

Decision Notice Approval (negotiated)

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s76 Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/43-2023	Contact:	Lana Groves
Notice Date:	15 March 2024	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Terry Ma	ckie			
Postal address:	C/- Gideo	n Town Planning			
	PO BOX 4	PO BOX 450			
	ROCKHAMPTON QLD 4700				
Phone no:07 4806 6959	n/a	Mobile no: n/a	Email: info@gideontownplanning.com.au		

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 5 April 2023 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Reconfiguring a Lot (one lot into two lots)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	9 Ballard Street, Lakes Creek
Real property description:	Lot 106 on SP268493

Dear Terry Mackie,

I advise that, on 8 March 2024 the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition 1.6	Changed	8 March 2024
2)	Condition 3.1	Changed	8 March 2024
3)	Condition 3.4	Deleted	8 March 2024
4)	Condition 3.5	New	8 March 2024
5)	Condition 3.6	New	8 March 2024
6)	Condition 5.3	Deleted	8 March 2024

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Reconfiguring a lot		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Access Works Stormwater Works
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. **REFERRAL AGENCIES**

NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
Site Plan	Design & Architecture	12 December 2023	SK-002	Rev D
Location Plan	Design & Architecture	12 December 2023	SK-001	Rev D
Information Request Response Technical Memorandum	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	23076	-
Existing Site and Catchment Plan	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	SK01(1)	-
Proposed Stormwater Channel Plan	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	SK02(1)	-
Lot 2 Driveway Sight Distance Plan	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	SK03(1)	-

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

In accordance with section 85(1)(b)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act, is required to be given to a local government for approval is not given to the local government within four (4) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development

Reconfiguring a Lot (one lot into two lots)

Reasons for Decision

- a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and
- b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.

Assessment Benchmarks

The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Rural Residential Zone Code;
- Access, Parking and Transport Code;
- Filling and Excavation Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Reconfiguring a Lot Code;
- Stormwater Management Code;
- Water and Sewer Code;
- Biodiversity Overlay Code;
- Bushfire Hazard Overlay Code; and
- Steep Land Overlay.

Compliance with assessment benchmarks

The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.

Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark
Reconfiguring a Lot Code	Performance Outcome (PO) 7
	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome AO7.1 as Lot 1 does not meet the minimum road frontage width of 40 metres for lots located in the rural residential zone.
	Due to an identified overland flow path traversing the development site from the north-eastern corner to the southwest, the road frontage of proposed Lot 1 was reduced to ensure the entire channel and subsequent easement were located entirely within proposed Lot 2 and did not traverse adjoining lots. This resulted in a non-compliance for proposed Lot 1 with a reduced road frontage of 25.360 metres.
	Despite the non-compliance, proposed Lot 1 is occupied by an existing dwelling house, ancillary structures, and on-site septic system. The reduced road frontage width does not adversely affect the capacity of the site to facilitate the efficient development of the land for a rural residential purpose. Proposed Lot 1 well exceeds the minimum site area requirements by 1,031.8 square metres and has sufficient area to provide for appropriate buildings with adequate open space for

