



Decision Notice Approval (amended)

Planning Act Form 5 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s83 (change application) Planning Act 2016

| | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Application number: | D/1-2022 | Contact: | Aidan Murray |
| Notice Date: | 9 November 2023 | Contact Number: | 07 4936 8099 |

APPLICANT DETAILS

| | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------|-----|
| Name: | Pierce Engineering Pty Ltd | | |
| Postal address: | C/- GSPC PO BOX 379 GRACEMERE QLD 4702 | | |
| Phone no: | 07 4922 7033 | Mobile no: | N/A |
| Email: | admin@gspc.com.au | | |

I acknowledge receipt of the above change application on 3 October 2023 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Reconfiguring a Lot (one lot into two lots and access easements)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Street address: | 161 Maloney Street and 48 Quinn Street, Kawana |
| Real property description: | Lot 40 on SP263881 and Lot 1 on LN839307, Parish of Murchison |

Dear Pierce Engineering Pty Ltd

I advise that, on **3 November 2023** the above change application was:

☒ approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

| | | | |
|----|---------------|---------|-----------------|
| 1) | Item 3 | Changed | 3 November 2023 |
| 2) | Item 6 | Changed | 3 November 2023 |
| 3) | Condition 1.5 | Changed | 3 November 2023 |
| 4) | Condition 2.1 | Changed | 3 November 2023 |
| 5) | Condition 3.1 | Deleted | 3 November 2023 |
| 6) | Condition 3.2 | Changed | 3 November 2023 |
| 7) | Condition 3.4 | Deleted | 3 November 2023 |

| | | | |
|-----|---------------|---------|-----------------|
| 8) | Condition 3.5 | Deleted | 3 November 2023 |
| 9) | Condition 6.3 | Changed | 3 November 2023 |
| 10) | Condition 6.4 | Changed | 3 November 2023 |

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

| | Development Permit | Preliminary Approval |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - Reconfiguring a lot | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

| Type of development permit required | Subject of the required development permit |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Operational Works | <i>Inter-allotment Drainage Works</i> |

4. SUBMISSIONS

Properly made submissions **were not** made in relation to the application.

5. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

| Plan / Document Name | Prepared by | Date | Reference No. | Version /Issue |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Plan of Lots 40, 41, Easements A & C in Lot 40 and Easements B & E in Lot 41 Cancelling Lot 40 on SP263881. | Sunrise Surveying Pty Ltd | 15 September 2023 | SP334490 | - |
| Plan of Easement D in Lot 1 on LN839307 | Sunrise Surveying Pty Ltd | 15 September 2023 | SP334491 | - |

7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

In accordance with section 85(1)(b)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act, is required to be given to a local government for approval is not given to the local government within four (4) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

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|---------------------------------------|---|
| Description of the development | Reconfiguring a Lot (one lot into two lots) |
| Reasons for Decision | a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding |

