

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/10-2023	Contact:	Kathy McDonald
Notice Date:	8 April 2024	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: K & T Holdings Pty Ltd

Postal address: C/- Capricorn Survey Group (CQ) Pty Ltd
PO BOX 1391
ROCKHAMPTON QLD 4700

Phone no: 07 4927 5199 Mobile no: 0407 581 850 Email: reception@csgcq.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 1 February 2023 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Material Change of Use for a Multiple Dwelling (22 Units)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	28 Victoria Parade, Rockhampton City
Real property description:	Lot 2 on RP604957

Dear K & T Holdings Pty Ltd

I advise that, on 27 March 2024the above development application was: approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Road Works;
	Access and Parking Works;
	Sewerage Works;
	Stormwater Works;
	Site Works; and
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
Building Works	Demolition Works; and
	Building Works
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

For an application involving	Name of agency	Role of Agency	Contact Details			
STATE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURI Corridors)	STATE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE (State Transport Corridors and Future State Transport Corridors)					
Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision transport corridor or that is a future State tra		al change of use	e of premises near a State			
Development application for a material change of use, other than an excluded material change of use, that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument, if all or part of the premises— (a) are within 25m of a State transport corridor; or (b) are a future State transport corridor; or (c) are— (i) adjacent to a road that intersects with a State-controlled road; and (ii) within 100m of the intersection	The chief executive of the department in which the Planning Act 2016 is administered: State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning (State Assessment and Referral Agency Department)	Concurrence	In person: Level 2, 209 Bolsover Street, Rockhampton City Online lodgement using MyDAS2: https://prod2.dev- assess.qld.gov.au/suite/ Email: RockhamptonSARA@dsdi lgp.qld.gov.au Postal: PO Box 113 Rockhampton Qld 4700			

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version/Issue
Cover Page	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-0000	2
Site Analysis	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-0001	2
Site Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-0002	2
Area Plans	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-0005	2

Basement 1 Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-1000	2
Basement 2 Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-1001	2
Level 1 Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-1002	2
Level 2 – 10 Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-1003	2
Level 11 Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-1004	2
Level 12 Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-1005	2
Level 13 Plan	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-1006	2
Sections	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-2000	2
Sections	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-2001	2
North East Elevation	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-3000	2
South West Elevation	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-3001	2
South East Elevation	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-3002	2
North West Elevation	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-3003	2
3D Perspectives	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-6000	2
3D Perspectives	Buchan	13 December 2023	A-DA-6001	2
Stormwater Management Report	Dileigh Civil / Structural Design & Project Management	6 October 2023	D23.213-SWMP	A

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

In accordance with section 85(1)(a)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if the first change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development

Material Change of Use for a Multiple Dwelling (22 Units)

Reasons for Decision

- a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and
- b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.

Assessment Benchmarks

The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Local Government Infrastructure Plan;
- High Density Residential Zone Code;
- Access, Parking and Transport Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Stormwater Management Code;
- Waste Management Code;
- Water and Sewer Code;
- Airport Environs Overlay;
- Biodiversity Areas Overlay; and
- Coastal Protection Overlay.

Compliance with assessment benchmarks

The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.

Assessment		
Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark	
High Density	Performance Outcome (PO)1	
Residential Zone Code	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 1.1 because the proposed building is thirteen (13) storeys above ground level with a proposed height of 54.9 metres, where AO1.1 requires a maximum height of twelve (12) storeys and forty-five (45) metres above ground level.	
	AND	
	The proposed development does not comply with AO1.2 because the proposed site cover percentage is 82.13 percent, where AO1.2 requires a maximum of 80 percent site cover.	
	Despite this, the proposed development does not adversely impact on the urban form of the surrounding high density residential area and significant scenic landscape features having regard to the scale and height of buildings, site cover and density because:	
	 The building bulk and scale is consistent with that intended for the area with multiple approved apartment buildings along the river front that do not impede on the scenic landscape features. 	
	 The additional storey (13) will be utilised as rooftop communal open space area with a pool, entertainment area and amenities, further providing for a passive recreation and living space for residents. 	
	 This space (rooftop) tapers in above the twelfth (12) storey and is not fully enclosed; and 	
	 The developments plot ratio complies with five (5) to one (1) however, the site coverage of 2.13 percent over the 80 percent maximum is to ensure the limited site area of 901 square metres is wholly utilised and the appropriate standards of infrastructure and services are provided (on-site undercover carparking and private open space) which is considered reasonable. 	
	Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with Performance Outcome (PO) 1.	
	Performance Outcome (PO)7	
	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 7.1	

as the structure does not meet the minimum setback requirements.

AND

The proposed development does not comply with AO7.2 because the proposed site does not meet the minimum site area requirement of 1,000 square metres, or road frontage requirement of twenty (20) metres.

