



Decision Notice Approval (amended)

Planning Act Form 5 (version 1.1 effective 22 June 2018) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s83 Planning Act 2016, and Section 334 of the Sustainable Planning Act 2009

Application number:	D/141-2016	Contact:	Brendan Standen
Notice Date:	6 January 2023	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	35 Alma Group Pty Ltd ATF		
Postal address:	C/- DTS Group Qld Pty Ltd PO BOX 3128 WEST END QLD 4101		
Phone no:	07 3118 0600	Mobile no: -	Email: planning@dtsqld.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above change application on 27 October 2022 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Multiple Dwelling (Twelve Units)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	37 Alma Street, Rockhampton City
Real property description:	Lot 20 on SP262830, Parish of Rockhampton

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Aeon Projects Pty Ltd Tte
Postal address:	PO BOX 9710, PARK AVENUE QLD 4701
Dear 35 Alma Group Pty Ltd Atf	
I advise that, on 22 December 2022 the above change application was:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)	
*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.	

CHANGES TO CONDITIONS

The conditions which have been changed or cancelled are as follows:

1)	Condition 2.1	Changed	22 December 2022
2)	Condition 2.3	Changed	22 December 2022
3)	Condition 4.6	Changed	22 December 2022

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - Material Change of use	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	<i>Road Works</i> <i>Access and Parking Works</i> <i>Sewerage Works</i> <i>Stormwater Works</i> <i>Roof and Allotment Drainage Works</i>
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Plan /Document Reference</u>	<u>Dated</u>
Ground Floor Site Plan	00623/DA/01	25 October 2022
Roof Site Plan	00623/DA/02	25 October 2022
Ground Floor Site Plan	00623/DA/03	25 October 2022
Street Elevations	00623/DA/05	25 October 2022
Building Elevations	00623/DA/06	25 October 2022
Building Elevations 2	00623/DA/07	25 October 2022
Typical Floor Plans	00623/DA/08	25 October 2022
Concept Landscape Plan	00623/DA/09	25 October 2022

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL

The standard relevant periods stated in section 341 of *Sustainable Planning Act 2009* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

7. RIGHTS OF APPEAL

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

8. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

9. ORIGINAL DECISION ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Tarnya Fitzgibbon <u>COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT</u>	Date: 19 June 2017
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10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Brendan Standen <u>ACTING COORDINATOR</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT</u>	Signature: 	Date: 6 January 2023
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Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016*, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights

ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The Developer is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval and the Conditions of the approval by an employee, agent, contractor or invitee of the Developer.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to “Council” in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role of the Council may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken and completed and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council’s satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,unless otherwise stated.
- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Sewerage Works;
 - (iv) Stormwater Works; and
 - (v) Roof and Allotment Drainage;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.

1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this permit:

<u>Plan/Document Name</u>	<u>Plan /Document Reference</u>	<u>Dated</u>
Ground Floor Site Plan	00623/DA/01	25 October 2022
Roof Site Plan	00623/DA/02	25 October 2022
Ground Floor Site Plan	00623/DA/03	25 October 2022
Street Elevations	00623/DA/05	25 October 2022
Building Elevations	00623/DA/06	25 October 2022
Building Elevations 2	00623/DA/07	25 October 2022
Typical Floor Plans	00623/DA/08	25 October 2022
Concept Landscape Plan	00623/DA/09	25 October 2022

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of approval must prevail.

2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works/Building Works.

2.3 Submit to Council for approval updated plans that show covered car parking over all internal car parking spaces, except where this conflicts with Queensland Development Code MP1.4, to the satisfaction of Council. Once approved, these plans will become the approved plans for the development.

3.0 ROAD WORKS

3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works on the site.

3.2 All works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, relevant *Australian Standards* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).

3.3 A concrete pathway, with a minimum width of 1.2 metres, must be constructed on the eastern side of Alma Street for the full frontage of the development site.

