

# **Decision Notice Approval**

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/109-2021	Contact:	Brendan Standen
Notice Date:	23 November 2021	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

#### APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	A, G, C, R, P, M & P Hopkins and C. Hoseason-Smith and M & K Mansfield as Ttes			
Postal address:	C/- Capricorn Survey Group (CQ) Pty Ltd			
	Mobile no:	Email:		

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 4 August 2021 and confirm the following:

#### DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

# Development Permit for Reconfiguring a Lot (Two Lots into Three Lots and Access Easements)

#### PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	106 Water Street, Berserker
Real property description:	Lot 1 on RP606914 and Lot 13 on RP609433, Parish of Archer

#### **OWNER DETAILS**

Name	A G Hopkins and G M Hopkins Tte and C J Hopkins and R F Hopkins Tte and P J Hopkins and M P Hopkins Tte and P L Hopkins and C E Hoseason- Smith Tte and R F Hopkins and C J Hopkins Tte and M W Mansfield and K M Mansfield Tte

Postal address:

Dear A, G, C, R, P, M & P Hopkins and C. Hoseason-Smith and M & K Mansfield as Ttes

I advise that, on 21 October 2021 the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions\* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

\*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

#### 1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	$\square$	

- Reconfiguring a lot

# 2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

#### 3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Access Works
	Sewerage Works
	Water Works

#### 4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

#### 5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
Reconfiguration Plan	Capricorn Survey Group	13 September 2021	8226-03-ROL	В

#### 6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

The standard currency periods stated in section 85 of *Planning Act 2016* apply to each aspect of development in this approval, if not stated in the conditions of approval attached.

Description of the development	The proposed development is for a Development Permit for Reconfiguring a Lot (Two Lots into Three Lots and Access Easements)		
Reasons for Decision	a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and		
	b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.		
Assessment Benchmarks	The proposed development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:		
	Strategic Framework		
	Low Density Residential Zone Code		
	Access, Parking and Transport Code		
	Filling and Excavation Code		
	Landscape Code		
	Reconfiguring a Lot Code		
	Stormwater Management Code		
	Water and Sewer Code		
	Biodiversity Overlay Code		
	Coastal Protection Overlay Code		

	<ul><li>Flood Hazard Overlay Code</li><li>Steep Land Overlay Code</li></ul>			
Compliance with assessment	Steep Land Overlay Code The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.			
benchmarks	Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmark		
	Access, Parking and	PO3		
	Transport Code	The proposed development does not comply with AO3.1 as the access driveway to the two rear lots does not meet the design specifications for driveways contained in the <i>Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines</i> . Specifically, the design specifications do not allow multiple lots to utilise a single driveway.		
		However, the vehicle movements associated with two rears lots are unlikely to compromise the safety or efficiency of the local road network. The number and type of vehicle movements would be similar to a dual occupancy use with a single vehicle crossover, which is not an uncommon scenario.		
	Reconfiguring a Lot Code	PO8		
		The proposed development does not comply with AO8.4 as the driveway length to the two rear lots exceed 40 metres. The length of the proposed driveway from Water Street is approximately 45 metres to Lot 14 and 65 metres to Lot 15.		
		However, the width of the access and services easement (six metres within Lot 1 and seven metres within Lot 14) allows a five metre carriageway, which is considered suitable to allow two-way vehicle movements within the site and to the proposed lots. Conditions of approval have been recommended to this effect.		
	Flood Hazard Overlay	PO14		
	Code	The proposed development does not comply with AO14 because it results in the creation of an additional lot within the Flood Hazard Overlay. The Flood Hazard Overlay affects an approximate 1,900m <sup>2</sup> combined area at the rear of lots 14 and 15.		
		The proposed development also does not comply with Overall Outcome (2) (f) of the Flood Hazard Overlay Code because it results in the creation of additional lots in the Flood Hazard Overlay.		
		However, the proposed development is considered to comply with the Strategic Framework as it relates to the 'Natural environment and hazards' theme and in particular the specific outcomes 'Natural hazards and		

