



Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/99-2025	Contact:	Sophie Muggeridge
Notice Date:	6 March 2026	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	KJ Cooke Pty Ltd and CR & KM Baird Pty Ltd		
Postal address:	C/- Urban Advisory 109 Ashgrove Avenue ASHGROVE QLD 4060		
Phone no:	Mobile no: 0434 098 597	Email:	anthony@urbanadvisory.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 24 July 2025 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Transport Depot and Non-Resident Workforce Accommodation (Temporary 18 persons)
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PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	23 Somerset Road, Gracemere
Real property description:	Lot 3 and Lot 16 on SP206688

<p>Dear KJ Cooke Pty Ltd Tte and CR & KM Baird Pty Ltd Tte</p> <p>I advise that, on 2 March 2026 the above development application was:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)</p> <p>*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.</p>
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1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - Material change of use	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	<i>Access and Parking Works</i> <i>Water Works</i> <i>Stormwater Works</i> <i>Roof and Allotment Drainage Works</i>
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. SUBMISSIONS – NIL

5. REFERRAL AGENCIES – NIL

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Prepared by</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version/ Issue</u>
Staging Plans	Castleworth Architecture & Interior Design	15 December 2025	SK 4.0	C
Staging Plans	Castleworth Architecture & Interior Design	15 December 2025	SK 4.1	C
Staging Plans	Castleworth Architecture & Interior Design	15 December 2025	SK 4.2	C
Plans and Elevations	Castleworth Architecture & Interior Design	15 December 2025	SK 4.3	C
Stormwater Management Plan	Planit Consulting	11 December 2025	J8292	D
Cover Page & Locality Plan	Planit Consulting	5 December 2025	0001	C
Sediment & Erosion Control Plan and Details	Planit Consulting	5 December 2025	0100	C
Civil Layout Plan	Planit Consulting	5 December 2025	0300	C
Swept Path Plan	Planit Consulting	5 December 2025	0350	C
Catchment Plan	Planit Consulting	5 December 2025	0400	C
Landscape Concept Plan	Agla	8 July 2025	25.067.1	B
Proposed Planting Schedule	Agla	8 July 2025	25.067.2	B

Proposed Planting Schedule	Agla	8 July 2025	25.067.3	B
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7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the *Planning Act*)

In accordance with section 85(1)(a)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if the first change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development
Material Change of Use for a Transport Depot and Non-Resident Workforce Accommodation (Temporary 18 persons)
Reasons for Decision
Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity.
Assessment Benchmarks
The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local Government Infrastructure Plan; • Strategic Framework; • Medium Impact Industry Zone Code; • Access, Parking and Transport Code; • Landscape Code; • Stormwater Management Code; • Waste Management Code; and • Water and Sewer Code.
Compliance with assessment benchmarks
The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and wholly complies without exception.
Relevant Matters
The proposed development was not assessed against any relevant matters outside of the matters prescribed by regulation.
Matters raised in submissions
The proposal was the subject of public notification between 9 January 2026 and 30 January 2026, in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> and the <i>Development Assessment Rules</i> , and no submissions were received.
Matters prescribed by regulation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 5). • Central Queensland Regional Plan 2013; and

- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

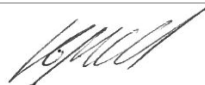
Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: **Kathy McDonald**
PRINCIPAL PLANNING
OFFICER

Signature:



Date: 6 March 2026

Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016*, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval and subsequent change/s to the original development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the useunless otherwise stated.
- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Access and Parking Works;
 - (ii) Water Works;
 - (iii) Stormwater Works;
 - (iv) Roof and Allotment Drainage Works;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standards and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.10 Lot 19 on SP206688 and Lot 3 on SP206688 must be amalgamated and registered as one lot prior to the commencement of the use.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Prepared by</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version/ Issue</u>
Staging Plans	Castleworth Architecture & Interior Design	15 December 2025	SK 4.0	C
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Proposed Planting Schedule	Agla	8 July 2025	25.067.2	B
Proposed Planting Schedule	Agla	8 July 2025	25.067.3	B

