and 3 on RP617326 and Lots 25, and 27 to 30 on RP603411 must be amalgamated and registered as two (2) lots prior to the commencement of the use, in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).

11.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

11.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Rev
Site Plan	Rufus Design Group	21 April 2020	190605-01	C
Portal Frame Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-03	A
Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-04	A
Floor Plan with Racking	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-05	A
Elevations	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-06	A
Slab Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-07	A
Roof Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-08	A
Sections	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-09	A
Reflected Ceiling Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-10	A
Electrical & Lighting Plan	Rufus Design Group	29 January 2020	190605-11	A
Proposed Sewer Diversion Layout and Detail	Dileigh Civil/Structural Design & Project Management	22 October 2020	D20.090-01	C
Stormwater Management Report	Dileigh Civil/Structural Design & Project Management	20 April 2020	D20.090	01

- 11.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 11.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 12.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS
- 12.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 12.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 12.3 All access, parking (including temporary parking) and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be concrete paved or sealed to the satisfaction of Council.
- 12.4 All vehicular access to proposed Lot 1 from High Street must be entry only. Appropriate signage must be installed on the approach and departure sides of the access.
- 12.5 The existing vehicular access to proposed Lot 2 from High Street must be removed and replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 12.6 The existing eastern vehicular access to proposed Lot 1 from High Street must be upgraded to comply with the requirements of the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*.
- 12.7 Service and delivery vehicles, including refuse collection vehicles must access to and from the development site via Seigle Street only.
- 12.8 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 12.9 A minimum of eight (8) additional parking spaces must be provided on-site.
- 12.10 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities"*.
- 12.11 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 11.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 12.12 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 12.13 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities – Off-street car parking"*.
- 12.14 Heavy rigid vehicles or smaller must be used to supply and remove goods or services to and from the development site.
- 13.0 SEWERAGE WORKS
- 13.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any sewerage works on the development site.
- 13.2 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works).

- 13.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network.
- 13.4 The existing sewerage infrastructure that traverses the development site (proposed Lot 1) must be diverted in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1). The diversion must include the following:
- 13.4.1 installation of an access chamber over the sewerage main external to the building, adjacent to the western boundary of proposed Lot 1;
 - 13.4.2 construct 150 millimetre diameter sewerage main from access chamber and run along western boundary and terminate with lamphole;
 - 13.4.3 a new house connection must be provided to Lot 3 on RP601282; and
 - 13.4.4 existing access chamber located under the building within proposed Lot 1 must be converted to a house connection point (jump up).

Note: Works with live sewer to be completed by Fitzroy River Water under a Private Works Quotation.

- 13.5 The finished sewerage access chamber or lamphole surface must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber. A heavy duty trafficable lid must be provided in the trafficable area.
- 13.6 Sewer connections located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.

14.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 14.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the construction of new structures on the development site.
- 14.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 14.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.
- 14.4 The internal sanitary drainage of the existing building located within Lot 3 on RP601282 (63 Seigle Street) must be relocated to connect to the new connection point which is to be provided in accordance with condition 13.4 and the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1).
- 14.5 The existing water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development.
- 14.6 Water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 14.7 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building and Lot 3 on RP601282 (63 Seigle Street) must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.

15.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 15.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 15.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 15.3 All stormwater must drain to a lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.

- 15.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 15.5 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by an updated Stormwater Management Report, prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland that as a minimum includes:
- 15.5.1 identification of drainage catchment and drainage sub-catchment areas for the pre-development and post-development scenarios including a suitably scaled stormwater master plan showing the aforementioned catchment details and lawful point(s) of discharge that comply with the requirements of the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*;
 - 15.5.2 demonstration of how major design storm flows are conveyed through the subject development to a lawful point of discharge in accordance with the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual* and the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*;
 - 15.5.3 identification and modifications to existing drainage systems (including inter-allotment or private drainage system) required to appropriately and adequately manage stormwater collection and discharge from the proposed development;
 - 15.5.4 detailed engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.
- 15.6 The existing grated drain over the 300mm x 150mm RCBC stormwater main must be upgraded to a heavy duty trafficable grate.
- 16.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS
- 16.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 16.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 16.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 16.4 A service easement with a minimum width of three (3) metres must be provided over any private roof and allotment drainage infrastructure(s) located within proposed Lot 2 that services roof and allotment drainage from proposed Lot 1. The private easement must be registered in favour of proposed Lot 1 and must be centrally located over the private stormwater drainage infrastructure.
- 17.0 SITE WORKS
- 17.1 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 17.2 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standards, AS3798 "Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments"*.
- 18.0 BUILDING WORKS
- 18.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for the construction of new structures on the development site.
- 18.2 All works must be undertaken in accordance with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4 "Building over or near relevant infrastructure."*