		climate change' element, which seeks to ensure the flood risk is managed in new development. Only part of the two rear lots is mapped as being affected by the flood hazard overlay and the developable area (i.e. excluding the flood hazard overlay and easements) of each lot exceeds 750m <sup>2</sup> . A condition of approval has also been recommended requiring a drainage easement over the extent of the Flood Hazard Overlay. The drainage easement will ensure no further development occurs within the flood hazard areas. On this basis, it is considered that there is no increased risk to people or property from flooding as a result of the proposed subdivision.	
	Coastal Protection Overlay Code	PO14 The proposed development does not comply with AO14 because it results in the creation of an additional lot within the Coastal Protection Overlay. The eastern boundary of proposed lots 14 and 15, being the bank of Frenchmans Creek, is mapped as being a Medium Hazard area. However, the proposed development does comply with the Overall Outcomes of the Coastal Protection Overlay Code. Specifically, Overall Outcome (b) because future development on lots 14 and 15 are able to avoid the coastal hazard risk. The Coastal Overlay affects those parts of lots 14 and 15 contained within the drainage easement. Future dwelling houses within the resulting lots will be well separated from the hazard area.	
Relevant Matters	There are no relevant matte	ers for the development application.	
Matters raised in submissions	Issue	How matter was dealt with	
5051115510115	No submissions received.	Nil	
Matters prescribed by regulation	<ul> <li>The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 2.2); and</li> <li>The common material, being the material submitted with the application.</li> </ul>		

# 7. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

#### Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval

- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

#### 8. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

#### 9. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Tarnya Fitzgibbon Signature: <u>COORDINATOR</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT</u>	Date: 23 November 2021
---	------------------------

#### Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

**Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager** [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

#### Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



# Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

- 1.0 ADMINISTRATION
- 1.1 The Developer and their employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
  - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
  - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
  - 1.3.3 prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
  - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
    - (i) Access Works;
    - (ii) Sewerage Works;
    - (iii) Water Works;
- 1.6 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.7 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.8 Easement documents relating to all easements required by the conditions of this development approval must accompany the Survey Plan for endorsement by Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate.

# 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
Reconfiguration Plan	Capricorn Survey Group	13 September 2021	8226-03-ROL	В

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 2.3 Where conditions require the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be submitted for approval by Council prior to the submission of an application for a Development Permit for Operational Works.

# 3.0 ACCESS WORKS

3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access works required by this development approval.

Note: It is advised that a Works in Road Reserve Permit (including a fee for the vehicle crossover and compliant with Standard Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Standard Drawings) may be accepted in place of the application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access works).

- 3.2 A vehicle crossover must be constructed from Water Street to service Lots 1, 14 and 15. Only a single vehicle access is permitted from Water Street to Lot 1.
- 3.3 All access works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access works).
- 3.4 All vehicular access to and from proposed Lots 1, 14 and 15 must be via the proposed easement(s) only.
- 3.5 The terms of the access easement must ensure that:
  - 3.5.1 The access easement within Lot 1 is in favour of lots 14 and 15; and
  - 3.5.2 The access easement within Lot 14 is in favour of Lot 15.
- 3.6 The internal access to proposed Lots 1, 14 and 15 must be constructed from the western development site boundary of Lot 1 to the northern boundary of Lot 14 at a minimum width of 5.0 metres. Construction must be either reinforced concrete not less than 100 millimetres deep or a compacted gravel pavement not less than 100 millimetres deep sealed with either twenty-five (25) millimetres of asphaltic concrete, hot sprayed bitumen consisting of a primer and two (2) seal coats, or approved segmental pavers.

# 4.0 SEWERAGE WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any sewerage works required by this development approval.
- 4.2 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works).
- 4.3 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network. Each lot must be provided with its own separate sewerage connection point, located wholly within its respective property boundary.
- 4.4 Easements must be provided over all sewerage infrastructure located within private property.
- 4.5 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.