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 STAGED DEVELOPMENT

3.1 This development approval is for a development to be undertaken in five (5) discrete stages, namely:

- 3.1.1 Stage One - Transport Depot: Office building, shed building, waste storage area, stormwater infrastructure, sealing, driveway connection, carparks one to five and associated landscaping.
- 3.1.2 Stage Two - Non-Resident Workforce Accommodation: Buildings One and Two, Carparks Seven to twelve, waste storage area and associated landscaping.
- 3.1.3 Stage Three - Continuation of non-resident workforce accommodation: Buildings three and four, barbeque building and carparks one to six and associated landscaping.
- 3.1.4 Stage Four - Continuation of non-resident workforce accommodation: Buildings five and six; and
- 3.1.5 Stage Five – Removal of non-resident workforce accommodation and associated structures.

in accordance with the approved Staging plan (refer to condition 2.1).

- 3.2 The stages are required to be undertaken in chronological order.
- 3.3 Unless otherwise expressly stated, the conditions must be read as being applicable only to the particular stages(s) being developed (refer to condition 3.1).
- 3.4 The currency period for Stage One is six (6) years from the date this approval takes effect.
- 3.5 Stage Two, Three and Four has a currency period of ten (10) years from the commencement of stage 2 taking effect.
- 3.6 Stage Five must commence within twelve months of the cessation of the non-resident workforce accommodation (refer to condition 16.3).
- 4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS
- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All access, car parking and manoeuvring areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.4 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.5 A minimum of seventeen (17) parking spaces must be provided on-site. This includes twelve (12) car parking spaces for the Workers Accommodation component and five (5) parking spaces for the Transport Depot component.
- 4.6 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.7 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities – Off-street car parking"*.
- 5.0 WATER WORKS
- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (water works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any water works required by this development approval.
- Note: If Fitzroy River Water construct the new road crossing across Foster Street to service the Workers Accommodation (refer Condition 7.7) as Private Works, an application for Operational Works (water works) will not be required.
- 5.2 All water works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (water works).
- 5.3 A new water connection point must be provided from the existing water network in Foster Street. A hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person must determine the size of connection required.
- 5.4 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by an hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 5.5 A road crossing water conduit and associated water service pipe works must be constructed across Foster Street and must be approved as part of a Development Permit for Operational Works (water works). This non-trunk infrastructure is conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*.
- 6.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS
- 6.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 6.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply*

(Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.

- 6.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 6.4 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development.
- 6.5 A new sewerage connection point must be provided from the existing sewerage infrastructure located adjacent the Foster Street frontage of Lot 16 on SP206688.

Note: These works must be carried out by Fitzroy River Water as Private Works.

- 6.6 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 6.7 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 6.8 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.

7.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 7.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 7.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 7.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 7.5 The installation of gross pollutant traps must be in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and all maintenance of the proposed gross pollutant traps must be the responsibility of the property owner (if applicable).
- 7.6 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems including retention systems, inlet and outlet structures, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.
- 7.7 The detention basin/bio basin as identified on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) must be landscaped in accordance with Council's requirements. Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by detailed plans and specifications for the detention basin and the design must:
 - 7.7.1 be suitable to the climate and incorporate predominately native species;
 - 7.7.2 maximise areas suitable for on-site infiltration of stormwater;
 - 7.7.3 incorporate shade trees; and
 - 7.7.4 demonstrate that all areas apart from garden beds are fully turfed or hydromulched.

The detailed design of the detention basin/s as identified on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), must ensure the safety of the public and/or tenants and where applicable include all required safety measures and facilities (for example, child proof fences). A maintenance plan for the proposed detention basin system must be submitted as part of any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).