3.4 All pathways and access ramps must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.

3.5 All pathways must incorporate kerb ramps at all road crossing points.

- 3.6 Traffic signs and pavement markings (if required) must be provided in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Queensland*. Where necessary, existing traffic signs and pavement markings must be modified in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Queensland*.
- 3.7 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must include a Traffic Impact Assessment report addressing the impacts of traffic generated by the development, and how these impacts will be catered by the existing infrastructure and/or what measures are proposed to ameliorate any impacts. The report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ), suitably experienced and qualified in this discipline of engineering.
- 3.8 Kerb and Channel must be installed along the western side of Bolsover Lane, for the full frontage of the development site.
- 4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS
- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the site.
- 4.2 All works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Australian Standard AS2890 “Parking Facilities”* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All parking spaces, access driveway(s), and vehicular manoeuvring areas associated with this proposed development must be concrete paved.
- 4.4 Any redundant vehicular crossover must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.5 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.6 A minimum of 12 carparking spaces must be provided on-site.
- 4.7 The proposed access must not be located within one (1) metre of any street signage, power poles, street lights, stormwater gully pits, manholes or other council asset.
- 4.8 Parking spaces must be line-marked as shown in the Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 “Parking facilities”* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.9 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.10 Appropriate signage must be installed on the approach and departure sides of the Bolsover Lane access to allow safe egress movement and must be in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Queensland*.
- 5.0 SEWERAGE WORKS
- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any sewerage works on the site.
- 5.2 All works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and*

Reliability) Act, Plumbing and Drainage Act and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works).

- 5.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network.
- 5.4 The finished sewerage access chamber surface must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber. A heavy duty trafficable lid must be provided in the trafficable area.
- 5.5 Sewer connections located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.6 The existing sewerage main must be re-aligned from the proposed sewerage access chamber located within southern boundary and must be redirected to the standard alignment along the southern, eastern and northern western boundary in accordance with *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines* requirements. The section of redundant sewerage main and access chamber must be removed from the site.

Alternatively, the developer may submit an application under Council's Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy. Should an approval be granted to build over the infrastructure, it must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.

6.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 6.1 All internal plumbing *and* drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act, Plumbing and Drainage Act*, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 6.2 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.
- 6.3 The existing water connection point(s) must be disconnected. A new water connection point must be provided to the development. A hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person must determine the size of connection required.
- 6.4 Adequate domestic and fire fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 6.5 The proposed development must be provided with a master meter at the development site boundary and sub-meters for each sole occupancy building in accordance with the *Queensland Plumbing and Drainage Code* and Council's Sub-metering Policy.
- 6.6 All internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works must be completely independent for each unit/tenancy.
- 6.7 Water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 6.8 A fire hydrant must be installed on the existing 100 millimetre diameter water main located within Alma Street, at the frontage of the proposed driveway.

7.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works on the development site.

- 7.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 7.3 All stormwater must drain to a lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development condition, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 7.4 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must include an assessment of how the development meets the stormwater management design objectives in *State Planning Policy 2016*.
- 7.4.1 The installation of detention tank and water quality devices must be in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and all maintenance of the approved stormwater system must be the responsibility of the property owner or body corporate.
- 7.5 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational works (stormwater works) must include a revised stormwater management plan that demonstrates the development does not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one percent (1%) Annual Exceedance Probability defined storm event, for the post development condition.
- 7.5.1 All stormwater (roof and allotment runoff) must be discharged to the existing 375-millimetre diameter stormwater main located within Bolsover Lane, fronting the development site.
- 7.5.2 Access chamber must be constructed over the stormwater main to allow for a connection point.

Note: Revised stormwater management plan must calculate the detention tank size utilising the runoff-routing methodology and must provide outlet details and location of outlet from tank.

8.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 8.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 8.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

9.0 SITE WORKS

9.1 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standards, AS3798 "Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments"*.

9.2 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

10.0 BUILDING WORKS

10.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.

10.2 All external elements, such as air conditioners, pool and spa pumps and associated equipment, must be adequately screened from public view, to Council's satisfaction.

