

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.0 effective 3 July 2017) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s63(2) Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/24-2018	Contact:	Jonathon Trevett-Lyall
Notice Date:	1 June 2018	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Ultrachocks Pty Ltd	
Postal address:	C/- Gideon Town Planning	
Phone no:	Mobile no:	Email:

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 15 March 2018 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Food and Drink Outlet and Operational Works for an Advertising Device (Pylon Sign)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	116 and 122 Campbell Street and 34 Albert Street, Rockhampton City
Real property description:	Lots 1 and 2 on RP605803 and Lots 1 and 2 on RP607113, Parish of Rockhampton

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Ultrachocks Pty Ltd Tte
Postal address:	
Dear Ultrachocks Pty Ltd	
I advise that, on 30 May 2018	the above development application was:
approved in full with cond	ditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)
*Note: The conditions show conditions have been imposed	which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which d by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Access and Parking Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
	Site Works
Plumbing and Drainage Works	
Building Works	Demolition Works
	Building Works

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Reference	<u>Dated</u>
Site Plan	180105-01, Sheet 01 of 02 Sheets	28 March 2018
Floor Plan & Elevations	180105-02, Sheet 02 of 02 Sheets	28 March 2018
Commercial Drive Thru Development - Site Layout	0751718-P-0001, Rev A	2 March 2018
Commercial Drive Thru Development - Stormwater Plan	0751718-P-0002, Rev A	2 March 2018
Commercial Drive Thru Development - Preliminary Roadworks and Swept Paths	0751718-P-0003, Rev A	29 March 2018
Preliminary Traffic and Stormwater Advice REV B	0751718, Rev B	29 March 2017

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (S.85)

The standard currency periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 2016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for Material Change of Use for a Food and Drink Outlet and Operational Works for an Advertising Device (Pylon Sign)
Reasons for Decision	a) The site's location on Albert Street and its close proximity to other commercial uses, provide an appropriate opportunity to accommodate a Food And Drink Outlet that is designed and sited to service the local catchment and passing highway traffic;
	b) The small scale of the proposal will not detract from the function of other commercial centres and will not compromise the residential character and existing amenity of the surrounding area;
	c) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and

	d) The proposed development does not compromise the relevant State Planning Policy.	
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks: • Low-Medium Density Residential Zone Code; • Access, Parking and Transport Code; • Advertising Devices Code; • Landscape Code; • Stormwater Management Code; • Waste Management Code; and	
	Water and Sewer Code.	
Compliance with assessment benchmarks	The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with them all.	
Matters raised in submissions	There were no submissions received by Council for this application.	
Matters prescribed by regulation	 The State Planning Policy – Part E; The Central Queensland Regional Plan; The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015; and The common material, being the material submitted with the application. 	

8. RIGHTS OF APPEAL

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal
the decision to the court.

Or

 Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

This approval will lapse unless substantially commenced within the above stated currency periods (refer to sections 85 of *Planning Act 2016* for further details).

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Tarnya Fitzgibbon Signature: Date: 1 June 2018

COORDINATOR
DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

C/C Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning - RockhamptonSARA@dilgp.gld.gov.au

Attachment 1 - Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Part 2 - Conditions required by the referral agency response

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

Part A - Material Change Of Use for a Food And Drink Outlet

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and his employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Access and Parking Works;
 - (ii) Roof and Allotment Drainage; and
 - (iii) Site Works.
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 Lots 1 and 2 on RP607113 and Lots 1 and 2 on RP605803 must be amalgamated and registered as one lot prior to the commencement of the use.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Reference	<u>Dated</u>
Site Plan	180105-01, Sheet 01 of 02 Sheets	28 March 2018
Floor Plan & Elevations	180105-02, Sheet 02 of 02 Sheets	28 March 2018
Commercial Drive Thru Development - Site Layout	0751718-P-001, Rev A	2 March 2018
Commercial Drive Thru Development - Stormwater Plan	0751718-P-002, Rev A	2 March 2018
Commercial Drive Thru Development - Preliminary Roadworks and Swept Paths	0751718-P-003, Rev A	29 March 2018
Preliminary Traffic and Stormwater Advice REV B	0751718, Rev B	29 March 2017

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised documents must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.