	landscaping, vehicle access, and onsite parking and infrastructure.
	On this basis, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO7.
	Performance Outcome (PO) 24 and 25
	The proposed development does not comply with (PO) 24 and 25 as no pedestrian paths or cycle ways are proposed, and no acceptable outcome is nominated.
	The reconfiguration does not propose any pedestrian and cycle paths that link the subject sites to open space networks, employment areas and community facilities.
	As the sites are located in the rural residential zone in the periphery suburb of Lakes Creek, it is not considered necessary based on the location and needs of the development that pedestrian and cycle networks are provided. Further to this, there are no existing pedestrian or cycle networks within the immediate or surrounding areas, therefore, restricting the capacity of the development to link to a pedestrian and cycle network.
	The non-compliance with PO 24 and 25 is considered a low-level conflict and on balance the proposed development complies with the remainder of the Assessment Benchmarks and is consistent with the Rural Residential Zone purpose.
Bushfire Hazard	Performance Outcome (PO) 4
Overlay Code	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 4.1 as no Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) has been provided by the applicant. The Bushfire Hazard Overlay Code requires developments located within high and very high bushfire hazard areas to achieve a BAL rating of less than 12.5.
	While the proposed development does not satisfy AO4.1, the reconfiguration is over an existing lot that is marginally affected by the very high bushfire hazard. Despite the subdivision creating an additional lot, the site area will not change or further expand into the very high bushfire hazard.
	Furthermore, Lot 1 will maintain the existing dwelling house and associated structures, which are located outside of the very high bushfire hazard and Lot 2 proposes a site area of 4351.4 square metres with sufficient scope located outside of the hazard for future development.
	On this basis, the proposed development is taken to comply with Performance Outcome (PO) 4 as it is considered to be compatible with the level of risk associated with the bushfire hazard.
	Performance Outcome (PO) 6
	The proposed development conflicts with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 6.1 as no Bushfire Attack Level has been provided that demonstrates the development is separated from hazardous vegetation that achieves a Bushfire Attack Level of 29 or less at all property boundaries.
	Despite the conflict, proposed Lots 1 and 2 are only marginally affected by the very high bushfire hazard overlay along the rear property boundary. Proposed Lot 1 will maintain the existing dwelling house and ancillary structures located approximately 38 metres from hazardous vegetation at the rear of the property. Proposed Lot 2 presents approximately 68 metres of the site from north-east to south-west that will be located outside of the very high bushfire hazard overlay and hazardous vegetation, therefore, providing sufficient site area for future buildings and structures to maintain a separation distance likely to achieve a Bushfire Attack Level of 29 or less.
	On this basis, the proposed reconfiguration is consistent with the purpose of the code as it is compatible with the level of risk associated with the bushfire hazard affecting the subject site.
	Performance Outcome (PO) 7
L	1

	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 7.1 as proposed Lots 1 and 2 are not separated from hazardous vegetation on adjoining Lots 114 and Lot 50 by a public road.
	The non-compliance can be justified as the site area immediately adjoining the rear property boundaries of proposed Lots 1 and 2 connecting the hazardous vegetation are approximately 80 percent void of vegetation with an approximate 11 metre deep cleared buffer area along the rear property boundary. Furthermore, proposed Lot 2 adjoins a privately owned freehold property on the right common boundary, restricting the capacity to separate Lot 2 from hazardous vegetation on the adjoining Lot 50 via a public road.
	Moreso, while Lots 1 and 2 are not separated from hazardous vegetation to the rear of the site, they are;
	 provided with a 24-metre-wide unformed, unnamed road reserve that connects via Dorly Street and Totteridge Street and is situated behind all property boundaries with a road frontage along Ballard Street;
	 have direct, unimpeded access to the sealed road of Ballard Street, enabling safe evacuation from the subject sites; and
	 located within 50 metres of a fire hydrant connected to the reticulated water network.
	Further to this, the reconfiguration proposes one (1) additional lot within the Rural Residential Zone, which is not anticipated to significantly increase the density of persons on the site to the extent that would be considered incompatible with the level of risk associated with the bushfire hazard.
	On this basis, the proposed reconfiguration is consistent with the purpose of the code as it is compatible with the level of risk associated with the bushfire hazard affecting the subject site.
Landscape Code	Performance Outcomes (PO) 1 to 6 and PO9
	No landscaping is proposed as part of the development, however, the reconfiguration is over an existing, well-established lot occupied with mature shade trees dispersed throughout proposed Lots 1 and 2 and along the road frontage of Ballard Street. The mature trees provide shade and a pleasant visual streetscape that will soften the built form of any future developments over the subject sites.
	In the context of the existing development on the subject site, the non- compliances with the Landscaping provisions are considered low-level conflicts in the assessment of a two (2) lot subdivision.
Relevant Matters	
Not applicable to an	assessable development application subject to code assessment.