10.3 All units must be provided with open-air clothes drying facilities and the facilities must be screened from public view.

10.4 All building works must be undertaken in accordance with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4* for building over or near relevant infrastructure. Alternatively, an application must be submitted to Council in accordance with Council's *Building Over/Adjacent to Local Government Sewerage Infrastructure Policy*.

10.5 All proposed structures (outermost projection of structures) must be located a minimum of 1.5 metres clear from the centre of access chamber in accordance with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4* for building over or near relevant infrastructure.

10.6 All proposed structures must be located a minimum of 1.0 metre from the sewerage connection point in accordance with the *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4* for building over or near relevant infrastructure.

10.7 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008* and must be:

10.7.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;

10.7.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8 metre high fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;

10.7.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;

10.7.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and

10.7.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer and fitted with an approved stormwater

diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act*.

11.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 11.1 All landscaping must be established generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). The landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use and the landscape areas must predominantly contain plant species that are locally native to the Central Queensland region due to their low water dependency.
- 11.2 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
- 11.2.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 11.2.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 11.3 The private open space of each unit must be screened to Council's satisfaction with mature vegetation to prevent viewing of the private open space from a public space and adjoining properties.
- 11.4 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.

12.0 ELECTRICITY AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS

- 12.1 Underground electricity and telecommunication connections must be provided to the proposed development to the standards of the relevant authorities.
- 12.2 Evidence must be provided of a Telecommunications Infrastructure Provisioning Confirmation and Certificate of Electricity Supply with the relevant service providers to provide the use with telecommunication and live electricity connections, in accordance with the requirements of the relevant authorities prior to the commencement of the use.

13.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 13.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be at full cost to the Developer.
- 13.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure) that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 13.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the *Manual for Submission of Digital As Constructed Information*.

14.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 14.1 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.
- 14.2 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be:
- 14.2.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 14.2.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

15.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 15.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the site. No storage of materials, parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles will be permitted in Bolsover Lane or Alma Street.
- 15.2 All waste storage areas must be:
- 15.2.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 15.2.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008*.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website www.datsip.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the property during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 3. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The *Workplace Health and Safety Act* and *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 4. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure contributions in accordance with Council policies. The contributions are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

NOTE 5. Electricity Works

Existing distribution cabinet may require relocation for the safety of the development and pedestrian. Ergon energy maintains this infrastructure and the applicant is requested to contact Ergon Energy, if relocation requires

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The **appeal period** is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
 - (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
 - (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— **decision** includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
- (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to—
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
- (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.

Table 1
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

<p>1. Development applications An appeal may be made against—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval. 			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent 2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—

**Table 1
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal**

		concurrency agency	the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
<p>2. Change applications An appeal may be made against— (a) a responsible entity’s decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application
<p>3. Extension applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the assessment manager’s decision about an extension application; or (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager
<p>4. Infrastructure charges notices An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds a) The notice involved an error relating to – (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development • Applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or (ii) An offset or refund; or b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund; or d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent by election

Table 1			
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
		(if any)	(if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
<p>5. Conversion applications</p> <p>An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
<p>6. Enforcement notices</p> <p>An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2			
Appeals to the P&E Court only			
<p>1. Appeals from tribunal</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—</p> <p>(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or</p> <p>(b) jurisdictional error.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-
<p>2. Eligible submitter appeals</p> <p>An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—</p> <p>(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or</p> <p>(b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

the change application			
<p>3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to— (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>
<p>4. Compensation claims An appeal may be made against— (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>A person dissatisfied with the decision</p>	<p>The local government to which the claim was made</p>	<p>-</p>	<p>-</p>
<p>5. Registered premises An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision</p>	<p>The Minister</p>	<p>-</p>	<p>If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises</p>

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
<p>6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—</p> <p>(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or</p> <p>(b) the erection of a building or other structure.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only			
<p>1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
<p>3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against a decision under—</p> <p>(a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or</p> <p>(b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
<p>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-