

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/111-2021	Contact:	Amanda O'Mara
Notice Date:	8 December 2021	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Tiverton Investments Pty Ltd			
C/- Adams + Sparkes Town Planning			
Mobile no:	Email:		
	C/- Adams + Sparkes Town Planning		

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 12 August 2021 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Child Care Centre

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	50 Main Street, Park Avenue
Real property description:	Lots 308, 309, 310 & 311 on RP603517 and Lot 67 on RP605801, Parish of Murchison

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Tiverton Investments Pty Ltd Tte
Postal address:	
Dear Tiverton Inves	tments Pty Ltd
I advise that, on 2 D	ecember 2021 the above development application was:
approved in ful	I with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\square	
- Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Road Works
	Access and Parking Works
	Sewerage Works
	Stormwater Works
	Site Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version/</u> <u>Issue</u>
Cover Page	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 000	В
Proposed Ground Plan	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 100	В
Proposed Upper Plan	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 101	В
Roof Plan	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 102	В
Elevations Sheet 1	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 103	В
Elevations Sheet 2	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 104	В
Section Sheet 1	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 105	В
Conceptual Stormwater Management Plan	OSKA	11 August 2021	OSK3470-0004-A	А
Traffic Assessment	Fernway Engineering	15 November 2021	Nil	Nil

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard currency periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 2016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development	The proposed development is for a Material Change of Use for a Childcare Centre			
Reasons for Decision	a) The proposed development will primarily service the needs of the immediate local residential community;b) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose,			

NIL

	 planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and c) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks. 			
Assessment Benchmarks	 of the assessment benchmarks. The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks: Neighbourhood Centre Zone Code; Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code; Airport Environs Overlay Code; Access, Parking And Transport Code; Landscape Code; Stormwater Management Code; Waste Management Code; and Water and Sewer Code. 			
Compliance with assessment benchmarks	listed above and complies v	essed against all of the assessment benchmarks with all of these with the exceptions listed below.		
	Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmark		
	Neighbourhood Centre Zone Code	PO8 The landscaping along the rear of the property boundary has a maximum width of approximately 0.4 metres and does not meet the minimum requirements of two (2) metres as per Acceptable Outcome 8.4. However screening to this area is provided, which will ensure there are no adverse impacts on privacy and the amenity of nearby residential uses or land in a residential zone.		
	Access, Parking and Transport Code	 PO5 The proposal is required to provide thirty-seven (37) parking spaces as per Acceptable Outcome 5.1.1, however a total of thirty-one (31) parking spaces will be provided. Twelve (12) parking spaces have been allocated for parents, which is considered appropriate due to the nature of the use. The parking spaces will only be used during drop off and pick up times which vary throughout the day. Furthermore, nineteen (19) parking spaces have been allocated for staff members providing sufficient parking for the number of full time staff onsite. Given the scale of the proposal this is considered 		
Matters prescribed by regulation	The Rockhampton Regi	appropriate.		

	•	The common material, being the material submitted with the application.	
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8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Tarnya Fitzgibbon Signature: Date: 8 December 2021 COORDINATOR DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT Date: 8 December 2021	
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Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

- 1.0 ADMINISTRATION
- 1.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken and completed:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works;
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Sewerage Works;
 - (iv) Stormwater Works;
 - (v) Site Works;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 Lots 308, 309, 310 & 311 on RP603517 and Lot 67 on RP605801 must be amalgamated and registered as one lot prior to the commencement of the use.
- 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

<u>Plan/Document</u> <u>Name</u>	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Version</u> /Issue
Cover Page	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 000	В
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Section Sheet 1	BABER	20 May 2021	1536 SK 105	В
Conceptual Stormwater Management Plan	OSKA	11 August 2021	OSK3470-0004-A	A
Traffic Assessment	Fernway Engineering	15 November 2021	Nil	Nil

