

Decision Notice Approval (negotiated)

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s76 Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/136-2024	Contact:	Aidan Murray
Notice Date:	27 August 2025	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: Conan Randall Alloway & Shelley Jean Alloway Trustee Under Instrument No.

720112075

Postal address: C/- GSPC

PO BOX 379

GRACEMERE QLD 4702

Phone no: 07 4922 7033 Mobile no: N/A Email: admin@gspc.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 26 September 2024 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Warehouse (expansion and ancillary office space)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address: 33 Park Street, Park Avenue

Real property description: Lot 3 on R26238

Dear Conan Randall Alloway & Shelley Jean Alloway Trustee Under Instrument No. 720112075

I advise that, on 20 August 2025 the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition 4.6	Deleted	20 August 2025
2)	Condition 10.9	Changed	20 August 2025
3)	Condition 14.1	Deleted	20 August 2025

DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

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Development	Preliminary
Permit	Approval

Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	
- Material change of use	

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Road Works
	Access and Parking Works
	Stormwater Works
	Site Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
Building Works	Building Works
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES - NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan / Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	Version / Issue
Existing Site & Demolition Plan	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-02	Prelim 05
Site Features Plan	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-03	Prelim 05
Existing Floor Plan and Notes	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-04	Prelim 05
Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-05	Prelim 05
Elevations	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-06	Prelim 05
Section L and M	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-07	Prelim 05
Vehicle Swept Path – Delivery Van	Dileigh Civil / Structural Design & Project Management	5 June 2025	D25.005-01	В
Vehicle Swept Path – 19m Semi Trailer	Dileigh Civil / Structural Design & Project Management	5 June 2025	D25.005-02	В
Stormwater Management Plan	Dileigh Civil / Structural Design & Project Management	05 June 2025	D25.005-RP01	С
Traffic Impact Statement	Dileigh Civil / Structural Design & Project Management	20 March 2025	D25.005-RP02	А

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

In accordance with section 85(1)(a)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if the first change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development

Material Change of Use for a Warehouse (expansion and ancillary office space)

Reasons for Decision

- a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and
- b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.

Assessment Benchmarks

The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Local Government Infrastructure Plan;
- Low Impact Industry Zone Code;
- Access, Parking and Transport Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Stormwater Management Code;
- Waste Management Code; and
- · Water and Sewer Code.

Compliance with assessment benchmarks

The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exception listed below.

Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark
Low Impact Industry Zone Code PO7	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 7.1 which prescribes that landscaping is provided along all road frontages (except where fronting a state controlled road) of the site for a minimum width of two (2) metres. The landscaping strip along the Tom Brady Street road frontage has instead been proposed with a reduced width of one (1) metre.
	The purpose of the reduced landscaping width is to accommodate the turning circle / swept path required for a 19-metre prime mover and semi-trailer, as demonstrated in the approved plan titled "Vehicle Swept Path –19m Semi Trailer" (Reference D25.005-02, Revision B, dated 5 June 2025). A maximum width of one (1) metre wide for the landscape strip along the Tom Brady Street road frontage is required to ensure the 19-metre semi-trailer design vehicle can turn around on the site in a single turn and allow these vehicles to both enter and exit the site via Park Street.
	Despite the conflict with AO7.1, the reduced landscaping along the Tom Brady

Street road frontage still makes a positive contribution to the streetscape and incorporates landscape elements that screen the scale and bulk of industrial forms while also accounting for the practical and operational requirements of the development.

Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with Performance Outcome (PO) 7.

Landscape Code PO11

The proposed development does not comply with Performance Outcome (PO) 11 which prescribes that car parks and internal access (both on and off-street) are landscaped to:

- (a) reduce their visual appearance;
- (b) provide shade;
- (c) reduce glare;
- (d) reduce heat stored in hard surfaces;
- (e) harvest storm water; and
- (f) be of a design that protects damage from vehicles, minimises risk of crime and contaminated stormwater runoff.

The development does not propose any shade trees in or around the formalised car parks. Due to the layout of the site and design of the proposed development, it would be impractical to plant shade trees around the parking spaces 1-5 adjoining the proposed administration building and accessed from Park Street as well as the parking spaces 16-18 adjoining the rear of the warehouse building.

The remaining park spaces (6-15) to the rear of the site adjoining Tom Brady Street can be provided with shade trees in alignment with PO 11 and the related Acceptable Outcomes (AOs) and has been conditioned accordingly.

On balance, the non-compliance with PO11 is considered a low-level conflict and the proposed development complies with the remainder of the Assessment Benchmarks.