8.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 8.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 8.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 8.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 9.0 BUILDING WORKS
- 9.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 9.2 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 9.3 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".
- 9.4 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019* and must be:
- 9.4.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.
- 9.4.2 screened to obstruct from view the contents of the waste storage area.
- 9.4.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning; and
- 9.4.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage.
- 9.5 An additional waste storage area must be provided for the Worker's Accommodation component of the development. This storage area must be adjacent to the accommodation buildings and comply with the requirements of the *Waste Management Planning Scheme Policy* in the Rockhampton region Planning Scheme 2015.
- 9.6 A minimum 2.1 metre high security fence must be erected around all property boundaries.
- 10.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS
- 10.1 Landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the associated stage (refer to all areas shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 10.2 A minimum two (2) metre wide landscaped strip is to be provided along all road frontages.
- 10.3 Landscaping must be designed in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS 1428 — Design for access and mobility*.
- 10.4 Planting types used within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must include either trees, shrubs or groundcovers, or any combination of these planting types. These plantings must be established and maintained generally at the following density rates:
- 10.4.1 trees at five (5) metre intervals;
- 10.4.2 shrubs at two (2) metre intervals; and
- 10.4.3 groundcovers at one (1) metre intervals.
- 10.5 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency and must comply with the following requirements:
- 10.5.1 Plant species are chosen from sources recommended in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 — Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*; and

- 10.5.2 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 – Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*.
- 10.6 Shade trees must comply with the following requirements:
 - 10.6.1 Be planted clear of services and utilities;
 - 10.6.2 Be planted clear of park furniture and embellishments;
 - 10.6.3 Not obstruct pedestrian or bicycle traffic; and
 - 10.6.4 Comply with crime prevention through environmental design principles.
- 10.7 Shade trees within car parking areas are to be provided and planted within a deep natural ground/structured soil garden bed/island/bay and are protected by wheel stops or bollards as required.
- 10.8 Each shade tree(s) has/have a clean trunk with a minimum height of two (2) metres and must be provided within the car park at the following rate:
 - 10.8.1 In single sided, angle or parallel bays – One (1) tree per three (3) car parks; and
 - 10.8.2 Each shade tree is provided with a minimum planting area of 1.2 square metres with a minimum topsoil depth of 0.8 metres.
- 10.9 Root control barriers must be installed where invasive roots may cause damage to car parking areas, pedestrian paths and road carriageways.
- 10.10 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.
- 10.11 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
 - 10.11.1 obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice' series of publications;
 - 10.11.2 adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
 - 10.11.3 adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 10.12 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 10.12.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 10.12.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 11.0 ELECTRICITY
- 11.1 Underground electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 12.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS
- 12.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 13.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 13.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 13.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 13.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).
- 14.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 14.1 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines, must be implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the development works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped). The plan must be available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.
- 15.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
- 15.1 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.
- 15.2 An incidents register must be kept at the premises and it must record any incidents including but not limited to:
- 15.2.1 any fire at the premises; and
 - 15.2.2 any release of contaminants not in accordance with the development approval conditions.
- 15.3 Plant and equipment must be maintained in proper working order at all times, in accordance with the manufacturer's directions to ensure the efficiency of the equipment.
- 15.4 Stormwater must be prevented from entering contaminated work areas. Any stormwater which may enter into a contaminated area must not be drained to the stormwater drainage system.
- 15.5 No contaminants are permitted to be released to land or water, including soil, silt, oils, detergents, etcetera. Any wash-down areas used for the maintenance or cleaning of equipment (including vehicles) must be appropriately bunded and drained to the sewer network in accordance with a trade waste permit.
- 15.6 All chemicals and/or environmentally hazardous liquids must be contained within a covered, bunded storage area that has a volume of at least that of the largest container in the bund plus twenty-five percent (25%) of the total storage capacity.
- 15.7 An appropriate spill kit must be kept on-site for neutralising or decontaminating spills. The spill kit must be clearly identifiable, maintained regularly and stored in a central location that is easily accessible to employees. Staff must be adequately trained in the use of these materials. The spill kit may consist of:
- 15.7.1 a bin with a tight-fitting lid, partially filled with non-combustible absorbent material such as vermiculite;
 - 15.7.2 a broom, shovel, face shield, chemically-resistant boots and gloves; and
 - 15.7.3 waste bags and ties.
- 15.8 Any spillage of environmentally hazardous liquids or other materials must be cleaned up as quickly as practicable. Any spillage of waste and/or contaminants must not be hosed or swept to any stormwater drainage system, roadside gutter or waters.
- 15.9 Regulated waste and any other waste must not be released to the environment, stored, transferred or disposed of in such a manner that it will or may cause environmental harm or nuisance. This includes any waste being burnt or incinerated at the premises.
- 15.10 All traceable regulated waste must be removed from the premises by a licensed regulated waste transporter.
- 15.11 Where regulated waste is removed from the premises, records must be maintained for a period of five (5) years, and include the following:
- 15.11.1 the date, quantity and type of waste removed;
 - 15.11.2 a copy of any licensed waste transport vehicle dockets;
 - 15.11.3 the name of the licensed regulated waste removalist and/or disposal operator; and
 - 15.11.4 the intended treatment and/or disposal destination of the waste.
- These records must be available for inspection by Council when requested.
- 15.12 The storage of ammonium nitrate either as solid (prill) or emulsion, as defined under the *Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011* as a Hazardous Chemical is not permitted on site without an appropriate license to store explosives from Resources Safety & Health Queensland.