| | | |
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| | <p>natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and</p> <p>b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.</p> | |
| Assessment Benchmarks | <p>The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strategic Framework; • Low Impact Industry Zone Code; • Airport Environs Code; • Biodiversity Overlay Code; • Flood Hazard Overlay Code; • Steep Land Overlay Code; • Reconfiguring a Lot Code; • Access, Parking And Transport Code; • Landscape Code; • Stormwater Management Code; • Water and Sewer Code; and • Filling and Excavation Code. | |
| Compliance with assessment benchmarks | <p>The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.</p> | |
| | Assessment Benchmark | Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark |
| | <p>Flood Hazard Overlay Code</p> <p>PO14</p> | <p>The proposed subdivision involves the creation of a new lot that is subject to Creek Catchment Planning Area 2 and therefore does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 14.1 or Performance Outcome (PO) 14.</p> <p>The subject site is marginally affected by Creek Catchment Planning Area 2. In accordance with that component of the Flood Hazard Overlay, it is apparent that only the frontage of the subject site is impacted by flood hazard from the Splitters Creek Catchment. The vast majority of the site remains flood-free and is suitable for industrial development. Furthermore, the updated flood modelling presented in the Planning Scheme Major Amendment – Local Catchment and Riverine Flood Mapping (Draft Planning Scheme Version 4) shows a reduction to Creek Catchment Planning Area 2 to the point of it being non-existent on the site.</p> <p>In contrast to the reduction of flood hazard to the site itself as noted above, Maloney Street and Quinn Street are substantially affected by localised flood hazard within the Splitters Creek catchment with increased risk within the road reserves, with implications to the proposed access to Proposed Lot 41 in particular. Therefore, ensuring safe and effective access to and from the site is the primary consideration in relation to the localised flooding from the Splitter's Creek Catchment.</p> <p>In response, the applicant has proposed a secondary component of the development to establish access easements over Lot 1 on LN839307 and Proposed Lots 40</p> |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| | | <p>and 41. These easements are intended to be used for emergency access and evacuation, when necessary, in the instance of a significant flood event that may prevent safe access from the regular driveway to Proposed Lots 40 and 41.</p> <p>Accordingly, the development would therefore comply with the relevant Overall Outcomes (e and f) when reasonable consideration is given to the most recent flood modelling and Draft Flood Hazard Overlay. The land itself is only marginally impacted by Creek Catchment Planning Areas and reasonable precautions have been undertaken to ensure the site is resilient and can effectively respond to flood events.</p> <p>The proposal is therefore considered to achieve the desired intent of the Purpose and Overall Outcomes of the Flood Hazard Overlay Code despite some conflict with parts of the applicable assessment benchmarks (AO14,1 and PO14).</p> |
| | Reconfiguring a Lot Code PO7 | <p>The proposed subdivision does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 7.1 and Table 9.3.5.3.2 as Proposed Lot 41 has a depth of approximately 36.7m which is slightly less than the prescribed minimum of 40m. Additionally, some parts of Proposed Lot 40 are also less than the prescribed minimum depth due to the slightly irregular shape and layout of the lot. The site is bounded and constrained to the north by Splitter's Creek. Both proposed lots achieve all other prescribed minimum dimensions (lot size area, frontage width).</p> <p>The small shortfalls in lot depth are unlikely to have a negative impact on the functionality of the site to be used for industrial purposes. The overall size of each lot (Lot 40 – 3,314m²; Lot 41 – 1,202m²) ensures sufficient developable and operational area to achieve the following performance outcomes for existing or potential industrial activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appropriate buildings and structures; • Adequate useable open space and landscaping; • Ventilation and sunlight; • Suitable vehicle access and on-site parking where required; and • Any required on-site services and infrastructure. <p>Therefore, on the balance of assessment, the development is considered to comply with Performance Outcome (PO) 7.</p> |
| | Reconfiguring a Lot Code PO11 | <p>The proposed subdivision does not fully comply with Performance Outcome (PO) 11 as proposed Lot 40 is not rectangular in shape due to positioning and location of the Proposed Lot 41. Despite this, the development complies with all other parts of PO11 and is consistent with the Purpose and Overall Outcomes of the Reconfiguring a Lot Code.</p> |
| Matters raised in submissions | No submissions were received during public notification for the application. | |
| Matters prescribed by regulation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015</i> (version 2.2); and • The common material, being the material submitted with the application. | |

9. RIGHTS OF APPEAL

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.


Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ORIGINAL DECISION ASSESSMENT MANAGER

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Name: Amanda O'Mara COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT | Date: 31 March 2023 |
|---|---------------------|

12. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

| | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| Name: Amanda O'Mara COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT | Signature:  | Date: 9 November 2023 |
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Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016*, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to “Council” in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Inter-allotment Drainage Works.
- 1.6 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.7 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.8 Street numbering for the development must be in accordance with *Australian/New Zealand Standard for Rural and Urban Addressing (AS4819:2011)*. Council will allocate street numbering to the development in accordance with this standard at the time of issuing the Survey Plan Approval Certificate.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

| Plan / Document Name | Prepared by | Date | Reference No. | Version /Issue |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Plan of Lots 40, 41, Easements A & C in Lot 40 and Easements B & E in Lot 41 Cancelling Lot 40 on SP263881. | Sunrise Surveying Pty Ltd | 15 September 2023 | SP334490 | - |
| Plan of Easement D in Lot 1 on LN839307 | Sunrise Surveying Pty Ltd | 15 September 2023 | SP334491 | - |

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 SEWERAGE WORKS

3.1 Deleted.

3.2 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, and *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.