Matters prescribed by regulation

- The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 2.2); and
- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Kathy McDonald	Signature:	Date:	14 March 2024
	ACTING COORDINATOR	16MU		
	DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT	17		

Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Access Works;
 - (ii) Stormwater Works;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works (if required) must be obtained prior to the issue of the compliance Certificate for the Survey Plan.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 Street numbering for the development must be in accordance with *Australian/New Zealand Standard for Rural and Urban Addressing (AS4819:2011).* Council will allocate street numbering to the development in accordance with this standard at the time of issuing the Survey Plan Approval Certificate.
- 1.10 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	Version /Issue
Site Plan	Design & Architecture	12 December 2023	SK-002	Rev D
Location Plan	Design & Architecture	12 December 2023	SK-001	Rev D
Information Request Response Technical Memorandum	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	23076	-
Existing Site and Catchment Plan	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	SK01(1)	-
Proposed Stormwater Channel Plan	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	SK02(1)	-
Lot 2 Driveway Sight Distance Plan	Janes & Stewart Structural & Civil Consultants	30 November 2023	SK03(1)	-

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 ACCESS WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access works required by this development approval.
- 3.2 A new access must be constructed for proposed Lot 2. The access location must be in accordance with the approved plans such that acceptable sight distances can be achieved.
- 3.3 All access works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access works).
- 3.4 DELETED
- 3.5 The existing access that services proposed Lot 1 must be closed.
- 3.6 A new access to the proposed Lot 1 must be provided and must not be located within one (1) metre of the proposed drainage easement. The new access must comply with the requirements of the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*.

4.0 WATER WORKS

- 4.1 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.
- 4.2 The existing water connection point located within the proposed Lot 2 frontage must be retained to service proposed Lot 2. A new water connection point must be provided for proposed Lot 1 from the existing reticulated water network located with Ballard Street. This may require a new service and conduit across Ballard Street.

Note: Trespassing internal water services will not be permitted and must be relocated where necessary. i.e., the existing internal service for Lot 1.

5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 5.2 The existing internal water service serving proposed Lot 1 must be relocated to ensure it is wholly contained within the lot. A new water connection must be provided within the lot frontage for the internal service to connect to.
- 5.3 DELETED
- 6.0 STORMWATER WORKS
- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 6.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 6.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.4 Each allotment must be designed to be flood free in a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability defined flood event.
- 6.5 A drainage channel must be constructed adjacent to the northern boundary of Proposed Lot 2, from the eastern boundary of the lot to Ballard Street (refer to condition 2.1, SK01(1)).
- 6.6 The discharge arrangement onto the Ballard Street Road reserve must be such that it does not adversely affect the infrastructure compared to the predevelopment scenario. It may be necessary to include scour protection at the outlet.
- 6.7 Easements must be provided over the new drainage channel (refer condition 6.5) which conveys the flows from the upstream catchment (refer to condition 2.1, SK02(1)).

Note: All land assessed to be within a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability defined flood event, inundation area must be contained within an easement.

7.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

7.1 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.

8.0 <u>ELECTRICITY</u>

8.1 Electricity services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

9.0 <u>TELECOMMUNICATIONS</u>

9.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider. Unless otherwise stipulated by telecommunications legislation at the time of installation, this includes all necessary pits and pipes, and conduits that provide a connection to the telecommunications network.

10.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

10.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.

- 10.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 10.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).

11.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

11.1 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydro mulched, concreted, landscaped). The plan must be available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

12.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

12.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials, or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Ballard Street.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 2. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 3. Works in Road Reserve Permit

It is advised that a Works in Road Reserve Permit (including a fee for the vehicle crossover and compliant with Standard *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines,* Standard Drawings) may be accepted in place of the application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access works).

NOTE 4. Landscaping

Council approval must be obtained prior to the removal of or interference with street trees located on Council land.