16.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 16.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Somerset Drive or Foster Street.
- 16.2 The non-resident workforce accommodation use is limited to accommodate a maximum of 18 persons.
- 16.3 The non-resident workforce accommodation land use is limited to a period of ten (10) years from the date the use commences. The non-resident workforce accommodation must cease after this period and the land rehabilitated to the pre-developed scenario or otherwise, as agreed between council and the landowner.
- 16.4 A rehabilitation and decommissioning plan for the non-resident workforce accommodation must be submitted for endorsement by council within twelve months of the use ceasing or at the end of the ten (10) year period.
- 16.5 All surface treatments must be operated and maintained in a manner so that there is no significant impact as determined by Council on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area being caused due to the emission of dust or resulting in sediment laden water.
- Note: If the amenity impacts cannot be mitigated, the area must be sealed to Council's satisfaction.
- 16.6 All waste storage areas must be:
- 16.6.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
- 16.6.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019*.
- 16.7 Cleaning of plant equipment and vehicles must be carried out in an area where wastewater can be suitably managed so as not to cause contaminants to release into waterways or overland flow paths or an approved washdown bay is built to prevent contamination of land and the stormwater system.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Women, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships and Multiculturalism website <https://www.dwatsipm.qld.gov.au/>

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 3. General Safety of Public During Construction

The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 4. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

NOTE 5. Rating Category

Please note, a Material Change of Use approval may result in an adjustment to a property's rating category. Please contact Council's Rates Department should you require further information.

NOTE 6. Building Works

A Building Works Permit for a change of building classification or new building application may be required in accordance with the *Building Act 1975*. It is recommended a building certifier is engaged for advice.

NOTE 7. Advertising Devices

Any Advertising device associated with or attached to the development must be carried out in accordance with Council's Planning Scheme.

NOTE 8. Transport Noise Corridor

Any residential buildings located within the Transport Noise Corridor must comply with the *Queensland Development Code (QDC) MP4.4* – Buildings in a transport noise corridor.

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
 - (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
 - (3) The **appeal period** is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
- Note—
See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
 - (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
 - (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
 - (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
 - (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— **decision** includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
- (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to—
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
- (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.

Table 1
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

<p>1. Development applications An appeal may be made against—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval. 			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
		agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
2. Change applications An appeal may be made against— (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application
3. Extension applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

**Table 1
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal**

<p>4. Infrastructure charges notices An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds</p> <p>a) The notice involved an error relating to –</p> <p>(i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or</p> <p>Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development • Applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development <p>(i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or</p> <p>(ii) An offset or refund; or</p> <p>b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or</p> <p>c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund; or</p> <p>d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
<p>5. Conversion applications An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
<p>6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

<p>1. Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—</p> <p>(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or</p> <p>(b) jurisdictional error.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

<p>2. Eligible submitter appeals An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency’s referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>
<p>3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to— (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p> <p>3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency’s referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>
<p>4. Compensation claims An appeal may be made against— (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>A person dissatisfied with the decision</p>	<p>The local government to which the claim was made</p>	<p>-</p>	<p>-</p>
<p>5. Registered premises</p>			

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about— (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or (b) the erection of a building or other structure.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

**Table 3
Appeals to the tribunal only**

1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under— (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3			
Appeals to the tribunal only			
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
<p>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-