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.
- 3.0 ROAD WORKS
- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works required by this development approval.
- 3.2 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, relevant *Australian Standards* and *Austroads Guidelines* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).
- 3.3 The proposed access to the proposed Childcare Centre must be limited to 'left in left out' only, with a raised concrete island at the kerb and line marking of an island opposite the site access to prohibit and discourage a right turn in/out.
- 3.4 The existing bicycle lane must be line marked along the full frontage of the development site.
- 3.5 Any redundant vehicular crossover must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 3.6 All pathways and access ramps must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.
- 3.7 All pathways must incorporate kerb ramps at all road crossing points.
- 3.8 Traffic signs and pavement markings must be provided in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Queensland*. Where necessary, existing traffic signs and

pavement markings must be modified in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Queensland.*

- 4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS
- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All car parking spaces, access driveway and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.4 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.5 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities Off street commercial vehicle facilities"*.
- 4.6 A minimum of thirty-one (31) parking spaces must be provided on-site. This includes nineteen (19) car parking spaces for staff and twelve (12) parking spaces for parents/guardians.
- 4.7 The three (3) parking spaces positioned closest to the entrance on the western side and four (4) parking spaces positioned closest to the entrance on the eastern side of the carpark must be marked as 'Staff Parking' to reduce the likelihood of queuing spilling onto the street. The universal access parking space must be moved to another appropriate location.
- 4.8 A speed hump must be provided at the exit point from the development site into Main Street to reduce speed and improve the visibility/safety.
- 4.9 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities".*
- 4.10 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.11 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.12 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-street car parking"*.
- 4.13 Road signage and pavement markings must be installed in accordance with Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices".
- 4.14 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 4.15 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.
- 5.0 <u>SEWERAGE WORKS</u>
- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any sewerage works on the development site.

- 5.2 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works).
- 5.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network.
- 5.4 The existing sewerage connection point(s) must be retained and upgraded, if necessary, to service the development.
- 5.5 Any redundant sewerage connection point(s) must be disconnected.
- 6.0 Existing 100 millimetre diameter sanitary drainage which services the adjacent southwestern neighbouring property must be upgraded to 150 millimetre diameter main and terminated with a lamp hole. The lamp hole must be installed within the south-western neighbouring property (Lot 312 RP603517) and written consent from the owner of Lot 312 on RP603517 is required to allow proposed 150 millimetre sewerage main and lamp hole within their property. This non-trunk infrastructure is conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Alternatively the proposed building footprint must be altered in accordance with Queensland Development Code (QDC) MP1.4 requirements to install a lamp hole within the subject site.

- 6.1 The finished sewerage access chamber surface must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber. A heavy duty trafficable lid must be provided in the trafficable area.
- 6.2 Sewer connections located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 7.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS
- 7.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structures and proposed structures on the development site.
- 7.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018,* Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 7.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.
- 7.4 The existing water connection point(s) must be disconnected. A new water connection point must be provided to the development. An hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person must determine the size of connection required.
- 7.5 Adequate domestic and firefighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by an hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 7.6 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 7.7 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.
- 7.8 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.

8.0 STORMWATER WORKS

8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.

- 8.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 8.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 8.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 8.5 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems including retention systems, inlet and outlet structures, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy.

9.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 9.1 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and sound engineering practice.
- 9.2 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.

10.0 SITE WORKS

- 10.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 10.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
 - 10.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill;
 - 10.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the manner in which it is to be compacted;
 - 10.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels;
 - 10.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and
 - 10.2.5 the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cut and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 10.3 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 10.4 Any retaining structures close to or crossing sewerage infrastructure must comply with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4 "Building over or near relevant infrastructure."* The structure must be self-supporting and no additional load must be applied to Council's sewerage infrastructure.

11.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 11.1 A Development Permit for Building Works must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 11.2 The existing dwelling house on the subject land must be demolished and a Development Permit for Building Works (demolition) must be obtained prior to the commencement of demolition works on the development site.

- 11.3 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019* and must be:
 - 11.3.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;
 - 11.3.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8 metre high fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;
 - 11.3.3 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
 - 11.3.4 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer and fitted with an approved stormwater diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act.*

As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.