Relevant Matters

Not applicable to an assessable development application subject to code assessment.

Matters prescribed by regulation

- The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 4.4);
- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Amanda O'Mara Signature: Date: 27 August 2025

COORDINATOR
DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

Date: 27 August 2025

Attachment 1 - Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction.
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Stormwater Works;
 - (iv) Roof and Allotment Drainage Works; and
 - (v) Site Works.
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standards and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.
- 2.0 <u>APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS</u>
- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except were amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan / Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version / Issue
Existing Site & Demolition Plan	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-02	Prelim 05
Site Features Plan	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-03	Prelim 05
Existing Floor Plan and Notes	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-04	Prelim 05
Floor Plan	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-05	Prelim 05
Elevations	Rufus Design Group	25 June 2025	240218-06	Prelim 05
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Traffic Impact Statement	Dileigh Civil / Structural Design & Project Management	20 March 2025	D25.005-RP02	A

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 ROAD WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works required by this development approval.
- 3.2 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and relevant Australian Standards and Austroads Guidelines and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).
- 3.3 Tom Brady Street must be upgraded for the full frontage of the development site to match the existing construction to the intersection of Robison Street and Tom Brady Street. The construction must extend from the existing kerb and channel, fronting the development site, on Tom Brady Street. Kerb and channel, drainage infrastructure and pathway must be included.
 - Note: Tom Brady Street surface and subsurface drainage design must be provided at the Operational Works (road works) stage for the upgrade.
- 3.4 A concrete footpath, with minimum of 1.5 meters width, must be constructed on the south side of Park Street and the north side of Tom Brady Street, for the full frontage of the development site.
- 3.5 Road signage and pavement marking must be installed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "manual of uniform traffic control devices"*.
- 3.6 All pathways located within the road reserve or public use land must be provided with public space lighting in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1158 "lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 3.7 All pathways and access ramps must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.

4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, and *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All access, parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.4 The existing access from Tom Brady Street to the development must be upgraded to comply with the requirements of the Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines.
- 4.5 Service and delivery vehicles, including refuse collection vehicles must be via Park Street only.
- 4.6 DELETED
- 4.7 Any redundant vehicular crossovers must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.8 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.9 A minimum of eighteen (18) parking spaces must be provided on-site.
- 4.10 Accessible parking spaces must be provided on-site where required by the National Construction Code and designed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities"*.
- 4.11 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.12 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices" and Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-streetcar parking".
- 4.13 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.
- 4.14 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 4.15 Bicycle parking facilities must be provided in accordance with *SC6.4 Bicycle network planning scheme policy*. The bicycle parking facilities must be located at basement or ground floor level and encourage casual surveillance.
- 4.16 End-of-trip facilities must be provided in accordance with the Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 4.1 "Sustainable buildings, End of trip facilities".
- 5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS
- 5.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 5.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018, and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 5.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 5.4 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded, if necessary, to service the development.
- 5.5 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 5.6 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.

- 5.7 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.8 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's sewerage reticulation network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.

6.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 6.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) subject to ensuring compliance and any alterations required by the *Environmental Protection Act 1992*, *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 6.3 All stormwater must drain to a lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by a detailed stormwater design, prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland. The stormwater design must include:
 - 6.5.1 roof and allotment drainage must be designed as Level IV drainage system;
 - 6.5.2 post development minor storm flow(s) from all catchments (roof, car park, and hardstand areas) are discharged to underground network in Park Street and Tom Brady Street; and Note: Access chamber is to be installed on the 450mm reinforced concrete pipe in Tom Brady Street to provide the connection point for drainage.
 - 6.5.3 electronic model file (MUSIC model) to demonstrated that the development complies with State Planning Policy 2017 and Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines requirements.
- 6.6 All internal field inlet and pits must be fitted with gross pollutant traps. The installation of gross pollutant traps must be in accordance with relevant *Australian Standards* and all maintenance of the proposed gross pollutant traps must be the responsibility of the property owner or body corporate (if applicable).
- 6.7 All proprietary stormwater quality treatment devices must be routinely checked, serviced and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Records of all maintenance activities undertaken must be kept and made available to Council upon request. Where replacement cartridges or other necessary components for the system become unavailable, an alternative system approved by Council, is required to be retrofitted into the development to achieve an equivalent pollutant reduction outcome. All maintenance cost must be borne by the site owner/operator.

7.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 7.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines* and sound engineering practice.
- 7.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and designed such that it must not restrict, impair, or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause an actionable nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

8.0 SITE WORKS

8.1 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments"*.

