

Decision Notice Approval (amended)

Planning Act Form 5 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s83 Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/31-2021	Contact:	Kathy McDonald
Notice Date:	5 January 2023	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: Fitzroy Community Hospice Ltd

Postal address: C/- Gideon Town Planning

PO BOX 450

ROCKHAMPTON QLD 4700

Phone no: Mobile no: 0402 066 532 Email: info@gideontownplanning.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above change application on 24 October 2022 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Residential Care Facility

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	38 Agnes Street, The Range
Real property description:	Lot 2 on SP125014, Parish of Rockhampton

Dear Fitzroy Community Hospice Ltd

I advise that, on 22 December 2022 the above change application was:

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition 3.1	Deleted	22 December 2022
2)	Condition 3.2	Deleted	22 December 2022
3)	Condition 3.3	Deleted	22 December 2022
4)	Condition 5.10	Changed	22 December 2022
5)	Condition 11.6	Changed	22 December 2022

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
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Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Road Works
	Access and Parking Works
	Stormwater Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
	Site Works
	Landscaping Works
Building Works	Demolitions Works
	Building Works
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. SUBMISSIONS

Properly made submissions **were** \boxtimes made in relation to the application.

There were 4 properly made submissions received from the following submitter(s);

Name of principal submitter	Residential or business address	Electronic address (if provided)
1. Jennifer Acton	16 Agnes Street, The Range	acton.wilpeena@bigpond.com
2. Alan Acton	16 Agnes Street, The Range	acton.wilpeena@bigpond.com
3. Elizabeth Acton	13 Agnes Street, The Range	elizabethacton@cqnet.com.au
4. Katherine Somers	14 Agnes Street, The Range	tastigerlily@yahoo.com.au

5. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
Overall Existing Site Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-001	P13
Existing Ground Floor Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-002	P13
Existing First Floor Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-003	P13
Overall Proposed Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-004	P24

Proposed Ground Floor Concept Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-005	P26
Proposed Lower Floor Concept Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-006	P26
Elevations	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-007	P8
Elevations	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-008	P10
Elevations	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-009	P8
Elevations	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-010	P9
Elevations	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-011	P8
Sun Study	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-012	P2
Existing Impervious Areas	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-200	P5
Proposed Impervious Areas	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-201	P5
Stormwater Management Plan Statement	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers	9 June 2021	083-20-21	
Title Page & Drawing Schedule	Scribbly Gum Design Pty Ltd	5 September 2022	01	01
Specification, Plant Schedule & Legend	Scribbly Gum Design Pty Ltd	5 September 2022	02	01
Landscape Plan	Scribbly Gum Design Pty Ltd	5 September 2022	03	01
Landscape Plan	Scribbly Gum Design Pty Ltd	4 July 2022	04	01
Landscape Details	Scribbly Gum Design Pty Ltd	5 September 2022	05	01

7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL

The standard relevant periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 2016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	Material Change of Use for a Residential Care Facility	
Reasons for Decision	a) The proposed development directly addresses the need for palliative care facilities within Rockhampton.	
	b) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and	
	c) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.	

Assessment Benchmarks

The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Strategic Framework;
- Low Density Residential Zone Code;
- Steep Land Overlay Code;
- Access, Parking And Transport Code;
- Filling and Excavation Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Stormwater Management Code; and
- Water and Sewer Code.

Compliance with as be

The development was assessed against all of the assessment henchmarks

assessment benchmarks	Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark
	Low Density Residential	PO18
	Zone	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome 18.1, which requires the use to be within 200 metres of a centre, park or hospital.
		The subject site is located in proximity to recreational facilities and a major hospital. Georgeson Oval and Agnes Street Lookout are located approximately 600 metres to the south of the site, while the Rockhampton Base Hospital is located approximately 300 metres to the northeast. It is considered that the proposed development is located within a reasonable distance to community facilities and serviced regularly by public transport, bus route 404 along Agnes Street with a bus stop located directly outside the subject site.
		Therefore, the proposed development is considered to comply with this Performance Outcome.
		PO19
		The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome 19.3, which requires a minimum of one (1) habitable room overlooking the primary street frontage.
		The proposed habitable rooms do not overlook the primary street frontage and are facing the northern boundary of the subject site. Despite this, the boundary line is screened with fencing and landscaping which will provide for privacy. Furthermore, the front façade of the development is maintained and the improvements to the rear of the site are designed and sited in a manner that is not envisioned to compromise the character and amenity of the surrounding area.
		Therefore, the proposed development is considered to comply with this Performance

