



# Decision Notice Approval (negotiated)

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s76 Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/32-2020	Contact:	Amanda O'Mara
Notice Date:	9 November 2020	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

## APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Sunwater Limited		
Postal address:	C/- Gideon Town Planning		
Phone no:	n/a	Mobile no:	Email:

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 24 March 2020 and confirm the following:

## DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

<b>Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for Non-Resident Workforce Accommodation (250 persons)</b>
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## PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	1486 Thirsty Creek Road, Gogango
Real property description:	Lot 2 on SP136791, Parish of Windah

## OWNER DETAILS

Name:	L T Acton and M E Acton
Postal address:	
<b>Dear Sunwater Limited</b>	
I advise that, on <b>3 November 2020</b> the above development application was:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in <b>Attachment 1</b> )	
*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.	

## CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition	Changed	3 November 2020
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## 1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - Material change of use	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

## 2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

## 3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Access and Parking Works Stormwater Works Site Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

## 4. SUBMISSIONS

NIL

## 5. REFERRAL AGENCIES

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

For an application involving	Name of agency	Role of Agency	Contact Details
<b>STATE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE (Generally)</b>			
<i>Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 1, Table 1 – Aspect of development stated in schedule 20</i>			
<p>Development application for an aspect of development stated in schedule 20 that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument or section 21, if—</p> <p>(a) the development is for a purpose stated in schedule 20, column 1 for the aspect; and</p> <p>(b) the development meets or exceeds the threshold—</p> <p>(i) for development in local government area 1—stated in schedule 20, column 2 for the purpose; or</p> <p>(ii) for development in local government area 2—stated in schedule 20, column 3 for the purpose; and</p> <p>(c) for development in local government area 1—the development is not for an accommodation activity or an office at premises wholly or partly in the excluded area</p> <p>However, if the development is for a combination of purposes stated in the same item of schedule 20, the threshold is for the combination of purposes and not for each individual purpose.</p>	<p>The chief executive of the department in which the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> is administered:</p> <p>Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning</p>	<p>Concurrence</p>	<p><u>In person:</u> Level 2, 209 Bolsover Street, Rockhampton City</p> <p><u>Online lodgement using MyDAS2:</u> <a href="https://prod2.dev-assess.qld.gov.au/suite/">https://prod2.dev-assess.qld.gov.au/suite/</a></p> <p><u>Email:</u> RockhamptonSARA@dsdmip.qld.gov.au</p> <p><u>Postal:</u> PO Box 113 Rockhampton Qld 4700</p>

## 6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Rev
Location Plan	Design + Architecture	19 October 2020	SK-001	8
Concept Site Plan	Design + Architecture	19 October 2020	SK-002	8
Concept Camp Plan	Design + Architecture	19 October 2020	SK-003	8
Typical Unit Plan	-	19 October 2020	SK-001	1
Traffic Assessment for Proposed Workers Camp and Site Offices	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	11 December 2018	0181718	-
Preliminary Stormwater Assessment for Proposed Workers Camp and Site Offices	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	11 December 2018	0181718	-
Preliminary Workers Camp Swept Path Analysis, Sheet 1 of 3	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	17 November 2017	0181718-SK001	A
Preliminary Workers Camp Swept Path Analysis, Sheet 2 of 3	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	17 November 2017	0181718-SK002	A
Preliminary Workers Camp Swept Path Analysis, Sheet 3 of 3	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	17 November 2017	0181718-SK003	A
Flood Hazard Assessment	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	19 December 2017	018-17-18	-
Sewerage Treatment Plant Environmental Report	Steer Environmental Consulting	20 December 2018	SEC001	v3

## 7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 20016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

## 8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

<b>Description of the development</b>	The proposed development is for Material Change of Use for a Non-Resident Workforce Accommodation (250 persons)
<b>Reasons for Decision</b>	<p>a) The siting and design of the proposal will not detract from the scenic landscape features of the surrounding rural land, including the Fitzroy River, and will ensure that productive capacity of the land is maintained for a range of existing and emerging rural uses;</p> <p>b) The proposal will enhance water security across the Rockhampton region and will make a positive contribution towards primary production and the diversification of rural industries;</p> <p>c) The proposed use does not compromise the strategic framework in the <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015</i>;</p>

