

Decision Notice Approval (negotiated)

Planning Act Form 2 (version 1.1 effective 22 June 2018) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s76 Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/12-2018	Contact:	Brandon Diplock
Notice Date:	27 July 2018	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: Kele Property Group (Qld) Pty Ltd

Postal address: C/- Gideon Town Planning

PO BOX 450

ROCKHAMPTON QLD 4700

Phone no: (07) 4927 4818 Mobile no: 0418 720 460 Email: gg@gideontownplanning.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 6 February 2018 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Food and Drink Outlet

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	106 George Street and 73 Archer Street, Rockhampton City
Real property description:	Lot 2 and 3 on RP619302 and Lot 3 on RP602746, Parish of Rockhampton

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	G T Jeffreys
Postal address:	

Dear Kele Property Group (Qld) Pty Ltd

I advise that, on 27 July 2018 the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition 1.5.1	Deleted	24 July 2018
2)	Condition 2.1	Changed	24 July 2018
3)	Condition 3.3	Changed	24 July 2018
4)	Condition 3.5	Changed	24 July 2018
5)	Condition 4.5	Changed	24 July 2018
6)	Condition 4.6	Changed	24 July 2018
7)	Condition 4.10	Changed	24 July 2018

8)	Condition 9.7	Changed	24 July 2018
9)	Condition 16.2	Changed	24 July 2018
10)	Item 3	Changed	24 July 2018

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval		
- Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Road Works
	Access and Parking Works
	Stormwater Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
Building Works	Demolition Works
	Building Works
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. SUBMISSIONS

Properly made submissions were \(\subseteq \text{/were not} \subseteq \text{made in relation to the application.} \)

There were 2 properly made submissions received from the following submitter(s);

Name of principal submitter	Residential or business address	Electronic address (if provided)
Catherine Everlyn Garvie		
2. Susan Teather		

5. REFERRAL AGENCIES

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

For an application involving	Name of agency	Status	Address
STATE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE (State transport corridors and future State transport corridors)			
Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision transport corridor or that is a future State tra		I change of use	of premises near a State

Development application for a material change of use, other than an excluded material change of use, that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument, if all or part of the premises—	Department of Transport and Main Roads	Concurrence	Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning
(a) are within 25m of a State transport corridor; or(b) are a future State transport corridor; or			(Previously known as Department of Infrastructure, Local
(c) are—			Government and Planning)
(i) adjacent to a road that intersects with a State-controlled road; and			Online:
(ii) within 100m of the intersection			www.dilgp.qld.gov.au/M yDAS2
			Postal:
			PO Box 113
			Rockhampton Qld 4700

6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Reference	<u>Dated</u>
Demolition Plan	SK-003 Rev 4	15 June 2018
Proposal Plan	SK-004 Rev 5	15 June 2018
Elevations	SK-005 Rev 5	15 June 2018
3D Views	SK-006 Rev 5	15 June 2018
Conceptual Images	SK-008 Rev 4	8 March 2018
Site Layout	0711718-SK-0001 Rev B	1 March 2018
Preliminary Stormwater Pre Development	0711718-SK-0002 Rev B	1 March 2018
Preliminary Stormwater Post Development	0711718-SK-0003 Rev B	1 March 2018
Preliminary Roadworks and Swept Paths	0711718-SK-0004 Rev C	12 June 2018

7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for Material Change of Use - Food and Drink Outlet
Reasons for Decision	a) The sites locational characteristics, particularly in close proximity to other