		Outcome.
		PO21
		The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome 21.1, which requires non-residential land uses to operate between the hours of 07:00 and 22:00.
		The operating hours of the facility generally comply with this acceptable outcome. However based on the nature of the development which provides palliative care, there are provisions to allow for 24-hour visiting. Appropriate boundary screening and rear carparking will minimise the effects such as car lighting on potential after hour's visitors. Furthermore, the Residential Care Facility is being created to be a quiet and peaceful environment focused on discretion and privacy.
		Therefore, the proposed development is considered to comply with this Performance Outcome.
	Landscape Code	AO11.1
		The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome 11.1 (a) as the minimum shade trees at the following rate, one (1) tree per three (3) car parks, cannot wholly be met.
		Specifically the internal car parks located adjacent the building structure will have no shade trees provided, approximately ten (10) carparks in total, despite this:
		The internal car park is located to the rear of the development reducing its visual appearance from the street;
		Nominated established shade trees shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) will be retained and provide additional landscape features, helping to reduce glare;
		 The proposed double storey structure to the rear, adjoining the car park has an east to west façade. This will provide fixed shading in the morning to the carparks adjacent the building;
		Stormwater management will be achieved as part of the site specific detailed Stormwater Management Plan.
		Therefore, the proposal is considered to achieve the overarching performance outcome.
Matters raised in submissions	Issue	How matter was dealt with
Juniiiooluiio	Bulk, Scale and Amenity	Submitters raised concerns with the level of hardstand and general layout and amenity of the proposed development.
		The development maintains a high level of residential amenity and complies with the built form acceptable outcomes of the Low Density Residential Zone Code.
		The proposed development will retain the existing

	buildings and does not alter the bulk and scale from the street frontage (Agnes Street). All of the proposed extensions occur at the rear of the lot and maintain the existing setbacks of the original building along the northern boundary of the development. The side setbacks along the southern boundary are increased due to the demolition of the existing veranda. Furthermore the increase in hardstand is due to the additional carparking proposed on site and the relocation of the carpark from the front of the site to the rear of the site is an improved amenity outcome and will increase the landscaping along Agnes Street Road frontage.
Land Use	Submitters raised concerns regarding a non-residential use located in a Low Density Residential Zone.
	The overall outcomes of the Low-Density Residential Zone Code support the development of Residential Care Facilities within the zone where they are situated in proximity to major community facilities, have access to a higher-order road and public transport.
	The Rockhampton Base Hospital is located approximately 300 metres to the north-east and is considered a major community facility;
	The development has access to Agnes Street which is a Minor Urban Collector road and considered a higher order road; and
	The development is serviced regularly by public transport, bus route 404 along Agnes Street with a bus stop located directly outside the subject site.
	Furthermore, submitters identified the Community Facilities Zone Code should be an assessment benchmark. The proposed development generally complies with the assessment benchmarks contained in the Community Facilities Zone Code.
Traffic Manage	Submitters identified concerns that the proposed development would increase the traffic along Agnes Street and provides for insufficient carparking on site.
	The proposed development sets out provisions for 27 car parking spaces to appropriately service the proposed Residential Care Facility. The proposed number of parking spaces exceeds the requirements set out in the Access, Parking, and Transport Code. Eight (8) on-street car parking spaces will remain along the Agnes Street frontage, resulting in no loss of on-street car parking.
	It is understood that the previous facility serviced up to 10 guests with 4 staff members. The new development proposal includes total bed numbers of 12 plus 12 staff. This does represent an increase in site activities however the increase is considered insignificant in relation to its impact on the adjacent transport network.

		Updated traffic data for Agnes Street shows an annual average daily traffic of 2,037 vehicles per day with peak hour volumes of up to 247 vehicles per hour (assuming 124 vehicles per hour in each direction). Based on these volumes the road is well under capacity for a two lane two way road of this standard and can comfortably accommodate significant increases in through traffic. The development daily volumes will not likely exceed 5% of background traffic. There is an existing pedestrian footpath on the eastern side of Agnes Street. The footpath provides a pedestrian link between Archer Street and North Street and ensures safety for pedestrians and reduces conflict points with vehicles.
	Environmental Health	Submitters raised concerns regarding the general operations of a Residential Care Facility 'end of life' service and the affects within the neighbourhood.
		It is not anticipated that the establishment of a Residential Care Facility will have a negative psychological impact on neighbours, including children. Ambulances are a common sight around Agnes Street being a common thoroughfare between the Rockhampton Base Hospital and the Mater Hospital. While ambulances will be arriving and departing from time to time, they will not be attending the facility in an emergency situation. Therefore, the use of lights and sirens will not be required, causing limited disturbance and attention.
		Furthermore, the proposed development does not propose any hazardous materials that are harmful to humans and surrounding environments to be stored onsite. No medical procedures will be conducted onsite. A small volume of clinical waste will be packaged, labelled, handled and transported as per the Queensland Government guidelines. No cytotoxic waste is anticipated.
Matters prescribed by regulation		on Planning Scheme 2015 (version 2.1); and