	<p>d) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and</p> <p>e) The proposed development does not compromise the relevant State Planning Policy.</p>
<b>Assessment Benchmarks</b>	<p>The proposed development was assessed against and complies with all the following assessment benchmarks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural Zone Code;</li> <li>• Access, Parking and Transport Code;</li> <li>• Landscape Code;</li> <li>• Stormwater Management Code;</li> <li>• Water and Sewer Code;</li> <li>• Waste Management Code;</li> <li>• Water and Sewer Code;</li> <li>• Biodiversity Overlay Code;</li> <li>• Bushfire Hazard Overlay Code;</li> <li>• Flood Hazard Overlay Code; and</li> <li>• Steep Land Overlay Code.</li> </ul>
<b>Matters prescribed by regulation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The <i>State Planning Policy – Part E</i>;</li> <li>• The <i>Central Queensland Regional Plan</i>;</li> <li>• The <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015</i>; and</li> <li>• The common material, being the material submitted with the application.</li> </ul>

## 9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

### Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

**Attachment 2** is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

## 10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

## 11. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: <b>Tarnya Fitzgibbon</b> <b>COORDINATOR</b> <b>DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT</b>	Signature:	Date: 9 November 2020
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C/C Queensland Treasury (State Assessment and Referral Agency Department) - [RockhamptonSARA@dsmip.qld.gov.au](mailto:RockhamptonSARA@dsmip.qld.gov.au)

### Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

**Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager** [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

### Part 2 – Conditions required by the referral agency response

### Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to “Council” in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
- 1.3.1 to Council’s satisfaction;
  - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
  - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,
- unless otherwise stated.
- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
- 1.5.1 Operational Works:
    - (i) Access and Parking Works;
    - (ii) Stormwater Works;
    - (iii) Site Works;
  - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
  - 1.5.3 Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 The non-resident workforce accommodation camp must be decommissioned within five (5) years from the date this Development Permit takes effect.
- 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS
- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference number	Rev
Location Plan	Design + Architecture	19 October 2020	SK-001	8
Concept Site Plan	Design + Architecture	19 October 2020	SK-002	8
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Flood Hazard Assessment	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	19 December 2017	018-17-18	-
Sewerage Treatment Plant Environmental Report	Steer Environmental Consulting	20 December 2018	SEC001	v3

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.
- 3.0 ROAD WORKS
- 3.1 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and relevant *Australian Standards* and *Austroroads Guidelines*.
- 3.2 Traffic signs and pavement markings must be provided in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Queensland*. Where necessary, existing traffic signs and pavement markings must be modified in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Queensland*.

#### 4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All car parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be constructed and surface treated in accordance with the approved site plan (refer to condition 2.1). All surface treatments must be constructed, operated and maintained in a manner so that there is no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area being caused due to the emission of dust or resulting in sediment laden water.
- 4.4 Two (2) new access points to the development must be provided at Thirsty Creek Road.
- 4.5 Service and delivery vehicles, including refuse collection vehicles must be via new access only.
- 4.6 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.7 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities - Off street commercial vehicle facilities"*.
- 4.8 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities"*.
- 4.9 Parking spaces must be delineated in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.10 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.11 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities – Off-street car parking"*.
- 4.12 Road signage must be installed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"*.
- 4.13 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.
- 4.14 Proposed access within the road reserve must be a minimum of eight (8) metres of width and must be designed by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ).
- 4.15 The proposed access located within the road reserve must be maintained by the owner of the subject site at no cost to Council.
- 4.16 At the cessation of the use all accesses must be removed and the road reserves must be reinstated to previous conditions.

#### 5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the development.
- 5.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, *Plumbing and Drainage Act*



2018, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.

