

Gracemere Office 1 Ranger St, Gracemere

Mount Morgan Office 32 Hall St, Mount Morgan

# **Decision Notice Approval**

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.0 effective 3 July 2017) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s63(2) Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/132-2017	Contact:	Amy Johnson
Notice Date:	8 November 2017	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

# APPLICANT DETAILS

Flexihire Pty Ltd and K. & J. Barnes		
C/- Capricorn Survey Group (CQ) Pty Ltd		
Mobile no:	Email:	
	C/- Capricorn Survey Group (CQ) Pty Ltd	

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 7 November 2017 and confirm the following:

# DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Reconfiguring a Lot (two into two lots)		
PROPERTY DESCRIPTION		
Street address:	172-178 East Street and 5B Derby Street, Rockhampton City	
Real property description:	Lot 3 on RP600244 and Lot 26 on SP199414, Parish of Rockhampton	

# DWNER DETAILS Name: Flexihire Pty Ltd Postal address: Name: K R Barnes & J A Barnes Postal address: Postal address: Dear Flexihire Pty Ltd and K. & J. Barnes I advise that, on 8 November 2017 the above development application was: Image: Approved in full with conditions\* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1) \*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.



# 1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	$\boxtimes$	

# 2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELO	MENT PERMITS REQUIRED	NIL
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# 4. **REFERRAL AGENCIES**

# 5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

NIL

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Revision
Reconfiguration Plan	Capricorn Survey Group	25 October 2017	6912-01-ROL	А

# 6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (S.85)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

# 7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for Reconfiguring a Lot (two into two lots)	
Assessment Benchmarks	<ul> <li>The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:</li> <li>Low Impact Industry Zone code</li> <li>Reconfiguring a Lot code</li> </ul>	
Reasons for decision	The application was assessed against the assessment benchmarks under the <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015.</i> A review of the application demonstrates compliance with the assessment benchmarks for the development. Therefore, as per section 60 (2) of the <i>Planning Act 2016,</i> Council will approve the application, subject to conditions.	

# 8. RIGHTS OF APPEAL

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

# Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

# 9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

This approval will lapse unless substantially commenced within the above stated relevant periods (refer to sections 85 of *Planning Act 2016* for further details).

# 10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

COORDINATOR	Name:	Tarnya Fitzgibbon	Signature:	Date:	8 November 2017
DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT		<u>COORDINATOR</u>	e.g. ata et	- 410.	
		DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT			

# Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

**Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager** [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

## Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



# Attachment 1 – Part 1

# **Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions**

PLANNING ACT 2016

# 1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and his employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken and completed:
  - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
  - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
  - 1.3.3 prior to the issue of the Compliance Certificate for the Survey Plan, unless otherwise stated.

# 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Revision
Reconfiguration Plan	Capricorn Survey Group	25 October 2017	6912-01-ROL	A

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

# 3.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

3.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.

# ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is

available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website <u>www.datsip.qld.gov.au</u>.

NOTE 2. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.



# **Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights**

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

# Appeal rights

### 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
  - (a) matters that may be appealed to—

     (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
     (ii)only a tribunal; or
  - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
  - (b) the person-
    - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
    - and (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
  (3) The appeal period is—
  - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
  - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
  - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
  - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
     20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
  - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
  - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
  - Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
  - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
  - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
    - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or

(ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

- 230 Notice of appeal
- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—

   (a) is in the approved form; and
  - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
   (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court-the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act-any other
- person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
  - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.(5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a
- co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of
- election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section-decision includes-
  - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
  - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
  - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
  - (d) a purported decision; and
  - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
  - (a) is final and conclusive; and
  - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
  - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

## 232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



# **Appeal Rights**

PLANNING ACT 2016

### Schedule 1 Appeals

### Appeals section 229 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to-(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
  - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
  - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
  - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
  - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (d) a development condition if-
    - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
    - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
    - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
  - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
    - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
    - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
  - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
  - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
  - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
  - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
  - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
  - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
    - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
    - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
  - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
  - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
  - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
  - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a correspondent in the appeal.

### Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against—

(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or

(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or

(c) a provision of the development approval; or

(d) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment	If the appeal is about	1 A concurrence agency that is
	manager	a concurrence	not a co-respondent
		agency's referral	2 If a chosen Assessment

	Appears to the Fac Co	ourt and, for certain matters, to	
		response—the concurrence agency	<ul> <li>manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager</li> <li>3 Any eligible advice agency for the application</li> <li>4 Any eligible submitter for the application</li> </ul>
2. Change applications An appeal may be made (a) a responsible entity's (b) a deemed refusal of	s decision for a change	application, other than a dec	ision made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	<ol> <li>A concurrence agency for the development application</li> <li>If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager</li> <li>A private certifier for the development application</li> <li>Any eligible advice agency for the change application</li> <li>Any eligible submitter for the change application</li> </ol>
An appeal may be made (a) the assessment mar (b) a deemed refusal of Column 1 Appellant	nager's decision about a	an extension application; or in. Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ol> <li>1 The applicant</li> <li>2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application</li> </ol>	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager
<ul> <li>a) The notice involved a <ul> <li>(i) The application o</li> </ul> </li> <li>Examples of errors in ap <ul> <li>The incorrect ap</li> <li>Applying an inco</li> <li>(i) The working</li> <li>(ii) An offset or</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) The was no decision</li> </ul>	e against an infrastructu an error relating to – f the relevant adopted co oplying an adopted cha oplication of gross floor orrect 'use category', un g out of extra demands, refund; or about an offset or refu	rge – area for a non-residential de nder a regulation, to the deve for section 120; or	velopment lopment

Table 1           Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal					
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-		
5. Conversion application An appeal may be made (a) the refusal of a conv (b) a deemed refusal of	e against—				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-		
6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made	e against the decision to gi	ve an enforcement notice.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government		

Table 2           Appeals to the P&E Court only					
section 252, on the grou	e against a decision of a t		sion under		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-		
application, to the exten	e against the decision to g t that the decision relates	to—	val, or an approval for a change hat required impact assessment; or		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development	1 For a development application—the assessment manager	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral	Another eligible submitter for the application		

	Anneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	2 For a change application—the responsible entity	response—the concurrence agency	
An appeal may be made include a provision in the	e development approval, opment application or the	development approval, or to the extent the matter re	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ol> <li>For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</li> <li>For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</li> <li>An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>For a development application—the assessment manager</li> <li>For a change application—the responsible entity</li> </ol>	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec		r compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made	e against a decision of the	e Minister under chapter 7	', part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ol> <li>A person given a decision notice about the decision</li> <li>If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of</li> </ol>	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

	Appeals t	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	Appeale		
<ul> <li>6. Local laws</li> <li>An appeal may be made under a local law about—</li> <li>(a) the use of premises, or development; or</li> <li>(b) the erection of a build</li> </ul>	- other than a use that is th		onditions applied,
	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ul> <li>A person who—</li> <li>(a) applied for the decision; and</li> <li>(b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.</li> </ul>	The local government	-	-
	Anneals	Table 3 to the tribunal only	
1. Building advisory agen An appeal may be made work required code asses	cy appeals against giving a developr	ment approval for build	ding work to the extent the building ions.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
<ol> <li>Certain decisions under An appeal may be made         <ul> <li>(a) the Building Act, other</li> <li>(b) the Plumbing and Drag</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	against a decision under- r than a decision made by	_	age Act ding and Construction Commission; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
4. Local government failu An appeal may be made	against a local governme		an application under the Building Act
		O al anna O	Column 1
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)