The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

9. **RIGHTS OF APPEAL**

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the Planning Act 2016. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the Planning Act 2016).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Appeal by an eligible submitter

An eligible submitter for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to:

- any part of the development application that required impact assessment
- a variation request.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

 Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ORIGINAL DECISION ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Tarnya Fitzgibbon COORDINATOR	Date:	17 August 2021
	DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT		

12. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Amanda O'Mara COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT	Signature:	aomina	Date:	5 January 2023
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Attachment 1 - Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Roadworks;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Stormwater Works;
 - (iv) Roof and Allotment Drainage;
 - (v) Site Works; and
 - (vi) Landscaping Works.
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this 2.1 development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
Overall Existing Site Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-001	P13
Existing Ground Floor Plan	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-002	P13
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Elevations	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-010	P9
Elevations	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-011	P8
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Existing Impervious Areas	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-200	P5
Proposed Impervious Areas	Tony Madden Architects	14 October 2022	SK-201	P5
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Landscape Plan	Scribbly Gum Design Pty Ltd	4 July 2022	04	01
Landscape Details	Scribbly Gum Design Pty Ltd	5 September 2022	05	01

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the commencement of the use submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.
- 3.0 DELETED
- 3.1 DELETED
- 3.2 DELETED
- 3.3 DELETED
- 4.0 ROAD WORKS
- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works required by this development approval.
- 4.2 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, relevant Australian Standards and Austroads Guidelines and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).
- 4.3 Traffic signs and pavement markings must be provided in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Queensland*. Where necessary, existing traffic signs and pavement markings must be modified in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Queensland*.
- 5.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS
- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 5.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 5.3 All car parking and access areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 5.4 The existing northern access to the development must be closed.
- 5.5 The existing southern access to the development must be closed.
- 5.6 A new access from Agnes Street to the development must be provided at the southern boundary.
- 5.7 Any redundant vehicular crossovers must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 5.8 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 5.9 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveway in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities Off street commercial vehicle facilities"*.
- 5.10 A minimum of twenty-seven (27) parking spaces must be provided on-site. This includes one (1) covered service bay, one (1) hearse bay and one (1) people with a disability (PWD) parking space.
- 5.11 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must include the provision of on-street parking spaces for the full frontage of Agnes Street in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"*.

- 5.12 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities".
- 5.13 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 5.14 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements and swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 5.15 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices" and Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-street car parking".
- 5.16 Road signage and pavement markings must be installed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices".*
- 5.17 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 5.18 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.
- 6.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS
- 6.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 6.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 6.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 6.4 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development.
- 6.5 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 6.6 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 6.7 If required, sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.
- 7.0 STORMWATER WORKS
- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 7.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).

- 7.3 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by a detailed Stormwater Management Plan, prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland. The Stormwater Management Plan must clearly demonstrate that:
 - 7.3.1 all content of the stormwater management plan is in accordance with the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, stormwater management design objectives in State Planning Policy 2017, and sound engineering practice;
 - 7.3.2 the Stormwater discharge is to a lawful point of discharge in accordance with the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*;
 - 7.3.3 the volume of detention is sufficient to attenuate the peak discharge from the development site to ensure non-worsening for a range of design rainfall events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood event, in accordance with the provisions of the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*;
 - 7.3.4 the potential pollutants in stormwater discharged from the development site are managed in accordance with current water quality best industry practices and in accordance with *State Planning Policy 2017*;
 - 7.3.5 the stormwater management plan is accompanied by full calculations; including electronic modelling files from industry standard modelling software, (including both electronic model files and results files) and all details of the modelling assumptions to support both the proposed water quantity and quality management strategy; and
 - 7.3.6 it includes detailed engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.
- 7.4 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems including retention systems, inlet and outlet structures, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.
- 7.5 The detention basin/bio basin must be landscaped in accordance with Council's requirements. Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by detailed plans and specifications for the detention basin, and the design must:
 - 7.5.1 be suitable to the climate and incorporate predominately native species;
 - 7.5.2 maximise areas suitable for on-site infiltration of stormwater;
 - 7.5.3 incorporate shade trees; and
 - 7.5.4 demonstrate that all areas apart from garden beds are fully turfed or hydromulched.