NOTE 5. <u>Standard Terms Document for Easements</u>

Easement documents for Council infrastructure must utilise Council's standard terms document - 718579623 to accompany the Survey Plan for endorsement by Council.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act* 2016 (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.(3) The **appeal period** is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure
 - identified in a LGIP; or (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method
 - included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—

 (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a corespondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
 (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter

involves-

- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or

(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or

(c) a provision of the development approval; or

(d) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment

		Table 1	
	Appeals to the P&E Court	and, for certain matters, to	a tribunal
			manager3 Any eligible advice agency for the application4 Any eligible submitter for the application
2. Change applications An appeal may be made (a) a responsible entity's (b) a deemed refusal of	decision for a change app	plication, other than a decis	sion made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application
		extension application; or Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager
 a) The notice involved a (i) The application of Examples of errors in ap The incorrect ap Applying an incorrect (i) The working (ii) An offset or b) The was no decision c) If the infrastructure content of the infrastructure of the inf	e against an infrastructure of an error relating to – the relevant adopted char oplying an adopted charge oplication of gross floor are prrect 'use category', under out of extra demands, for refund; or about an offset or refund; harges notice states a refund narge is so unreasonable th	a for a non-residential deve r a regulation, to the develor section 120; or or nd will be given – the timin	elopment opment
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

	Appeals to the DOE Court	Table 1	
The person given the	Appeals to the P&E Court The local government	-	
Infrastructure charges	that gave the		
notice	infrastructure charges		
	notice		
5. Conversion application	ons		
An appeal may be mad			
(a) the refusal of a conv			
(b) a deemed refusal of	a conversion application.		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The local government	-	-
	to which the conversion		
<u> </u>	application was made		
6. Enforcement notices			
An appeal may be mad	e against the decision to gi	ive an enforcement no	tice.
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The person given the	The enforcement	-	If the enforcement authority is
enforcement notice	authority		not the local government for
			the premises in relation to which
			the offence is alleged to have
			happened—the local
			government
		Table 2	
	Appeals	to the P&E Court only	
1. Appeals from tribuna			
	e against a decision of a tr	ibunal, other than a de	cision under
section 252, on the grou	in law on the part of the trib	unal: or	
(b) jurisdictional error.	in law on the part of the thic	Junal, Ol	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Courner 3 Co-respondent	Courin 4 Co-respondent by election
Арренант	Respondent	(if any)	(if any)
A party to the	The other party to the	-	-
proceedings for the	proceedings for the		
decision	decision		
2. Eligible submitter app	peals		
		ive a development app	proval, or an approval for a change
application, to the exter	nt that the decision relates	to—	
(a) any part of the deve(b) a variation request.	lopment application for the	development approva	I that required impact assessment; or
	Column 2	Column 2	Column 4
Column 1	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3	Column 4

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for 	 1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

	Annoale	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
the change application	Appears		
3. Eligible submitter and An appeal may be made include a provision in the	e development approval, opment application or the	development approval, or t to the extent the matter rel	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application Compensation claims An appeal may be made 		1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(a) a decision under sec(b) a decision under sec	tion 32 about a compensition 32 about a compensition 265 about a claim for a claim under paragraph	r compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made	against a decision of the	e Minister under chapter 7,	part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied,

under a local law about-

(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or

(b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

	Appeals t	Table 3 to the tribunal only	
1. Building advisory agend An appeal may be made a work required code asses	against giving a developm		ng work to the extent the building ns.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
 Certain decisions unde An appeal may be made a (a) the Building Act, other (b) the Plumbing and Drai 	against a decision under— than a decision made by	-	e Act ng and Construction Commission; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
4. Local government failur An appeal may be made a within the period required	against a local governmen		application under the Building Act

• •			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A person who was	The local government	-	-
entitled to receive,	to which the		
notice of the decision	application was made		



ATTACHMENTS (office use only)

APPROVED PLANS