- 18.3 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 11.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008* and must be:
- 18.3.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 18.3.2 screened so as not to be visible from a public space;
 - 18.3.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 18.3.4 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer and fitted with an approved stormwater diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.
- As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.
- 18.4 A Development Permit for Operational Works (Advertising device) must be submitted for approval by Council for the existing signage; other than those that are exempt or self-assessable under the applicable Advertising Devices Code in the Council Planning Scheme.
- 19.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 19.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 19.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 20.0 ENVIRONMENTAL
- 20.1 The Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be:
- 20.1.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 20.1.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.
- 21.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
- 21.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 21.2 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.
- 21.3 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, odour, noise or dust.
- 21.4 No contaminants are permitted to be released to land or water, including soil, silt, oils, detergents, etcetera. Any wash-down areas used for the maintenance or cleaning of

equipment (including vehicles) must be appropriately bunded and drained to the sewer network in accordance with a trade waste permit. All chemicals and/or environmentally hazardous liquids must be contained within a covered, bunded storage area that has a volume of at least that of the largest container in the bund plus twenty-five percent (25%) of the total storage capacity.

21.5 An appropriate spill kit must be kept on-site for neutralising or decontaminating spills. The spill kit must be clearly identifiable, maintained regularly and stored in a central location that is easily accessible to employees. Staff must be adequately trained in the use of these materials. The spill kit may consist of:

21.5.1 a bin with a tight-fitting lid, partially filled with non-combustible absorbent material such as vermiculite;

21.5.2 a broom, shovel, face shield, chemically-resistant boots and gloves; and

21.5.3 waste bags and ties.

22.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

22.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within High Street or Seigle Street.

22.2 All waste storage areas must be:

22.2.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and

22.2.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008*.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 4. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website www.datsip.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 5. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 6. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 7. Infrastructure Charges Notice

Council has resolved not to issue an Infrastructure Charges Notice for this development because the new infrastructure charges arising from the development are less than the credits applicable for the new development.



Attachment 1 – Part 2
Referral Agency Conditions - Queensland
Treasury (State Assessment and Referral
Agency Department) *Planning Act 2016*

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
 - (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
 - (3) The **appeal period** is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
- Note—
See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
 - (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
 - (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
 - (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
 - (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— **decision** includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to—
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.

**Table 1
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal**

1. Development applications An appeal may be made against—			
(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or			
(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or			
(c) a provision of the development approval; or			
(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
		agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
<p>2. Change applications</p> <p>An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of a change application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application
<p>3. Extension applications</p> <p>An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

**Table 1
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal**

<p>4. Infrastructure charges notices An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds</p> <p>a) The notice involved an error relating to –</p> <p>(i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or</p> <p>Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development • Applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development <p>(i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or</p> <p>(ii) An offset or refund; or</p> <p>b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or</p> <p>c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund; or</p> <p>d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
<p>5. Conversion applications An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
<p>6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

<p>1. Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—</p> <p>(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or</p> <p>(b) jurisdictional error.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

<p>2. Eligible submitter appeals An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
<p>3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to— (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
<p>4. Compensation claims An appeal may be made against— (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
<p>5. Registered premises</p>			

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about— (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or (b) the erection of a building or other structure.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

**Table 3
Appeals to the tribunal only**

1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under— (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3			
Appeals to the tribunal only			
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
<p>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-