12.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 12.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (landscaping works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any landscaping works required by this development approval.
- 12.2 The landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use and the landscape areas must predominantly contain plant species that have low water dependency.
- 12.3 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.
- 12.4 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
 - (i) obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the *Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice'* series of publications;
 - (ii) adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
 - (iii) adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 12.5 The approved landscape plans must be augmented with additional planting located between and around the buildings. The additional planting must be designed to specifically reduce the perceived scale of the buildings and must include advanced plant stock, to create an immediate effect.
- 12.6 The landscaped areas must be subject to:

12.6.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and

12.6.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.

- 13.0 <u>ELECTRICITY</u>
- 13.1 Electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

14.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS

14.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

15.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 15.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 15.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and

Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

- 15.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the *Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).*
- 16.0 ENVIRONMENTAL
- 16.1 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works must be accompanied by an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that addresses, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (i) objectives;
 - (ii) site location and topography;
 - (iii) vegetation;
 - (iv) site drainage;
 - (v) soils;
 - (vi) erosion susceptibility;
 - (vii) erosion risk;
 - (viii) concept;
 - (ix) design; and
 - (x) implementation,

for the construction and post-construction phases of work.

16.2 The Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the development works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, and landscaped). The plan must be available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

17.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 17.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with *Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting"*.
- 17.2 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.
- 17.3 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.
- 17.4 When requested by Council, noise monitoring must be undertaken and recorded within three (3) months, to investigate any genuine complaint of nuisance caused by noise. The monitoring data, an analysis of the data and a report, including noise mitigation measures, must be provided to Council within fourteen (14) days of the completion of the investigation. Council may require any noise mitigation measures identified in the assessment to be implemented within appropriate timeframes. Noise measurements must be compared with the acoustic quality objectives specified in the most recent edition of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2019.*
- 18.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES
- 18.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of

construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Main Street and other nearby roads/streets.

- 18.2 All waste storage areas must be:
 - 18.2.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 18.2.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019*.
- 18.3 The hours of operations for the development site must be limited to:
 - 18.3.1 0600 hours to 2200 hours on Monday to Friday.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website <u>www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au</u>

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. Licensable Activities

Should an activity licensable by Rockhampton Regional Council be proposed for the premises, Council's Environment and Public Health Unit should be consulted to determine whether any approvals are required. Such activities may include storage food business licence. Approval for such activities is required before 'fitout' and operation.

NOTE 5. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 6. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

NOTE 7. <u>Property Notes</u>

All vehicular access to and from the development must be 'left in – left out' only.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager: or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
 - Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—

 (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method
- included in the local government's charges resolution. 230 Notice of appeal
- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar
- of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that— (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court-the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section-decision includes-
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal					
 Development applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval. 					
Column 1	Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4				
Appellant Respondent Co-respondent Co-respondent by election (if any) (if any)					
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent		

		Table 1	
	Appeals to the P&E Court	and, for certain matters, to agency's referral	a tribunal 2 If a chosen Assessment
		response—the concurrence agency	 a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
2. Change applicationsAn appeal may be made(a) a responsible entity's(b) a deemed refusal of	s decision for a change ap	plication, other than a deci	sion made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application
(b) a deemed refusal of Column 1	e against— nager's decision about an e an extension application. Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development •
 - The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or (i)
 - An offset or refund; or (ii)
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

· /	••		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The local government	-	-
	to which the conversion		
	application was made		

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only				
 Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of— (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or (b) jurisdictional error. 				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
AppellantRespondentCo-respondent (if any)Co-respondent by election (if any)				
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-	

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 	 1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to

include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to-

(a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec		r compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
		1	

	Anneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
An appeal may be made	against a decision of the		7, part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
under a local law about- (a) the use of premises, development; or (b) the erection of a build	other than a use that is t ding or other structure.	he natural and ordinary c	onsequence of prohibited
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions. 	The local government	-	-
		Table 3	
	ncy appeals		ng work to the extent the building ns.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	 1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
An appeal may be made		r—	e Act ng and Construction Commission; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only				
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-	
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election	
••		(if any)	(if any)	
A person who was	The local government	-	-	
entitled to receive,	to which the			
notice of the decision	application was made			