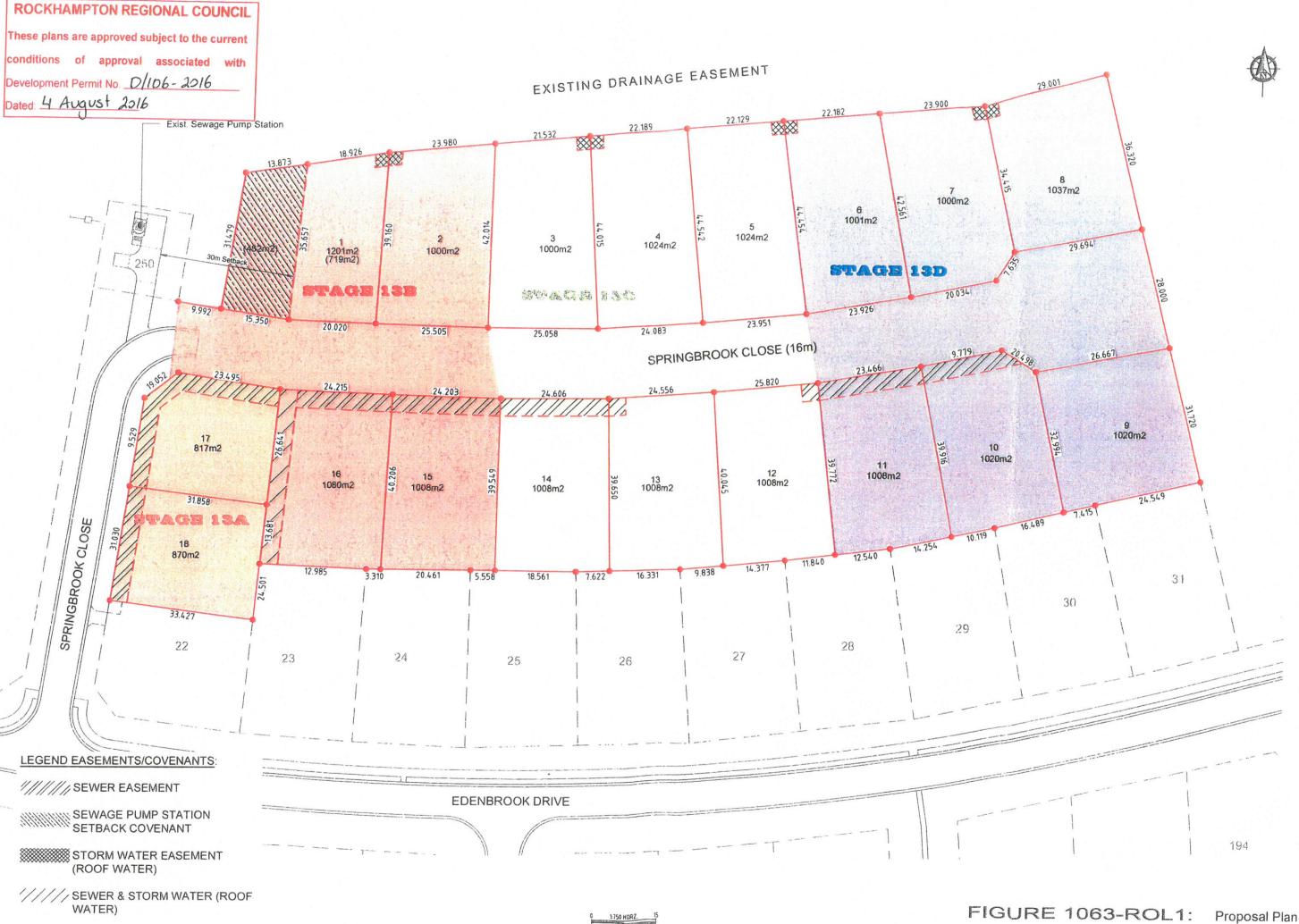


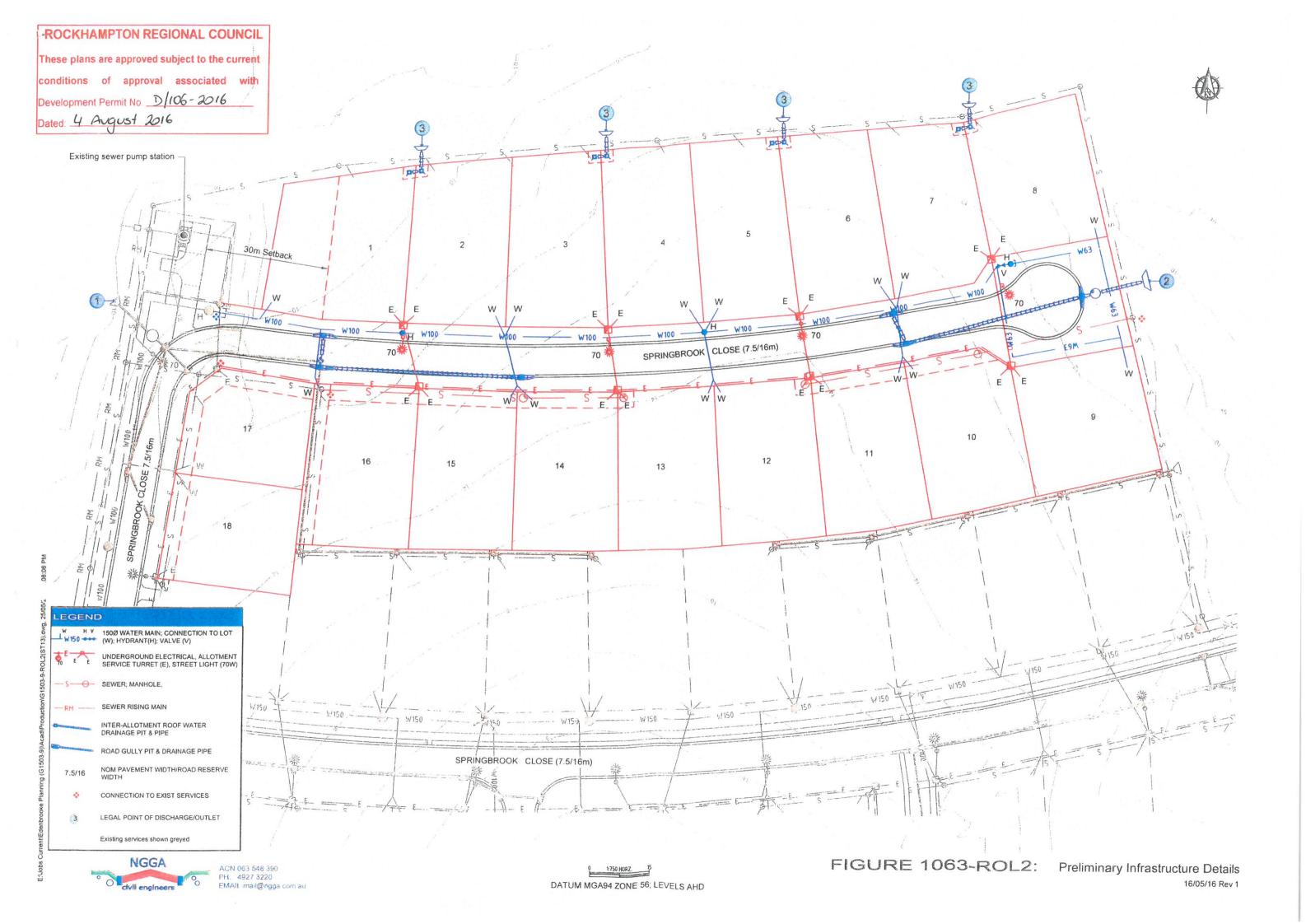
NGGA

civil engineers



DATUM MGA94 ZONE 56; LEVELS AHD

16/05/16 Rev 1



REFERENCES STORM WATER MANAGEMENT & HEALTHY WATERWAY REQUIREMENTS

The site based storm water management plan has been based on the following publications and quidelines

- Healthy Waters Music Modeling Guidelines (HWMMG).
- State Planning Policy 2014
- Storm water quality improvement devices are referred to as SQUID's.

2. OPPORTUNITIES, CONSTRAINTS & PRECEDENTS

The type of development complies with the Council standards for Residential subdivisional works This development is the continuation of a staged development.

The principal pollutants likely to be generated from the site development will be hydrocarbons, metals, sediment and nutrients such as nitrogen and phosphorus fixed to the sediments

- The whole of the development outfalls directly to Ramsay Creek flood plain;
- the existing upstream developments include underground storm water drainage collection systems that have been sized for a 1 in 10 year design storm and incorporate in-line SQUIDs sized for the ultimate catchment area(s);
- road and allotment layout and sizing, soil types and functionality requirements precludes the use of above ground in-line and end of line SQUIDs (vegetated swales; bioretention beds) installed in the road verge area;
- installation of end of line bioretention beds in the Ramsay Creek flood plain is not workable:
- current best practice policies in Queensland generally acknowledge that other than for small selected infill developments or specific isolated areas such as the central area of large roundabouts, the use of above ground SQUIDs (vegetated swales; bioretention beds) located within the road reserves, generally in the road verge area, are not a long term successful option and and high long term maintenance; and
- the storm water management strategy proposed for this current stage is the continuation of the same adopted and approved by Council for the existing constructed stages. Outlet/Areas 1 & 4 have already been included in the approved treatment provided for the previous stage 1.