Despite this, the proposed development is of an appropriate scale and size that reflects the purpose of the zone because:

- The development will present as being built to boundary however, the building will be setback 1850 millimetres at street level. The upper-level balconies will have no setback in the southeast corner. This reduced setback is consistent with adjoining apartment buildings located along to the street frontage (Victoria Parade).
- The building tapers above the second floor with the use of landscaping along the Victoria Parade frontage and within the site via the use of planter boxes for both levels 1 and 2, further assisting in softening the built form, particularly at the street level.
- Each unit has access to natural light and ventilation through private open space (balconies) and a rooftop communal open space area on level thirteen (13).
- The development is orientated to the primary street frontage (Victoria Parade) and secondary street frontage (Quay Lane), integrating via pedestrian entries that are visible and accessible.

Therefore, the proposed development's design is taken to comply with the built form additional provisions of PO7.

Airport Environs Overlay Code

Performance Outcome (PO)1

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 1.1 which does not allow structures as identified on overlay map OM-2A: to penetrate the airport's operational airspace.

The development site is located on land within the 20 metre height limitations area and has a maximum height of 54.9 metres.

Despite this, the development is consistent with that intended for the area. Due to limited land, higher density developments are encouraged when impacts associated with tall developments can be managed. Recent high-rise unit and hotel developments along the river front are all generally above the 20 metre height limit.

Furthermore, conditions have been imposed to ensure the development complies with the Rockhampton Airport and Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA) requirements for obstructions within the operational airspace.

Water and Sewer Code

Performance Outcome (PO) 3 and 4

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcomes (AO) 3.1 or 4.1 and SC6.17 — Sewerage infrastructure planning scheme policy, as these codes and policy do not support building over trunk infrastructure and access chambers.

There are two sections of 300 millimetre diameter trunk sewerage mains located in the northwest corner of the development site along with an access chamber.

In this instance Council can support the building over sewerage infrastructure as no suitable alternative can be explored for the development. It has been determined that this trunk infrastructure can be converted into non-trunk infrastructure as it services only a small catchment and limited properties, and the existing trunk sewer manhole will be retained within basement carpark one (1) and a service area of 4.2 metres wide will be provided.

Furthermore, conditions have been imposed to ensure the development complies with the guidelines of Councils building over/adjacent to local government

	sewerage infrastructure.
	Therefore, the proposed development's sewerage design is taken to comply with PO3 and PO4.
Coastal Protection	Performance Outcome (PO) 3
Overlay	The proposed development does not comply with Performance Outcome (PO) 3 and no acceptable outcome is nominated.
	PO3 identifies development that is not for a coastal-dependent land use located within the Erosion Prone Area. A small portion along the Victoria Parade frontage of the site (150 square metres) is situated within the Coastal Protection and Erosion Prone Area Overlay.
	The development is considered infill development and the area is not mapped as being within the Coastal Management District and did not require a referral to the State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning for an assessment against State interest – Coastal Environment.
	Extensive works along the riverbank and Victoria Parade were completed in 2016 reducing the risk of erosion. The development site is separated from the coastal bank by Victoria Parade and Col Brown Park (approx 50 metres). Furthermore, the development will have safe and trafficable access during a defined flood event via Quay Lane.
	Mitigation from adverse coastal erosion impacts can be managed through design, location and construction techniques. Therefore, the development is considered to comply with the overall purpose of the Coastal Protection Overlay Code.

Relevant Matters

Not applicable to an assessable development application subject to code assessment.

Matters prescribed by regulation

- The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 2.2).
- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

 Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Kathy McDonald	Signature:	111111	Date:	8 April 2024
	ACTING COORDINATOR	3	16/4/1//		
	DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT	/	19 100		

C/C State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning (State Assessment and Referral Agency Department) - RockhamptonSARA@dsdilgp.qld.gov.au

Attachment 1 - Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Part 2 - Conditions required by the referral agency response

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Sewerage Works;
 - (iv) Stormwater Works;
 - (v) Roof and Allotment Drainage;
 - (vi) Site Works:
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version /Issue
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2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 ROAD WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works on for the development site.
- 3.2 A dilapidation report must be submitted with the Operational Works (Roadworks) application for Quay Lane. This report is required to ensure that Council's Road network is returned to an acceptable standard following completion of construction. The report must identify the standard of Quay Lane pre-construction in order to assess what works are required post construction to return it to an acceptable standard.

4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities" and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All access driveway(s), parking spaces and vehicle manoeuvring areas associated with this proposed development must be concrete sealed to Council's satisfaction.
- 4.4 Any redundant vehicular crossover must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.5 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with *Australian Standard 2890 "Parking facilities"*.
- 4.6 A minimum of forty-six (46) parking spaces must be provided on-site. This includes thirty-one (31) car parking spaces for units and fifteen (15) visitor's parking spaces. Visitor's car parking spaces must be clearly marked.
- 4.7 Parking spaces must be line-marked as shown in the Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.8 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.9 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.10 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility".