	food and drink outlet	ride an appropriate opportunity to accommodate a that is designed and sited to complement and not earby sensitive land uses;	
	accessibility to the	advantage of the site's high exposure and Bruce Highway and the Rockhampton Central cing the local catchment and highway users;	
		oment will provide a localised convenience function se the residential character and existing amenity of	
	d) The proposed use does not compromise the strategic framework in the Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015;		
	e) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity;		
	f) The proposed developed Planning Policy; and	opment does not compromise the relevant State	
	circumstances favour	application should be approved because the Council exercising its discretion to approve the gh the development does not comply with an aspect achmarks.	
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:		
	 Strategic Framework; Specialised Centre Zone; Low-medium Density Residential Zone Code; Access, Parking and Transport Code; Landscape Code; Stormwater Management Code; Waste Management Code; and Water and Sewer Code. 		
Compliance with assessment benchmarks		sessed against all of the assessment benchmarks with all of these with the exception listed below.	
benchmarks	Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmark	
	Specialised Centre Zone	The proposed food and drink outlet including a drive-thru facility is predominantly located within the Specialised Centre Zone. Only the ancillary car parking area will be on land located outside of the centre zone. With limited available land located within the centre zone, the use of the site as an ancillary car park with minimal impacts to surrounding residents can be accepted. Extensive landscaping with mature plants and an acoustic fence will be included along the boundaries of all adjoining residential uses. In addition, a total of 25% of the site is dedicated to landscaping with all street frontages including mature vegetation.	
Matters raised in submissions	Issue	How matter was dealt with	
	Traffic Congestion	Vehicle access to the proposed development has been provided from the lower order road (George Lane) in accordance with the Planning Scheme.	

		The proposed development makes provision for 17 onsite parking spaces as well as sufficient space for vehicle queuing in the drive-thru. The proposal has provided ample space for traffic associated with the fast food outlet and it is not anticipated that it will contribute to any further congestion.
	Loss of Car Parking	The proposed development maintains an oversupply of onsite parking which makes up for any loss of on street parking.
	Security	It is noted that the proposed development will include an acoustic fence along with landscaping and trees along the common property boundaries. In addition, the developer has agreed to providing and installing louvered awnings over the windows of the adjoining dwelling located at 75 Archer Street at no cost to the owner. This will assist in removing any direct visual intrusion into the property. The proposed development is recognised to increase public surveillance within the area, including George Lane.
	Light and Noise Intrusion	The proposed lighting associated with the restaurant and car parking will be directed away from the residential dwellings adjoining the property. Given adjoining properties are highset dwellings, it is not anticipated that lights from vehicles at ground level will cause any impacts. In addition, a solid screen fence and landscaping is proposed along the property boundaries to minimise any light or noise nuisance. The proposal is located directly adjoining the
		Bruce Highway. Given the locational characteristics and facilities of a similar nature in the nearby vicinity, it is not anticipated that noise will exceed volumes that currently exist.
Matters prescribed by	The State Planning Policy – Part E;	
regulation	The Central Queensland Regional Plan;	
	The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015;	
	 Surrounding use of adjacent premises in terms of commensurate an consistent development form; and 	
	The common material, being the material submitted with the application.	

9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Appeal by an eligible submitter

An eligible submitter for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to:

- any part of the development application that required impact assessment
- a variation request.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal
the decision to the court.

Or

 Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Tarnya Fitzgibbon COORDINATOR	Signature:	Date:	27 July 2018	
	DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT				

C/C Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning - RockhamptonSARA@dsdmip.qld.gov.au

Attachment 1 - Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Part 2 – Conditions required by the referral agency response

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and his employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use;

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Stormwater Works:
 - (iv) Roof and Allotment Drainage;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 Lots 2 and 3 on RP619302 and Lot 3 on RP602746 must be amalgamated and registered as one lot prior to the commencement of the use.
- 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Reference	<u>Dated</u>
Demolition Plan	SK-003 Rev 4	15 June 2018
Proposal Plan	SK-004 Rev 5	15 June 2018
Elevations	SK-005 Rev 5	15 June 2018
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Preliminary Stormwater Post Development	0711718-SK-0003 Rev B	1 March 2018
Preliminary Roadworks and Swept Paths	0711718-SK-0004 Rev C	12 June 2018

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.