3. RECEIVING WATERS

The nominated receiving waterway is a Ramsay Creek. Although some infiltration of storm water is likely to occur at the site, use of groundwater does not occur downstream of the site. Consequently, only surface water Environmental Values (EVs) and water quality objectives (WQOs) have been

4. PROPOSED STORM WATER TREATMENT

After consideration of the available opportunities & constraints, the treatment train will comprise the following storm water quality improvement devices (SQUIDs) already in place downstream and previously approved

- in line SQUIDs within the pipe drainage system for gross pollutant, sediment and nutrient
- use of the natural vegetated flow path at the drainage outlets to Ramsay Creek

PROPOSED STORM WATER TREATMENT EVALUATION & SIZING

The evaluation & sizing of the components proposed and/or adopted for the treatment train has been carried out using the MUSIC Version 6 computer package and 6 minute rainfall for the period from 1 January 1970 to 31 December 2000. The pollutant types and concentrations evaluated for removal are

- gross pollutants (GP)
- sediments and dissolved soilds, Total Suspended Solids (TSS);
- total dissolved nitogen (TN); and
- total dissolved phosphorus (TP).

All catchments have been modeled as 'Urban Residential' split catchments. The split catchment surface types & associated runoff generation parameters; pollutant concentrations and generation parameters applicable to these type of catchments and surface compositions recommended in Healthy Waters Music Modeling Guidelines have been adopted. Details of these areas are shown in

Inline proprietary product SQUID HUMECEPTORS or equivalent have been nominated. The size of the unit(s) has been determined using the manufacturers software package based on a minimum 80% TSS removal rate and associated nitrogen and phosphorus removed being that component 'fixed' to the suspended solids.

6. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Details of the Council nominated target water quality objectives (WQO) for storm water discharging from the site to the receiving waters based on nutrient load reduction are summarised in Table 2. Details of performance of the proposed treatment train with connected catchments detailed in Table 1 are summarised in Tables 3 to 5. Tables 3 and 4 provide a comparison between the pre and post development scenario. Table 5 provides details of the post development pollutant load reductions for the proposed treatment train and evaluation in relation to target objectives in Table 2

ABLE 1 DESIGN AREAS (ha) (COLOUR CODED TO MATCH PLAN VIEW) Outlet Roof Roads Ground level 1.444 0.330 0.311 0.803 0.551 0.120 0.147 0.284 0.876 0.240 0.636 2.871 (100%) Total 0.690 (24%) 0.458 (16%) 1.723 (60%)

Outlet (Area) 4 included in previous stage and no new connections from this stage excluded from this assessment

	Load Reduction (ref QWQG)		
Indicator	% Reduction		
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	85		
Total Nitrogen (TN)	45		
Total Phosphorus (TP)	60		
Litter, Gross Pollutants (GP)	90		

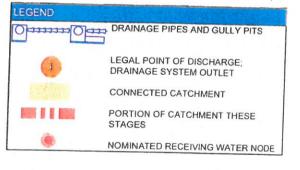
Exist. In-line SQUID.

Sized for full area

PRE & POST COMPARISON	TSS		TN		TP	
	PRE	POST	PRE	POST	PRE	POS
At Nominated Receiving Waters combined wet & dry flows	8.20	3.37	0.293	0.335	0.031	0.031

TABLE 4 PERFORMANCE EVAL	UATION	- POLLUT	TANT MEA	AN ANNUAL	LOAD	kg/yr)
"Andread a Decision and Million all actions, and Adelegated appropriate appropriate and the Control of the Cont	TSS		1	īN	TP	
PRE & POST COMPARISON	PRE	POST	PRE	POST	PRE	POST
At Nominated Receiving Waters combined wet & dry flows	1450	271	15.70	18.10	2.96	1.86

TABLE 5 PERFORMANCE EVALUAT	ION - POLLUTAI	NT REDUCT	ION (%)	-	
	TSS	TN	TP	GP	
At Nominated Receiving Waters combined wet & dry flows	86	30	55	>90	
Market Sey, F	Complies with Table 2 frequency requirements.				



Typical 300m² dwelling & driveway

connection to street

Sized for full area ###

Proposed In-line SQUID

ROCKHAMPTON REGIONAL COUNCIL

These plans are approved subject to the current conditions of approval associated with Development Permit No. D/106 - 2016

Dated: 4 August 2016

7. CERTIFICATION

An assessment has been carried out of the impact from the development on storm water quality (comparison between pre and post development loads) and the effectiveness of the proposed site water quality management in meeting the nominated Council water quality standards for storm water management and healthy waterways. Details of the nominated standards, comparison between pre and post development pollutant loads & evaluation of the effectiveness of the proposals in meeting the standards have been provided. Within the limits imposed by the available opportunities and constraints and existing precedents, the proposed storm water management should provide

- Treatment comparable to the Council approved proposals for existing constructed stages;
- An acceptable water quality management strategy that is the best achievable, cost effective and within community and sensible expectations.

This evaluation and certification is subject to review at the time of carrying out detail design and submission to Council for Operational Works approval

