

Decision Notice Approval (negotiated)

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s76 Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/88-2021	Contact:	Aidan Murray
Notice Date:	28 October 2021	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Board of Trustees of Rockhampton Grammar School			
Postal address:	'ostal address:			
Phone no:	Mobile no:	Email:		

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 2 July 2021 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for an Extension to Childcare Centre

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	124 Quarry Street, The Range
Real property description:	Lot 9 on CP908779

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Board of Trustees of Rockhampton Grammar School
Postal add	ress:
Dear Board	d of Trustees of Rockhampton Grammar School
I advise that	at, on 8 September 2021 the above development application was:
🖾 approv	ved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)
	ne conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and ditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition 2.1	Changed	22 October 2021
2)	Condition 7.5	Changed	22 October 2021

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	

Rockhampton Regional Council, PO Box 1860, Rockhampton Q 4700 | Phone 4932 9000 | Fax 1300 22 55 79 Email enquiries@rrc.qld.gov.au | Web www.rockhamptonregion.qld.gov.au

- Material change of use

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Parking Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	<u>Version</u> /Issue
Cover Sheet	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 A-00-00	A
Site Plan – Existing and Demolition	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 A-10-10	A
Site Plan – Proposed	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 A-10-20	A
Proposed Storage Shed – All Views	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 A-21-01	A
Floor Plans – Upper & Lower	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 21-11	A
RCP Upper & Lower Roof Plan	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 21-26	A
Elevations	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 30-30	A
Sections	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 30-31	A

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for a Material Change of Use for a Extension to Childcare Centre		
Reasons for Decision	 a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and b) The proposal ensures that community-related activities remain the 		
A		nue to effectively meet the community needs.	
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:		
	Community Facilities Zo	one Code;	
	Access, Parking And Tra	ansport Code;	
	Landscape Code;		
	Stormwater Managemei	nt Code;	
	Waste Management Co	de;	
	Water and Sewer Code;		
	Airport Environs Overlay	y Code; and	
	Steep Land Overlay Cod	de.	
Compliance with assessment benchmarks	The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and wholly complies without exception.		
Dencimarks	Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmark	
	Community facilities zone The proposed child care building does not comply with AO1.1 in that exceeds a maximum height of 8.5 metres above the current natural ground level. It is still considered to achieve the performance outcome PO1 in that it complements the scale of the locality and does not negatively impact the amenity or overshadow any adjoining residential zones or areas.		
Airport environs overlay code The proposed child care building intrudes into the building height limit under the Obstacle Limitation Surface therefore does not comply with Ad development still achieves the per outcome PO1 as the height intrusion in to the slope of the site and the need to fill on some parts of the land up to 1.3 the natural ground level. The building its in height from the ground floor and ther not materially obstruct operational airsp			
Relevant Matters	There were no relevant matte	ers applicable to the assessment of this application.	
Matters prescribed by regulation	 The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 2.2); and The common material, being the material submitted with the application. 		

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Tarnya Fitzgibbon Signature: Date: 28 October 2021 COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT Date: 28 October 2021	
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Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

- 1.0 <u>ADMINISTRATION</u>
- 1.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Parking Works;
 - (ii) Roof and Allotment Drainage;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

<u>Plan/Document</u> <u>Name</u>	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	<u>Version</u> <u>/Issue</u>
Cover Sheet	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14	А

			A-00-00	
Site Plan – Existing and Demolition	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 A-10-10	A
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Elevations	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 30-30	A
Sections	Thomson Adsett	29 September 2021	21.0040.14 30-31	A

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.

3.0 PARKING WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any parking works on the development site.
- 3.2 All parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (parking works).
- 3.3 All parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (parking works).
- 3.4 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 3.5 A minimum of nineteen (19) additional parking spaces must be provided on-site.
- 3.6 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (parking works).
- 3.7 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements / swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 4.1 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018,* Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 4.2 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 4.3 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development.
- 4.4 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 4.5 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 4.6 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 4.7 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.
- 4.8 The finished sewerage access chamber surface must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber. A heavy duty trafficable lid must be provided in the trafficable area.

5.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 5.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 5.3 Any application for a Development permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be accompanied by a Stormwater Drainage Report prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ) that as a minimum includes:
 - 5.3.1 that roof and allotment runoff is directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure;
 - 5.3.2 an assessment of a peak discharge for all rainfall events up to and including a one percent (1%) Annual Exceedance Probability defined flood event, for the predevelopment and post-development scenarios; and
 - 5.3.3 identification and conceptual design of all new drainage systems, and modifications to existing drainage systems required to appropriately and adequately manage stormwater collection and discharge from the proposed development (proposed roof drainage and stormwater runoff from car parking area).
- 6.0 <u>SITE WORKS</u>
- 6.1 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".*

- 6.2 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 6.3 Retaining structures above one (1) metre in height that are not incidental works to a Development Permit for Building Works, must not be constructed unless separately and specifically certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ) and must be approved as part of a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works).

