

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/105-2021	Contact:	Brendan Standen
Notice Date:	21 September 2021	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Rockhampton Jockey Club		
Postal address:			
Phone no:	Mobile no:	Email:	

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 30 July 2021 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Outdoor Sport and Recreation and Preliminary Approval for Building Works Assessable against the Planning Scheme - Extension to Buildings

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	75 Reaney Street, The Common
Real property description:	Lot 186 on LN1397, Parish of Archer

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Rockhampton Jockey Club Inc	
Postal address:		
Dear Rockhampton Jockey C	Club	
I advise that, on 16 Septemb	er 2021 the above development application was:	
approved in full with con	ditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)	

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - Building work assessable under the planning scheme - Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Building Works	Demolition Works
	Building Works
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

5. For an application involving	Name of agency	Role of Agency	Contact Details	
INFRASTRUCTURE-RELATED REFERRA	LS (Electricity Infra	structure)		
Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 2, Table 2 – N subject to an easement	laterial change of use	e of premises ne	ear a substation site or	
Development application for a material	The chief	Advice	<u>Postal:</u>	
change of use that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument and does not relate to	executive of the distribution entity or		Powerlink (Property Services)	
reconfiguring a lot, if—	transmission		PO Box 1193	
(a) all or part of the premises are within 100m of a substation site; or	entity:	entity:		Virginia Qld
(b) both of the following apply—	Powerlink		<u>Email:</u>	
(i) all or part of the premises are subject to an easement for the benefit of a distribution entity, or transmission entity, under the Electricity Act;	Queensland		Property@powerlink.co m.au	
(ii) the easement is for a transmission grid or supply network				

6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	<u>Version</u> <u>/Issue</u>
Proposed Master Plan	-	28/07/2020	WD 01	E
Proposed Ground Floor Plan	-	28/07/2021	WD 02	E
Proposed First Floor Plan	-	28/07/2021	WD 03	E
Proposed Elevations	-	28/07/2021	WD 04	E
Report for MCU Application	Hartecs NGA Engineering	30/07/2021	MCU Report_RJC BLG EXT	

7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard currency periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 2016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for a Material Change of Use for Outdoor Sport and Recreation and Building Works Assessable against the Planning Scheme - Extension to Buildings			
Reasons for Decision	 List relevant grounds for approval a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks. 			
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks: • Sport and Recreation Zone Code; • Flood Hazard Overlay Code; • Access, Parking And Transport Code; • Landscape Code; • Stormwater Management Code; • Waste Management Code; and • Water and Sewer Code.			
Compliance with assessment benchmarks		Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmarks		
	Flood Hazard Overlay Code	PO4 The development does not comply with AO4.1 (AO4.1.1) because the development involves new buildings and structures within the Fitzroy River flood areas H3-H4 (high hazard areas) and H5-H6 (extreme hazard areas). However, despite this, it is deemed that the development will not increase the risk to people and property. The first storey of the development (containing the administration and function facility components) will be located above the Defined Flood Level (DLF) for the premise. Further, the undercroft area allows for flood water to pass through and will not restrict flows or increase flood levels within or external to the premises. Therefore, it is considered these works will not result in changes to velocities of flood waters. All other aspects of the development are either located within or attached to an existing building		

		above the DFL, or relate to on-ground alterations with no building work (i.e. new presentation area, function area and parade ring).
	Access, Parking and Transport Code	PO6 The development does not comply with AO6.1 as all vehicle access and parking areas relied on by users of Callaghan Park are not sealed and designed in accordance with Australian Standard <i>AS 2890.</i> The turfed area within the premises adjoining Robert Clark Drive is often relied upon during race events to provide overflow vehicle parking.
		However, the existing parking arrangement is considered appropriate for user requirements. The development is largely intended to improve existing on-site facilities for patrons rather than cater for additional patrons. Therefore, there is unlikely to be the need for additional on-site car parking to cater for the development. The existing sealed car parking area is expected to continue to cater for minor events and the turfed area for infrequent major events. It is considered unreasonable to require the sealing of the turfed area to provide vehicle parking for infrequent events or as part of minor upgrades to the existing facility.
	Landscape Code	The Applicant has not proposed any additional landscaping nor is any additional landscaping required to be provided by the conditions of approval. Therefore, the development does not comply with the Acceptable Outcomes (AOs) corresponding to the Performance Outcomes (POs) referenced in column one.
		However, the development is significantly setback from Reaney Street and Robert Clark Drive by a minimum of 120 metres and maintains the large expanse of turfed area surrounding the development, which assists in softening the built form. Mature trees located between the development and road network also assists in providing partial landscape screening.
Matters prescribed by regulation		<i>ion Planning Scheme 2015</i> (2.2); and being the material submitted with the application.