- 5.3 On-site water supply for domestic and fire-fighting purposes must be provided and may include the provision of a bore, dams, water storage tanks or a combination of each.
- 5.4 Adequate domestic and firefighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by a suitably qualified hydraulic engineer (Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland).
- 5.5 An adequate on-site sewerage treatment and disposal system must be provided to service for the proposed development. Necessary approval must be obtained for the proposed on-site sewerage treatment plant and associated sewerage disposal area from the Department of Environment and Science.
- 5.6 All waste generated from on-site sewerage treatment plant including but not limited to Waste Activated Sludge (WAS) must only be disposed via a licensed regulated waste transporter, to an appropriate facility such as a municipal STP or composting facility.

## 6.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 6.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 6.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.4 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by a detailed Stormwater Management Plan, prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland. The Stormwater Management Plan must clearly demonstrate that:
  - 6.4.1 all content of the stormwater management plan is in accordance with the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, stormwater management design objectives in *State Planning Policy 2017*, and sound engineering practice;
  - 6.4.2 the Stormwater discharge is to a lawful point of discharge in accordance with the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*;
  - 6.4.3 the volume of detention is sufficient to attenuate the peak discharge from the development site to ensure non-worsening for a range of design rainfall events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood event, in accordance with the provisions of the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*;
  - 6.4.4 the potential pollutants in stormwater discharged from the development site are managed in accordance with current water quality best industry practices and in accordance with *State Planning Policy 2017*;
  - 6.4.5 the stormwater management plan is accompanied by full calculations; including electronic modelling files from industry standard modelling software, (including both electronic model files and results files) and all details of the modelling assumptions to support both the proposed water quantity and quality management strategy; and
  - 6.4.6 it includes detailed engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.

## 7.0 SITE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 7.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
- 7.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill;
  - 7.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the manner in which it is to be compacted;
  - 7.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels;
  - 7.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and
  - 7.2.5 the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cut and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 7.3 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments"*.
- 7.4 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 7.5 Details of vegetation proposed to be cleared must be provided as part of the Environmental Management Plan.

## 8.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 8.1 Structures must not be located within the on-site sewerage treatment and disposal area or conflict with the separation distances, in accordance with the *Queensland Plumbing and Wastewater Code*.
- 8.2 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008* and must be:
- 8.2.1 screened so as not to be visible from a public space;
  - 8.2.2 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
  - 8.2.3 provided with a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service.
- 8.3 All habitable/non-habitable areas subjected to flood inundation during a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood event, must be designed and constructed using suitable flood resilient materials.
- 8.4 All electrical and telecommunication services and utilities connected to the property, including electrical outlets, must be designed and installed at such a height that they are a minimum of 500 millimetres above a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood level.

## 9.0 ELECTRICITY

- 9.1 Electricity services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

## 10.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS

- 10.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

## 11.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 11.1 Any damage to the roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the

reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

## 12.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 12.1 Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the development works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped). The plan must be available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

## 13.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 13.1 All chemicals and/or environmentally hazardous liquids must be contained within a covered, bunded storage area that has a volume of at least that of the largest container in the bund plus twenty-five percent (25%) of the total storage capacity.
- 13.2 An appropriate spill kit must be kept on-site for neutralising or decontaminating spills. The spill kit must be clearly identifiable, maintained regularly and stored in a central location that is easily accessible to employees. Staff must be adequately trained in the use of these materials. The spill kit may consist of:
- 13.2.1 a bin with a tight-fitting lid, partially filled with non-combustible absorbent material such as vermiculite;
  - 13.2.2 a broom, shovel, face shield, chemically-resistant boots and gloves; and
  - 13.2.3 waste bags and ties.