7.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 7.2 All building works for Class 2 to Class 9 buildings must be undertaken in accordance with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4 "Building over or near relevant infrastructure."*
- 7.3 All external elements, such as air conditioners, and associated equipment, must be adequately screened from public view, to Council's satisfaction.
- 7.4 Access to and use of the land the subject of this application must comply with the provisions of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* and/or the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991*. If either of those statutes require the provision of access or facilities in a way that is inconsistent with this development approval, those facilities must be provided.
- 7.5 A certificate from a licensed surveyor to demonstrate the completed building does not exceed 9.85 metres above natural ground level, in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), must be submitted to Council prior to the occupation of the building.

8.0 <u>ELECTRICITY</u>

8.1 Underground electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

9.0 <u>TELECOMMUNICATIONS</u>

9.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

10.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 10.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 10.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

11.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 11.1 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan (ECSCMP) prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ) in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be:
 - 11.1.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydro-mulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 11.1.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.
- 12.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 12.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 12.2 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.

13.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 13.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Quarry Street or Reservoir Street.
- 13.2 All waste storage areas must be:
 - 13.2.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 13.2.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019*.
- 14.0 LANDSCAPING
- 14.1 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency.
- 14.2 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*.
- 14.3 Shade trees must comply with the following requirements:
 - 14.3.1 Be planted clear of services and utilities;
 - 14.3.2 Not obstruct pedestrian or bicycle traffic; and
 - 14.3.3 Comply with crime prevention through environmental design principles.
- 14.4 Shade trees with a minimum height of two (2) metres must be provided within the car park at the following rates:
 - 14.4.1 One (1) tree per three (3) car parks.
- NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website <u>www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au</u>.

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. Licensable Activities

Should an activity licensable by Rockhampton Regional Council be proposed for the development site, or should the licenced kitchen onsite require upgrades following the

expansion, Council's Environment and Public Health Unit must be consulted to determine whether any approvals are required. Such activities may include food preparation, storage of dangerous goods or environmentally relevant activities. Approval for such activities is required before 'fit out' and operation.

NOTE 5. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 6. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—

 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
 - Note—
 - See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.
- 230 Notice of appeal
- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—

 (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a corespondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1 Appeals

Appeals section 229 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or

(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or

(c) a provision of the development approval; or

(d) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment

Table 1				
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
			manager3 Any eligible advice agency for the application4 Any eligible submitter for the application	
2. Change applicationsAn appeal may be made(a) a responsible entity's(b) a deemed refusal of a	decision for a change ap	olication, other than a decis	sion made by the P&E court; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application 	
		extension application; or		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
 1 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager	
 a) The notice involved a (i) The application of Examples of errors in ap The incorrect ap Applying an incorrect (i) The working (ii) An offset or b) The was no decision c) If the infrastructure characterization 	against an infrastructure in error relating to – i the relevant adopted charge polying an adopted charge polication of gross floor are prect 'use category', unde out of extra demands, for refund; or about an offset or refund; marges notice states a refund arge is so unreasonable t	a for a non-residential dev r a regulation, to the develor section 120; or or und will be given – the timir	elopment opment	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent by election	

		Table 1	
The person given the	Appeals to the P&E Court The local government	and, for certain matters, to	o a tribunal
Infrastructure charges notice	that gave the infrastructure charges notice		
5. Conversion applicatic An appeal may be made (a) the refusal of a conv (b) a deemed refusal of	e against—		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
6. Enforcement notices			•
An appeal may be made	e against the decision to g	ive an enforcement notice	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government
	Appeals t	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
section 252, on the grou	e against a decision of a tr		on under
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-
application, to the exten	e against the decision to gi t that the decision relates	to—	al, or an approval for a change at required impact assessment; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
			Page 14

Table 2				
the change application	Appears	to the P&E Court only		
3. Eligible submitter and An appeal may be made include a provision in the	e development approval, opment application or the	development approval, or t to the extent the matter rel		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application Compensation claims 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application	
(b) a decision under sec	tion 32 about a compens. tion 265 about a claim for a claim under paragraph	r compensation; or		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-	
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
 1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises	

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied,

under a local law about-

notice of the decision

application was made

(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or

(b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only					
 Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions. 					
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval A private certifier for the development application related to the approval 		
 Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under— (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5. 					
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-		
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.					
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
A person who was entitled to receive,	The local government to which the	-	-		