9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

<u><u>C</u></u>	arnya Fitzgibbon COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT	Signature:	Date:	21 September 2021
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Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Part 2 – Conditions required by the referral agency response

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

- 1.0 <u>ADMINISTRATION</u>
- 1.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the issue of the Certificate of Classification for the Building Works,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the issue of the Certificate of Classification for the Building Works, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.2 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference</u> <u>No.</u>	Version/Issue
Proposed Master Plan	-	28/07/2020	WD 01	E
Proposed Ground Floor Plan	-	28/07/2021	WD 02	E
Proposed First Floor Plan	-	28/07/2021	WD 03	E

Pro	posed Elevations	-	28/07/2021	WD 04	E
	port for MCU lication	Hartecs NGA Engineering	30/07/2021	MCU Report_RJ C BLG EXT	

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Building Works.

3.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the construction of the proposed building extension works on the development site.
- 3.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018,* Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 3.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 3.4 Alteration or relocation of internal sanitary drainage works associated with the existing buildings must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* 2018.
- 3.5 All sanitary drainage works must comply with *Australian Plumbing and Drainage Standard AS3500* Part 2 section 3 and 4 for flood affected areas.

4.0 ROOF DRAINAGE WORKS

- 4.1 All roof runoff from the development must be discharged such that it must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 4.2 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.

5.0 <u>SITE WORKS</u>

- 5.1 Any filling material required for the building pad(s) must be sourced and extracted entirely from within the subject site.
- 5.2 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".*
- 5.3 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

6.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 6.2 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the development site.

- 6.3 All non-habitable areas subjected to flood inundation during a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood event, must be designed and constructed using suitable flood resilient materials.
- 6.4 All electrical and telecommunication services and utilities connected to the property, including electrical outlets, must be designed and installed at such a height that they are a minimum of 500 millimetres above a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood level.
- 6.5 Any application for a Development Permit for Building Works must be accompanied by a detailed structural engineering report and a building certificate prepared by a suitably qualified Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland, which demonstrates that the building has been designed to withstand the forces created by floodwaters and debris loading.
- 6.6 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.

7.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 7.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 7.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

8.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 8.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Reaney Street or Robert Clark Drive.
- 8.2 All waste storage areas must be:
 - 8.2.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 8.2.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008*.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website www.datsip.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. <u>Asbestos Removal</u>

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

NOTE 6. Flood Contingency Plan

- a. The developer must prepare or update a Flood Contingency Plan for the subject site that addresses but is not limited to the following:
 - i. types of flooding occurring on the site, period of time that the access / entry to the site will be cut, warning time prior to the event occurring, measures to be implemented to ensure the safety of property and people is maintained;
 - ii. evacuation routes and routes;
 - iii. types of vehicles required for evacuation purposes;
 - iv. details of the storage or removal of materials, goods or equipment during times of flood; and
 - v. the plan must demonstrate that the subject development will not increase the flood debris loading of flood waters nor result in environmental harm.
- b. Council is not required to approve contingency plans and Council does not accept any liability for loss of or damage to property, or injury or loss of life as a result of any person using or relying on the contingency plan, or failing to use the contingency plan during a flood event.
- c. It is the responsibility of the owner or occupier of the land to implement the contingency plan during a flood event or if there is a risk of flooding near the land.

NOTE 7. Defined Use

The approved development must only be used in a manner consistent with and ancillary to the defined use 'Outdoor Sport and Recreation'. Generally, the use of the function facility and other aspects of the approved development must only occur in association with an outdoor sport and recreation activity taking place over the site.



Attachment 1 – Part 2 Referral Agency Conditions – Powerlink Planning Act 2016



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager: or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
 - Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—

 (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method
- included in the local government's charges resolution. 230 Notice of appeal
- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar
- of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that— (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court-the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section-decision includes-
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a correspondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal					
 Development applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval. 					
Column 1	Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4				
AppellantRespondentCo-respondentCo-respondent by election(if any)(if any)					
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent		

		Table 1	
	Appeals to the P&E Court	and, for certain matters, to agency's referral	a tribunal 2 If a chosen Assessment
		response—the concurrence agency	 a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
2. Change applicationsAn appeal may be made(a) a responsible entity's(b) a deemed refusal of	s decision for a change ap	plication, other than a deci	sion made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application
(b) a deemed refusal of Column 1	e against— nager's decision about an e an extension application. Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development •
 - The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or (i)
 - An offset or refund; or (ii)
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

impeeee the amount					
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-		

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

· /			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The local government	-	-
	to which the conversion		
	application was made		

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only					
 Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—					
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-		

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 	 1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to

include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to-

(a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec		r compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied	The local	-	-

	Anneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
An appeal may be made	against a decision of the		7, part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 A person given a decision notice about the decision If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
under a local law about- (a) the use of premises, development; or (b) the erection of a build	other than a use that is t ding or other structure.	ne natural and ordinary c	onsequence of prohibited
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-
		Table 3	
work required code asse	ncy appeals against giving a develop essment against the build	ing assessment provision	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
An appeal may be made		r—	· · · · ·
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only				
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-	
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election	
		(if any)	(if any)	
A person who was	The local government	-	-	
entitled to receive,	to which the			
notice of the decision	application was made			