5.0 SEWERAGE WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any sewerage works on the development site.
- 5.2 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018 and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works).
- 5.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network.
- 5.4 The finished sewerage access chamber surface must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber. A heavy-duty trafficable lid must be provided in the trafficable area.

- 5.5 All works must be undertaken in accordance with Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4 "Building over or near relevant infrastructure."
- The development must comply with Council's Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy. Any permit associated with the Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 5.7 The existing sewerage infrastructure traversing the site, including any connection point(s), must be upgraded in accordance with Council's requirements. All new sewerage infrastructure must be contributed to Council, at no cost to Council:
 - 5.7.1 the sewerage main located within the development site must be upgraded to Ductile Iron Cement Lined pipe;
 - 5.7.2 the existing access chamber must be replaced with a new access chamber or alternate means of access for maintenance. The access point must have an unobstructed working space and service area of 4.2 metres wide around the access point to ensure access can be gained for maintenance purposes should the need arise;
 - 5.7.3 the existing sewerage connection point(s) must be disconnected;
 - 5.7.4 a new sewerage connection point must be provided for the development and located outside for the building footprint;
 - 5.7.5 the sewerage infrastructure within the development site must be accessible and must not be obstructed by walls, beams and columns;
 - Note: Given the basement carpark floor levels proposed and the existing sewerage infrastructure levels, it may be necessary to accommodate the sewerage infrastructure within the basement carpark floor via a grated access.
 - 5.7.6 24-hour unobstructed access for the purpose of emergency operations or maintenance of sewerage infrastructure must be provided; and
 - 5.7.7 the building / structure must be self-supporting and designed such that no additional load is imposed on the sewerage infrastructure.

6.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 6.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 6.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.
- 6.4 The existing water connection point(s) must be disconnected. A new water connection point must be provided to the development. A hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person must determine the size of connection required.
- The proposed development must be provided with a master meter at the development site boundary and sub-meters for each sole occupancy building in accordance with the *Queensland Plumbing and Drainage Code* and Council's Sub-metering Policy.
- 6.6 All internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works must be completely independent for each unit/tenancy.
- 6.7 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.

- 6.8 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 6.9 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 6.10 Fixtures installed in the basement or other locations, where surcharge could damage the premises and contents, must be connected to the reticulated sewerage system by means of a pumping installation complying with *Australian Standard AS3500 "Sanitary plumbing and drainage"*.

7.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 7.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) subject to ensuring compliance and any alterations required by the *Environmental Protection Act 1992*, *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 7.3 All stormwater must drain to a lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 7.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 7.5 The potential pollutants in stormwater discharged from the development site must be managed in accordance with current water quality best industry practices and in accordance with *State Planning Policy*. Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by a MUSIC model.
- 7.6 The installation of proprietary Stormwater Quality Improvement Devices must be in accordance with relevant *Australian Standards* and all maintenance of the proposed proprietary Stormwater Quality Improvement Devices must be the responsibility of the property owner or body corporate (if applicable).
- 7.7 All proprietary Stormwater Quality Improvement Devices must be routinely checked, serviced and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Records of all maintenance activities undertaken must be kept and made available to Council upon request. Where replacement cartridges or other necessary components for the system become unavailable, an alternative system approved by Council, is required to be retrofitted into the development to achieve an equivalent pollutant reduction outcome.

8.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 8.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 8.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.
 - Note: Design roof and allotment drainage as per *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual* i.e. Level III drainage system.

9.0 SITE WORKS

- 9.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 9.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
 - 9.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill;
 - 9.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the manner in which it is to be compacted;
 - 9.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels;
 - 9.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and
 - 9.2.5 the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cut and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 9.3 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by a preliminary site investigation into acid sulphate soils. If preliminary testing indicates that acid sulphate soils are present in the areas to be excavated or filled, a more detailed acid sulphate soil investigation must be completed, and an appropriate management plan submitted to Council as part of any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works). The detailed investigation and associated management plan must be carried out in accordance with the *Queensland Acid Sulphate Soil Technical Manual* and *State Planning Policy 2014*.
- 9.4 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798* "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".
- 9.5 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 9.6 Retaining structures above one (1) metre in height that are not incidental works to a Development Permit for Building Works, must not be constructed unless separately and specifically certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland and must be approved as part of a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works).
- 10.0 BUILDING WORKS
- 10.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 10.2 The existing structures on the subject land must be demolished and a Development Permit for Building Works (demolition) must be obtained prior to the commencement of demolition works on the development site.
- 10.3 All building works for Class 2 to Class 9 buildings must be undertaken in accordance with Council's *Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy* and any permit obtained in respect of this policy.
- 10.4 Any building plant must be screened from view of the street by one or more of the following:
 - 10.4.1 a solid screen fence, or
 - 10.4.2 a roof design feature; or
 - 10.4.3 a wall; or
 - 10.4.4 dense vegetation; or
 - 10.4.5 be located within, underneath or central to the building so as to not be visible from the street.
- 10.5 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and

- operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".
- 10.6 All windows facing the adjoining residential property to the north from level 1 to level 6 must be properly glazed or screened to not intrude on the privacy of residents.
- 10.7 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019* and must be:
 - 10.7.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 10.7.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8 metre high screen fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;
 - 10.7.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 10.7.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 10.7.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer and fitted with an approved stormwater diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.