8.2 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff, or cause an actionable nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

9.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 9.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 9.2 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structures on the development site.
- 9.3 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".
- 9.4 Access to and use of the land the subject of this application must comply with the provisions of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* and/or the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991*. If either of the statutes require the provision of access or facilities in a way that is inconsistent with this development approval, those facilities must be provided.
- 9.5 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the Environmental Protection Regulation 2019 and must be:
 - 9.5.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 9.5.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8-metre-high screen fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;
 - 9.5.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 9.5.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 9.5.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.

Note: As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.

10.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 10.1 Landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use in all areas referred to as 'existing / new turf' shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 10.2 Landscaping must be designed in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS 1428* Design for access and mobility.
- 10.3 Planting types used within all areas referred to as 'existing / new turf' (refer to condition 2.1) must include either trees, shrubs or groundcovers, or any combination of these planting types. These plantings must be established and maintained generally at the following density rates:
 - 10.3.1 trees at five (5) metre intervals;
 - 10.3.2 shrubs at two (2) metre intervals; and
 - 10.3.3 groundcovers at one (1) metre intervals.
- 10.4 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency and must comply with the following requirements:
 - 10.4.1 Plant species are chosen from sources recommended in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*; and
 - 10.4.2 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy* SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy.
- 10.5 Root control barriers must be installed where invasive roots may cause damage to car parking areas, pedestrian paths and road carriageways.
- 10.6 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.

- 10.7 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
 - 10.7.1 obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice' series of publications;
 - 10.7.2 adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
 - 10.7.3 adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 10.8 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 10.8.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 10.8.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 10.9 Landscaping is provided along road frontages of the site in accordance with the following provisions:
 - 10.9.1 along Park Street for a minimum width of two (2) metres; and
 - 10.9.2 along Tom Brady Street for a minimum width of one (1) metre.
- 11.0 ELECTRICITY
- 11.1 Electricity services must be provided to the proposed development to the standards of the relevant authorities.
- 12.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS
- 12.1 Telecommunication services must be provided to the proposed development to the standards of the relevant authorities.
- 13.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 13.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 13.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 13.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).
- 14.0 **ENVIRONMENTAL**
- 14.1 DELETED
- 14.2 The Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared and certified by suitably qualified person (Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control or a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland), with appropriate knowledge and experience in erosion and sediment control design and implementation, in accordance with the State Planning Policy 2017 and Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines requirements, must be:
 - 14.2.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 14.2.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

15.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 15.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Park Street and Tom Brady Street.
- 15.2 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.
- 15.3 Operations on the development site must have no significant impact as determined by Council on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise, odour or dust.

15.4 The supply and removal of goods or services to and from the development site must be through the use of Articulated Vehicles (AV -19 metres) or smaller vehicles.

Note: The development site is restricted from access by B-Double (25m) or larger vehicles.

- 15.5 All waste storage area must be:
 - 15.5.1 Kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 15.5.2 Maintained in accordance with Environmental Protection Regulation 2008.
- 15.6 Commercial waste bins must be provided on-site within a suitable 'Bin' store area (such as shown on the approved plans) and be collected by a private contractor. No kerbside collection or collection within the road reserve is permitted.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Women, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships and Multiculturalism website https://www.tatsipca.qld.gov.au

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

NOTE 6. Building Works

A Building Works Permit for a change of building classification or new building application may be required in accordance with the *Building Act 1975*. It is recommended a building certifier is engaged for advice.

NOTE 7. Rating Category

Please note, a Material Change of Use approval may result in an adjustment to a property's rating category. Please contact Council's Rates Department should you require further information.

NOTE 8. Advertising Devices

Any Advertising device associated with or attached to the development must be carried out in accordance with Council's Planning Scheme.

NOTE 9. Removal of Street Trees

Council approval must be obtained prior to the removal of or interference with street trees located on Council land.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—(i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or(ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—

 (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a corespondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter

involves-

- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
	-	(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent
	manager	agency's referral	2 If a chosen Assessment
		response—the	manager is the respondent—
		concurrence agency	the prescribed assessment

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal		
Appeals to the P&E Cou	rt and, for certain matters, to	a tribunai
		manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application

2. Change applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge –

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only				
the change				
application				
2. Eligible submitter and cligible advice agency appeals				

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A person dissatisfied	The local	-	-
with the decision	government to which		
	the claim was made		

5. Registered premises

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval A private certifier for the development application
			related to the approval

- 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under—
- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-

4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act

An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A person who was	The local government	-	-
entitled to receive,	to which the		
notice of the decision	application was made		



ATTACHMENTS (office use only)

APPROVED PLANS