The detailed design of the detention basin, must ensure the safety of the public and/or tenants and where applicable include all required safety measures and facilities (for example, child proof fences). A maintenance plan for the proposed detention basin system must be submitted as part of any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).

8.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 8.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, and sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).

- 8.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.

9.0 SITE WORKS

- 9.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 9.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
 - 9.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill;
 - 9.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the manner in which it is to be compacted;
 - 9.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels;
 - 9.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and
 - 9.2.5 the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cut and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 9.3 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798* "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".
- 9.4 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 9.5 Retaining structures above one (1) metre in height that are not incidental works to a Development Permit for Building Works, must not be constructed unless separately and specifically certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland and must be approved as part of a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works).

10.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 10.1 A Development Permit for Building Works (demolition) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any demolition works on the development site.
- 10.2 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 10.3 All external elements, such as air conditioners and associated equipment, must be adequately screened from public view, to Council's satisfaction.
- 10.4 Access to and use of the land the subject of this application must comply with the provisions of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* and/or the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991*. If either of those statutes require the provision of access or facilities in a way that is inconsistent with this development approval, those facilities must be provided.
- 10.5 Impervious paved waste storage areas must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019* and must be:
 - 10.5.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 10.5.2 aesthetically screened from any road frontage or adjoining property;
 - 10.5.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;

10.5.4 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.

As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.

10.6 A minimum 1.8 metre high screen fence must be erected between the subject development site and adjacent residential properties to the north, west and south of the development.

11.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 11.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (landscaping works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any landscaping works required by this development approval.
- 11.2 Landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use in all areas shown on the Concept Plan (refer to condition 2.1).
- 11.3 A Landscaping Plan must be submitted with any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (landscaping works). The landscaping plans must be designed in accordance with the requirements of *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*.
- 11.4 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency.
- 11.5 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy* SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy.
- 11.6 Shade trees shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) must be retained and maintained.
- 11.7 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 11.7.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 11.7.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.

12.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 12.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 12.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 12.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).

13.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 13.1 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be:
 - 13.1.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the development works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 13.1.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

14.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 14.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 14.2 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.

15.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 15.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Agnes Street.
- 15.2 Access to, and use of, the loading area must be limited to between 0700 and 1900 hours, Monday to Friday (inclusive) and 0900 and 1400 Saturday, Sunday and Public holidays.
- 15.3 All waste must be stored within a waste storage area (for example, general waste, recyclable waste, pallets, empty drums etcetera) in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). The owner of the land must ensure that:
 - 15.3.1 the area is kept in a clean and tidy condition;
 - 15.3.2 fences and screens are maintained;
 - 15.3.3 no waste material is stored external to the waste storage area/s;
 - 15.3.4 the area is maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation* 2019.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website www.datsip.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. Licensable Activities

Should an activity licensable by Rockhampton Regional Council be proposed for the development site, Council's Environment and Public Health Unit must be consulted to determine whether any approvals are required. Such activities may include food preparation, storage of dangerous goods or environmentally relevant activities. Approval for such activities is required before 'fit out' and operation.

NOTE 5. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 6. <u>Infrastructure Charges Notice</u>

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
 (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

(4) The service period is-

- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision;
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter

involves-

- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
	agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application	

2. Change applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have

	Annuals to the DRE Court	Table 1 and, for certain matters, to	a tribunal
imposed the amount		and, for certain matters, to	a tribuliai
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
5. Conversion application An appeal may be mad (a) the refusal of a conversion (b) a deemed refusal of	e against—		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be mad	e against the decision to gi	ve an enforcement notice.	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only				
		(if any)	(if any)	
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application	

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-

5. Registered premises

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person given a decision notice about the decision If the decision is to register premises or	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

	Annaala ta	Table 2	
renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	Appeals to	the P&E Court only	
under a local law about-	other than a use that is th	-	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

the decision or conditions.

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval A private certifier for the development application
			related to the approval

3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act

An appeal may be made against a decision under—

- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-

4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act

An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only				
		(if any)	(if any)	
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-	