3.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 3.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 3.3 All car parking and access areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 3.4 The existing access from Campbell Street to Lot 1 on RP607113 of the development is to remain with the existing trench grate discharging to kerb adapters.
- 3.5 The access from Campbell Lane to the development must be upgraded to comply with the requirements of the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*.
- 3.6 The redundant vehicular crossover and driveway servicing Lot 2 on RP607113 from Campbell Street and the redundant section of the crossover and driveway servicing Lot 1 on RP607113 from Campbell Lane must be removed. The kerb and channel, road pavement, services, verge and any footpath must be reinstated to Council standard.
- 3.7 Access from Campbell Street must be limited to 'left in, left out' only and access to Campbell Lane must be limited to 'right in, right out' only. A 'ONE WAY' sign is to be provided at both of these exits.
- 3.8 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.

- 3.9 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities Off street commercial vehicle facilities"*.
- 3.10 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities".
- 3.11 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 3.12 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 3.13 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-street car parking"*.
- 3.14 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 3.15 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.
- 3.16 Bicycle parking facilities must be provided in accordance with *SC6.4 Bicycle network planning scheme policy*. The bicycle parking facilities must encourage casual surveillance.

4.0 SEWERAGE WORKS

- 4.1 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, and Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002.
- 4.2 A new sewerage connection point must be provided for Lot 2 on RP605803. This connection point is not permitted to be connected directly into the existing 300mm diameter trunk sewer main.
- 4.3 The existing sewerage connection point for Lot 2 on RP607113 must be disconnected and capped at the main and any redundant pipework removed.
- 4.4 The existing sewerage connection point for Lot 1 on RP605803 must be raised to the surface and have a heavy duty trafficable lid provided. The finished level of the lid must be a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater.
- 4.5 The finished surface level of the existing sewerage access chamber on Lot 1 on RP607113 must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber and have a heavy duty trafficable lid provided.

5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 5.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002*, and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 5.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.

- 5.4 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development. Any redundant sewerage and water connection points are to be disconnected and capped at the main.
- 5.5 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 5.6 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.7 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 5.8 Amended sewerage/sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.
- 5.9 The development must comply with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4* "Building over or near relevant infrastructure." Any permit associated with the Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 6.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS
- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 6.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 6.3 A revised Stormwater Management Plan, prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland is to be submitted with the Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works). The Stormwater Management Plan must clearly demonstrate that:
 - 6.3.1 all content of the stormwater management plan is in accordance with the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, stormwater management design objectives in State Planning Policy 2014, and sound engineering practice;
 - 6.3.2 the roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure in accordance with the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*;
 - 6.3.3 each part of the lot is self-draining;
 - 6.3.4 the volume of detention is sufficient to attenuate the peak discharge from the development site to ensure non-worsening for a range of design rainfall events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood event, for the post-development conditions, in accordance with the provisions of the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*; and
 - 6.3.5 the stormwater management plan is accompanied by full calculations and all details of the modelling assumptions to support the proposed water quantity management strategy.

7.0 SITE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 7.2 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798* "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".
- 7.3 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

8.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 8.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 8.2 The existing dwelling on Lot 2 on RP607113 must be demolished and a Development Permit for Building Works (demolition) must be obtained prior to the commencement of demolition works on the development site.
- 8.3 All building works must be undertaken in accordance with Council's *Building Over/Adjacent* to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy and any permit obtained in respect of this policy.
- 8.4 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008* and must be:
 - 8.4.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 8.4.2 aesthetically screened from any road frontage or adjoining property;
 - 8.4.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 8.4.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 8.4.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses, and washdown must be drained to the sewer in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002.*

<u>Note:</u> As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.