3.3 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network. Each lot must be provided with its own separate sewerage connection point, located wholly within its respective property boundary.

3.4 Deleted.

3.5 Deleted.

3.6 Easements must be provided over all sewerage infrastructure located within private property. The easement location(s) and width(s) must be in accordance with the requirements of the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*.

3.7 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.

4.0 WATER WORKS

4.1 All water works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, and *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.

4.2 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.

4.3 The existing water connection point located within the proposed Lot 41 must be retained to service Lot 41. A new water connection point must be provided for proposed Lot 40 from the existing 100 millimetre reticulated water main located at the Maloney Street.

5.0 STORMWATER WORKS

5.1 Any stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.

6.0 INTER-ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (inter-allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works required by this development approval.

6.2 All inter-allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (inter-allotment drainage works).

6.3 A new 150 millimetre diameter inter-allotment drainage pipe must be constructed within the proposed Lot 41 to service the proposed Lot 41 and must be connected to the existing pit on Lot 41. A new field inlet must also be constructed within the proposed Lot 41.

6.4 Inter-allotment drainage systems including field inlet within the proposed Lot 41 must be wholly contained within a Council easement (proposed easement E) and be in accordance with the minimum widths prescribed in the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*. Easement documents must accompany the Survey Plan for endorsement by Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate.

7.0 SITE WORKS AND EARTHWORKS

7.1 Any site works or earthworks must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

8.0 ELECTRICITY

8.1 Electricity services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

9.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS

- 9.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider. Unless otherwise stipulated by telecommunications legislation at the time of installation, this includes all necessary pits, pipes and conduits that provide a connection to the telecommunications network.
- 10.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 10.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 10.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 10.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).
- 11.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES
- 11.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials, or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Maloney Street.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 3. General Safety of Public During Construction

The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 4. Property Note (Access)

Unrestricted access to the proposed Lot 41 must be provided via Easement A & C over proposed Lot 40 and Easement D over Lot 1 LN839307 at all times.

NOTE 5. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
 - (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
 - (3) The **appeal period** is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
- Note—**
See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
 - (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
 - (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
 - (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
 - (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— **decision** includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1

Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to—
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.

| Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Development applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The applicant | The assessment manager | If the appeal is about a concurrence | 1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent |

| Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal | | | |
|---|------------------------|---|---|
| | | agency's referral response—the concurrence agency | 2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application |
| 2. Change applications An appeal may be made against— (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or (b) a deemed refusal of a change application. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| 1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice | The responsible entity | If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant | 1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application |
| 3. Extension applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application | The assessment manager | If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant | If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager |
| 4. Infrastructure charges notices An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds a) The notice involved an error relating to – (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or (ii) An offset or refund; or b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund; or d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have | | | |

| Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| imposed the amount. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The person given the Infrastructure charges notice | The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice | - | - |
| 5. Conversion applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The applicant | The local government to which the conversion application was made | - | - |
| 6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The person given the enforcement notice | The enforcement authority | - | If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government |

| Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of— (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or (b) jurisdictional error. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A party to the proceedings for the decision | The other party to the proceedings for the decision | - | - |
| 2. Eligible submitter appeals An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent | Column 4 Co-respondent by election |

| Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | | (if any) | (if any) |
| 1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application | 1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity | 1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency | Another eligible submitter for the application |
| 3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to— (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| 1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application | 1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity | 1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency | Another eligible submitter for the application |
| 4. Compensation claims An appeal may be made against— (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b). | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A person dissatisfied with the decision | The local government to which the claim was made | - | - |
| 5. Registered premises An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| 1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or | The Minister | - | If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises |

| Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|
| renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision | | | |
| 6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about— (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or (b) the erection of a building or other structure. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions. | The local government | - | - |

| Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| 1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval | The assessment manager | The applicant | 1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval |
| 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under— (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision | The person who made the decision | - | - |
| 4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent | Column 4 Co-respondent by election |

| Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only | | | |
|--|--|----------|----------|
| | | (if any) | (if any) |
| A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision | The local government to which the application was made | - | - |