3.0 ROAD WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works required by this development approval.
- 3.2 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, relevant *Australian Standards* and *Austroads Guidelines* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).
- 3.3 An Auxiliary Left Turn and Channelised Right Turn into George Lane must be constructed along the Archer Street frontage of the site generally in accordance with McMurtrie Consulting Engineers Drawing 0711718-SK-0004 Rev C dated 12 June 2018.
- 3.4 Where the existing bicycle lane along the Archer Street frontage of the site is diverted onto the footpath area, the existing pedestrian footpath must be widened to a minimum of 2.5 metres wide.
- 3.5 Suitable pavement marking and signage must be installed in George Lane for both the pedestrian crossing between the car park and the restaurant, and the loading bay.
- 3.6 Dedicated pedestrian linkages through the proposed development linking the car parking areas to the restaurant dining areas must be provided.
- 3.7 All pathways and access ramps must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.

- 3.8 All pathways located within a road reserve or Public use land must be provided with public space lighting in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 3.9 All pathways must incorporate kerb ramps at all road crossing points.
- 3.10 Traffic signs and pavement markings must be provided in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Queensland*. Where necessary, existing traffic signs and pavement markings must be modified in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Queensland*.

4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All car parking and access areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.4 All vehicular access to and from the development must be via George Lane only.
- 4.5 All service and delivery vehicles, including refuse collection vehicles must exit via Archer Street only. Any persons using the disabled parking bay must also exit the site via Archer Street only. The Developer must install suitable signage that facilitates these movements while preventing patrons using the drive-through from exiting onto Archer Street.
- 4.6 Service and delivery vehicles must only use the loading/waiting bay adjacent to the dining area outside of the approved operating hours.
- 4.7 Any redundant vehicular crossovers must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.8 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.9 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities Off street commercial vehicle facilities"*.
- 4.10 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must demonstrate the provision of a minimum of fourteen (14) off-street parking spaces within the site.
- 4.11 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities".*
- 4.12 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.13 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.14 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-street car parking"*.

- 4.15 Wheel stops must be included for all parking spaces in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-street car parking"*.
- 4.16 Road signage and pavement markings must be installed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices".*
- 4.17 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 4.18 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.
- 4.19 Bicycle parking facilities must be provided in accordance with *AUSTROADS Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice*, *Part 14 Bicycles*. The bicycle parking facilities must be located at basement or ground floor level and encourage casual surveillance.

5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 5.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002*, and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 5.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 5.4 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development.
- 5.5 Internal Plumbing and Sanitary Drainage of existing buildings must be contained within the lot it serves.
- 5.6 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by an hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 5.7 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.8 Alteration or relocation of internal sanitary drainage works associated with the existing buildings must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* 2002.
- 5.9 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing buildings must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 5.10 Amended sewerage/Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.

6.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 6.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 6.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development

- conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by a detailed Stormwater Management Plan, prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland. The Stormwater Management Plan must clearly demonstrate that:
 - 6.5.1 all content of the stormwater management plan is in accordance with the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, stormwater management design objectives in State Planning Policy 2017, and sound engineering practice;
 - 6.5.2 the Stormwater discharge is to a lawful point of discharge in accordance with the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*;
 - 6.5.3 each part of every lot is self-draining;
- Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems including detention systems, inlet and outlet structures, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.

7.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 7.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 7.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 7.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.

8.0 SITE WORKS

- 8.1 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798* "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".
- 8.2 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

9.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 9.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 9.2 The existing dwellings on the subject land must be demolished and a Development Permit for Building Works (demolition) must be obtained prior to the commencement of demolition works on the development site.
- 9.3 All building works must be undertaken in accordance with Council's *Building Over/Adjacent* to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy and any permit obtained in respect of this policy.

- 9.4 All external elements, such as air conditioners, pool and spa pumps and associated equipment, must be adequately screened from public view, to Council's satisfaction.
- 9.5 Access to and use of the land the subject of this application must comply with the provisions of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* and/or the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991*. If either of those statutes require the provision of access or facilities in a way that is inconsistent with this development approval, those facilities must be provided.
- 9.6 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008* and must be:
 - 9.6.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 9.6.2 aesthetically screened from any road frontage or adjoining property;
 - 9.6.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 9.6.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 9.6.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002*.
 - As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer
- 9.7 An acoustic assessment must be undertaken to determine the height and type of fence required to be erected along the common boundary of the subject development site and any adjoining residential properties. The acoustic assessment must be provided to Council prior to the commencement of use.
- 9.8 Any advertising device associated with or attached to the development must be carried out in accordance with the applicable Advertising Devices Code in the *Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015*.