9.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 9.1 All landscaping must be established generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). The landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use and the landscape areas must predominantly contain plant species that are locally native to the Central Queensland region due to their low water dependency.
- 9.2 All landscaping works must be generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and must include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 9.2.1 A plan documenting the "Extent of Works" and supporting documentation that includes:
 - (i) location and name of existing trees, including those to be retained (the location of the trees must be overlayed or be easily compared with the proposed development design);
 - (ii) the extent of soft and hard landscape proposed;

- (iii) important spot levels and/or contours. The levels of the trees to be retained must be provided in relation to the finished levels of the proposed buildings and works;
- (iv) underground and overhead services;
- (v) typical details of critical design elements (stabilisation of batters, retaining walls)
- (vi) details of landscape structures including areas of deep planting; and
- (vii) specification notes on mulching and soil preparation.
- 9.2.2 A "Planting Plan" and supporting documentation that includes:
 - (i) landscape areas predominantly containing plant species that are locally native to the Central Queensland region due to their low water dependency;
 - (ii) trees, shrubs and groundcovers to all areas to be landscaped;
 - (iii) position and canopy spread of all trees and shrubs;
 - (iv) the extent and type of works (including but not limited to paving, fences and garden bed edging). Edging must be provided for all garden beds; and
 - (v) a plant schedule with the botanic and common names, total plant numbers and pot sizes at the time of planting.
- 9.2.3 The plan documenting the "Extent of Works" and the "Planting Plan" referenced in conditions 9.2.1 and 9.2.2 respectively, must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any landscaping works outlined in condition 9.1.
- 9.3 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.
- 9.4 Landscaping, or any part thereof, must be provided in accordance with *SC6.12 Landscape* design and street trees planning scheme policy.
- 9.5 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 9.5.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 9.5.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.

10.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 10.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 10.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

11.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 11.1 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works must be accompanied by an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that addresses, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (i) objectives;
 - (ii) site location and topography;
 - (iii) vegetation;
 - (iv) site drainage;
 - (v) soils;
 - (vi) erosion susceptibility;

- (vii) erosion risk;
- (viii) concept;
- (ix) design; and
- (x) implementation,

for the construction and post-construction phases of work.

11.2 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines* must be implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the development works, until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, and landscaped). The plan must be available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

12.0 <u>ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH</u>

- 12.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 12.2 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.
- 12.3 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise, odour or dust.
- 12.4 When requested by Council, noise monitoring must be undertaken and recorded within three (3) months, to investigate any genuine complaint of nuisance caused by noise. The monitoring data, an analysis of the data and a report, including noise mitigation measures, must be provided Council within fourteen (14) days of the completion of the investigation. Council may require any noise mitigation measures identified in the assessment to be implemented within appropriate timeframes. Noise measurements must be compared with the acoustic quality objectives specified in the most recent edition of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy*.

13.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 13.1 The hours of operations for the development site must be limited to 0600 hours to 2200 hours.
- 13.2 The loading and/or unloading of delivery and waste collection vehicles is limited between the hours of 0700 and 1900 Monday to Saturday and between the hours of 0800 and 1500 on Sundays. No heavy vehicles must enter the development site outside these times to wait for unloading/loading.
- 13.3 All waste must be stored within the waste storage area (for example, general waste, recyclable waste, pallets, empty drums etc.) in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). The owner of the land must ensure that:
 - 13.3.1 the area is kept in a clean and tidy condition;
 - 13.3.2 fences and screens are maintained;
 - 13.3.3 no waste material is stored external to the waste storage area;
 - 13.3.4 all washdown of refuse containers takes place in the existing washdown facility;
 - 13.3.5 the area is maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation* 2008.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act, 2003

It is advised that under Section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal Cultural Heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal Cultural Heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Multicultural Affairs website www.datsip.gld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. Licensable Activities

Should an activity licensable by Rockhampton Regional Council be proposed for the premises, Council's Environment and Public Health Unit should be consulted to determine whether any approvals are required. Such activities may include storage, preparation and sale of food. Approval for such activities is required before 'fitout' and operation.

NOTE 6. Infrastructure Charges Notice

Council has resolved not to issue an Infrastructure Charges Notice for this development because the new infrastructure charges arising from the development are less than the credits applicable for the new development.