Note: As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.

11.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 11.1 All landscaping must be established generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). The landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use and the landscaped areas must predominantly contain plant species that have low water dependency.
- 11.2 Landscaping shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and partly located within Council's Road reserve must be maintained by the owner / occupier.
- 11.3 Landscaping shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and partly located within Council's Road reserve must comply with the following requirements:
 - 11.3.1 Be planted clear of services and utilities;
 - 11.3.2 Be planted clear of park furniture and embellishments;
 - 11.3.3 Not obstruct pedestrian or bicycle traffic; and
 - 11.3.4 Comply with crime prevention through environmental design principles.
- 11.4 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
 - 11.4.1 obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice' series of publications;
 - 11.4.2 adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
 - 11.4.3 adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 11.5 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 11.5.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 11.5.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.

12.0 ELECTRICITY

12.1 Underground electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

13.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS

13.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

14.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 14.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 14.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 14.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).

15.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 15.1 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works must be accompanied by a detailed Environmental Management Plan that addresses, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (i) water quality and drainage;
 - (ii) erosion and silt/sedimentation management;
 - (iii) acid sulfate soils;
 - (iv) top soil management;
 - (v) interim drainage plan during construction;
 - (vi) construction programme;
 - (vii) geotechnical issues;
 - (viii) noise and dust suppression; and
 - (ix) waste management.
- 15.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works must be accompanied by an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that addresses, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (i) objectives;
 - (ii) site location and topography;
 - (iii) vegetation;
 - (iv) site drainage;
 - (v) soils;
 - (vi) erosion susceptibility;
 - (vii) erosion risk;
 - (viii) concept;
 - (ix) design; and
 - (x) implementation,

for the construction and post-construction phases of work.

- 15.3 The Environmental Management Plan approved as part of a Development Permit for Operational Works must be part of the contract documentation for the development works.
- 15.4 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be:

- 15.4.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the development works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped);
- 15.4.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

16.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 16.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Victoria Parade or Quay Lane.
- 16.2 All waste storage areas must be:
 - 16.2.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 16.2.2 maintained in accordance with Environmental Protection Regulation 2019.
- 16.3 All the waste (General and Recycle) must be collected from the site (on-site collection) and waste collection vehicle must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 16.4 Traffic Management Plan for construction traffic must be prepared by a suitably qualified person prior to the commencement of construction and submitted to Council for approval. The Traffic Management Plan must identify safety risks and construction period traffic impacts and what measures are proposed to ameliorate any impacts.
- 16.5 Construction Management Plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified person prior to the commencement of construction and submitted to Council for approval. The Construction Management Plan must ensure construction works are undertaken with minimal impact and disruption to the surrounding community.
- 16.6 Correspondence must be obtained from Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA) prior to the commencement of construction and submitted to Council for approval. Correspondence must include but is not limited to, verification that the development (permanent structure) with a height of 54.9 metres, as per the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), will not impact upon any air services at Rockhampton airport and that a permanent obstacle intrusion to the Obstacle Limitation Surfaces (OLS) height is permitted.

Note: The development may be required to have hazard beacons installed.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. Rating Category

Please note, a Material Change of Use approval may result in an adjustment to a property's rating category. Please contact Council's Rates Department should you require further information.

NOTE 6. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.



Attachment 1 – Part 2
Referral Agency Conditions – State
Development, Infrastructure, Local
Government and Planning (State
Assessment and Referral Agency
Department) Planning Act 2016



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
 (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal					
(b) the deemed refusal (c) a provision of the de	e against— art of the development applion of the development application of the development application		oval.		
Column 1	Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4				
Appellant Respondent Co-respondent Co-respondent by election (if any)					
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent		

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
	agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application	

2. Change applications

- An appeal may be made against—

 (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or

 (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

- An appeal may be made against—

 (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or

 (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

(2) a accimod foldodi of	an extension application.		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-

5. Registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval A private certifier for the development application related to the approval

- 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act
- An appeal may be made against a decision under—
- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only							
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-				
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.							
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4				
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election				
• •		(if any)	(if any)				
A person who was	The local government	-	-				
entitled to receive,	to which the						
notice of the decision	application was made						