10.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 10.1 All landscaping must be established generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). The landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use and the landscaped areas must predominantly contain plant species that are locally native to the Central Queensland region due to their low water dependency.
- 10.2 All landscaping must be of a mature height to ensure the amenity of surrounding land uses is maintained.
- 10.3 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 10.3.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 10.3.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 10.4 Council approval must be obtained prior to the removal of or interference with street trees located on Council land in accordance with Council's street tree policy.
- 10.5 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.

11.0 ELECTRICITY

11.1 Electricity services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

12.0 <u>TELECOMMUNICATIONS</u>

12.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider. Unless otherwise stipulated by telecommunications legislation at the time of installation, this includes all necessary pits and pipes, and conduits that provide a connection to the telecommunications network.

13.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 13.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 13.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 13.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).

14.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 14.1 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works must be accompanied by an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that addresses, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (i) objectives;
 - (ii) site location and topography;
 - (iii) vegetation;
 - (iv) site drainage;
 - (v) soils;
 - (vi) erosion susceptibility;
 - (vii) erosion risk;
 - (viii) concept;
 - (ix) design; and
 - (x) implementation,

for the construction and post-construction phases of work.

14.2 The Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the development works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped). The plan must be available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

15.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 15.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 15.2 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.

- 15.3 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.
- 15.4 When requested by Council, noise monitoring must be undertaken and recorded within three (3) months, to investigate any genuine complaint of nuisance caused by noise. The monitoring data, an analysis of the data and a report, including noise mitigation measures, must be provided to Council within fourteen (14) days of the completion of the investigation. Council may require any noise mitigation measures identified in the assessment to be implemented within appropriate timeframes. Noise measurements must be compared with the acoustic quality objectives specified in the most recent edition of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy*.

16.0 HOURS OF OPERATION

- 16.1 The hours of operations for the food and drink outlet must be limited to:
 - (i) 0800 hours to 2300 hours on Monday to Thursday and Sunday, and
 - (ii) 0800 hours to 2400 hours on Friday and Saturday
- 16.2 The loading and/or unloading of delivery vehicles within the designated George Lane loading bay is limited between the hours of 0700 and 1900 Monday to Saturday and between the hours of 0800 and 1500 on Sundays. No heavy vehicles must use the loading bay outside these times to wait for unloading/loading.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 3. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 4. Infrastructure Charges Notice

Council has resolved not to issue an Infrastructure Charges Notice for this development because the new infrastructure charges arising from the development are less than the credits applicable for the new development.

NOTE 5. Licensable Activities

Should an activity licensable by Rockhampton Regional Council be proposed for the premises, Council's Health and Environment Unit should be consulted to determine whether any approvals are required. Such activities may include the storage, preparation, serving of food to the public.



Attachment 1 – Part 2 Referral Agency Conditions - Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning

Planning Act 2016



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—(i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a corespondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive;
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (i) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal		
	manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application	

2. Change applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4 Co-respondent by election
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	
, appoint in	- respondent	(if any)	(if any)

	Appeals to the P&E Court	Table 1	to a tribunal
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
5. Conversion application An appeal may be mad (a) the refusal of a conversion (b) a deemed refusal of	e against—		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be mad	e against the decision to gi	ve an enforcement notic	e.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the	The enforcement	-	If the enforcement authority is

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

enforcement notice

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of-

(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or

authority

(b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to-

- (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

not the local government for

happened—the local

government

the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have

Table 2				
Appeals to the P&E Court only the change				
application				
3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to— (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application	
4. Compensation claims An appeal may be made against— (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-	
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises	

with the decision

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval

- 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under—
- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-

4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act

An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was	The local government	-	-
entitled to receive,	to which the		
notice of the decision	application was made		