Part B – Operation Works for an Advertising Device (Pylon Sign)

14.0 ADMINISTRATION

14.1 The approved signage must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this permit.

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Reference	<u>Dated</u>
Site Plan	180105-01, Sheet 01 of 02 Sheets	28 March 2018

- 14.2 A set of the above approved plans are returned to you as the Consultant. The Consultant is to supply one (1) Approved set to the contractor to be retained on site at all times during construction.
- 14.3 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of approval must prevail.

- 14.4 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for endorsement by Council prior to the submission of a Development Application for Building Works.
- 14.5 The Developer is responsible for ensuring compliance with this approval and the Conditions of the approval by an employee, agent, contractor or invitee of the Developer.
- 14.6 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role of the Council may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 14.7 All conditions of this approval must be undertaken and completed to the satisfaction of Council, at no cost to Council.
- 14.8 The following further development permits are required prior to the commencement of any works on the site:
 - 14.8.1 Building Works.
- 14.9 Unless otherwise stated, all works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards.
- 14.10 Any proposed changes to the approved stamped plans during the works will be generally considered minor amendments and require Council's approval. The stamped amended plans and a covering letter will be forwarded to the applicant.
- 15.0 ADVERTISING DEVICE CONSTRUCTION
- 15.1 All Construction work and other associated activities are permitted only between 0700 hours and 1800 hours Monday to Saturday. No work is permitted on Sundays or public holidays. All requirements of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 and Environmental Protection Regulations 2008 must be observed at all times.
- 15.2 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the site.
- 15.3 The Advertising Device must be designed and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland and constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Queensland Development Code and the Building Code of Australia.
- 15.4 All electrical services and systems must comply with 'Australian and New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 3000:2007 Electrical Installations'.
- 15.5 Any damage to, or alterations necessary, to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, stormwater drains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken immediately at full cost to the Developer.
- 15.6 Council reserves the right for uninterrupted access to the site at all times during construction.
- 16.0 OPERATING PROCEDURE
- 16.1 All text and images displayed on the billboard must be static, not imitate a traffic control device or include traffic instructions (for example 'stop'), and not involve moving parts or flashing lights.
- 16.2 All signage must only display or advertise a matter associated with the primary purpose for which the premises are used, or the purpose stated in this approval.
- 16.3 All signage must be maintained by the premises owner, to a standard that ensures public safety and does not adversely impact the visual amenity.
- 16.4 Any lighting devices associated with the signage, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents or motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in

accordance with 'Australian Standard AS4282 – Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting'.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act, 2003

It is advised that under Section 23 of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal Cultural Heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal Cultural Heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Multicultural Affairs website www.datsip.gld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty- Environmental Protection Act 1994, sec.319

A person must not carry out any activity that causes, or is likely to cause, environmental harm unless the person takes all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent or minimise the harm (the general environmental duty).

In deciding the measures required to be taken, regard must be had to, for example—

- (a) the nature of the harm or potential harm; and
- (b) the sensitivity of the receiving environment; and
- (c) the current state of technical knowledge for the activity; and
- (d) the likelihood of successful application of the different measures that might be taken; and
- (e) the financial implications of the different measures as they would relate to the type of activity.

NOTE 3. General Safety of Public During Construction

The Workplace Health and Safety Act and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.



Attachment 1 – Part 2 Referral Agency Conditions - Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning

Planning Act 2016



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to-
 - (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
 (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter

involves-

- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
 Development applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval. 			
Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Appellant Respondent Co-respondent Co-respondent by election			
The applicant	The assessment manager	(if any) If the appeal is about a concurrence	(if any) 1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
	agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	 2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application 	

2. Change applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

- An appeal may be made against—

 (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or

 (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

` '	an extension approation	1	Т
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A party to the	The other party to the	-	-
proceedings for the	proceedings for the		
decision	decision		

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	The applicant If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-

5. Registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the			
affected area for the registered premises			
who is dissatisfied with the decision			

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A building advisory	The assessment	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the
agency for the	manager		development application
development application			related to the approval
related to the approval			2 A private certifier for the
			development application
			related to the approval

- 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under—
- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only						
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-			
4. Local government failu An appeal may be made within the period required	against a local governme		application under the Building Act			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4			
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)			
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-			