## 14.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 14.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Thirsty Creek Road.
- 14.2 Where un-sealed surface treatments are utilised in access, parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas, contaminants such as oils or chemicals must not be released onto the surface treatment.
- 14.3 All unsealed parking areas and manoeuvring areas must be maintained in a manner so that there is no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area being caused due to the emission of dust or resulting in sediment laden water.
- Note: If the amenity impacts cannot be mitigated, the area must be sealed to Council's satisfaction.
- 14.4 Only articulated vehicles (19 metres) or smaller vehicles must be used to supply and remove goods or services to the development.
- 14.5 A Contingency Plan must be submitted to Council prior to the issue of the Development Permit for Building Works. The plan must demonstrate that the subject development will not increase the flood debris loading of flood waters nor result in environmental harm. The Plan must also include details of how the residents of the dwelling will collect possessions, clear the site and vacate the property in a flood event. The principles of the Contingency Plan will be entered against Lot 2 on SP136791 as a property note.

Note: Council is not required to approve Contingency Plans. Council does not accept any liability for loss of or damage to property, or injury, or loss of life as a result of any person using or relying on the Contingency Plan or failing to use the Contingency Plan during a flood event.

## ADVISORY NOTES

### NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures

to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the “cultural heritage duty of care”). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website [www.datsip.qld.gov.au](http://www.datsip.qld.gov.au).

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 3. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 4. Property Note (Contingency Plan)

A complete copy of the Development Approval and any documents conditioned by this development approval (including the Contingency Plan or an updated Contingency Plan) must be given to the proposed purchaser when entering into a contract of sale or to the new registered proprietor upon any transfer of land for this lot.

NOTE 5. Works In Road Reserve Permit

It is advised that a Works in Road Reserve Permit (including a fee for the vehicle crossover and compliant with Standard Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Standard Drawings) may be required for the proposed vehicle access located within the road reserve.



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**Attachment 1 – Part 2  
Referral Agency Conditions - Queensland  
Treasury (State Assessment and Referral  
Agency Department)**

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*Planning Act 2016*

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The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

### Appeal rights

#### 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
  - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
    - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
    - (ii) only a tribunal; or
    - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
  - (b) the person—
    - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
    - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
    - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
    - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The **appeal period** is—
  - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
  - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
  - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
  - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
  - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
  - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—  
See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
  - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
  - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
    - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
    - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

#### 230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
  - (a) is in the approved form; and
  - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
  - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
  - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
  - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
  - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
  - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
  - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is—
    - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
    - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
  - (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
  - (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

#### 231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— **decision** includes—
  - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
  - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
  - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
  - (d) a purported decision; and
  - (e) a deemed refusal.

**non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

#### 232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

**Schedule 1**

**Appeals section 229**

**1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals**

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
- (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
  - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (d) a development condition if—
    - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
    - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
    - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
  - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to—
    - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
    - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
  - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
  - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
  - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
  - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
  - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
    - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
    - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
- (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
  - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
  - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
  - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.

**Table 1**  
**Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal**

<p>1. Development applications An appeal may be made against—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or</li> <li>(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or</li> <li>(c) a provision of the development approval; or</li> <li>(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.</li> </ul>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent 2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment

<b>Table 1 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</b>			
			manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
<b>2. Change applications</b> An appeal may be made against— (a) a responsible entity’s decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application
<b>3. Extension applications</b> An appeal may be made against— (a) the assessment manager’s decision about an extension application; or (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager
<b>4. Infrastructure charges notices</b> An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds a) The notice involved an error relating to – (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development</li> <li>• Applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or</li> <li>(ii) An offset or refund; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul> b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund; or d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)



<b>Table 1 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</b>			
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
<p>5. Conversion applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
<p>6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

<b>Table 2 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court only</b>			
<p>1. Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of— (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or (b) jurisdictional error.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-
<p>2. Eligible submitter appeals An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

<b>Table 2 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court only</b>			
the change application			
<p><b>3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals</b>            An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—            (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or            (b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
<p><b>4. Compensation claims</b>            An appeal may be made against—            (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or            (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or            (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
<p><b>5. Registered premises</b>            An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

<b>Table 2 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court only</b>			
<p>6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—</p> <p>(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or</p> <p>(b) the erection of a building or other structure.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

<b>Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only</b>			
<p>1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	<p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval</p> <p>2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval</p>
<p>3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under—</p> <p>(a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or</p> <p>(b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
<p>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-