# 5.0 WATER WORKS

5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (water works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any water works required by this development approval.

- 5.2 All water works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (water works).
- 5.3 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.
- 5.4 A new 100mm water main, terminating with a fire hydrant, must be provided for the proposed development from the existing reticulated water network located in Water Street to a suitable point within the internal easement to allow fire-fighting for any new dwellings on Lots 14 and 15. This non-trunk infrastructure is conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*.
- 5.5 Easements must be provided over all water infrastructure located within private property. The easement location(s) and width(s) must be in accordance with the requirements of the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*.

#### 6.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

6.1 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.

#### 7.0 <u>ELECTRICITY</u>

7.1 Electricity services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

# 8.0 <u>TELECOMMUNICATIONS</u>

8.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider. Unless otherwise stipulated by telecommunications legislation at the time of installation, this includes all necessary pits and pipes, and conduits that provide a connection to the telecommunications network.

#### 9.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 9.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 9.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 9.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).

#### 10.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

10.1 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines*, must be implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped). The plan must be available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

# 11.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

11.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials, or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Water Street.

#### 12.0 DRAINAGE EASEMENT

- 12.1 A drainage easement must be registered, in favour of Council, over the inundation extents for the 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) local storm event within lots 14 and 15 and generally in accordance with the approved plan.
- 12.2 The terms of the drainage easement must state that no buildings, structures or excavation and filling are permitted within the drainage easement.

#### ADVISORY NOTES

# NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and Partnerships website <u>www.datsip.qld.gov.au</u>.

# NOTE 2. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

# NOTE 3. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

#### NOTE 4. Infrastructure Charges Notice

Council has resolved not to issue an Infrastructure Charges Notice for this development.

# NOTE 5. Works in Road Reserve Permit

It is advised that a Works in Road Reserve Permit (including a fee for the vehicle crossover and compliant with Standard Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Standard Drawings) may be accepted in place of the application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access works).



# **Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights**

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

#### Appeal rights

#### 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
  - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
    (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
    (ii)only a tribunal; or
    (iii)only the P&E Court; and
  - (b) the person—
    - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
    - (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
    - (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
    - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
  - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
  - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
  - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
  - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
     20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
  - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
  - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
  - Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—

   (a) the adopted charge itself; or
  - (a) the adopted charge itself; or (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
    - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
    - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method
- included in the local government's charges resolution. 230 Notice of appeal
- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar
- of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that— (a) is in the approved form; and
  - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court-the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
  - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
  - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section-decision includes-
  - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
  - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
  - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
  - (d) a purported decision; and
  - (e) a deemed refusal.

**non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

#### 232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



# **Appeal Rights**

PLANNING ACT 2016

# Schedule 1

# Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to-(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
  - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
  - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
  - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
  - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (d) a development condition if—
    - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
    - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
    - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
  - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
    - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
    - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
  - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
  - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
  - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
  - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
  - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
  - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
    - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
    - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
  - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
  - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
  - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
  - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a correspondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
<ol> <li>Development applications         An appeal may be made against—              </li> <li>(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or</li> <li>(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or</li> <li>(c) a provision of the development approval; or</li> <li>(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.</li> </ol>				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)	
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent	

		Table 1	
	Appeals to the P&E Court	and, for certain matters, to agency's referral	a tribunal 2 If a chosen Assessment
		response—the concurrence agency	<ul> <li>a chosen Assessment</li> <li>manager is the respondent—</li> <li>the prescribed assessment</li> <li>manager</li> <li>3 Any eligible advice agency for</li> <li>the application</li> <li>4 Any eligible submitter for the</li> <li>application</li> </ul>
<ul><li>2. Change applications</li><li>An appeal may be made</li><li>(a) a responsible entity's</li><li>(b) a deemed refusal of</li></ul>	s decision for a change ap	plication, other than a deci	sion made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	<ol> <li>A concurrence agency for the development application</li> <li>If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager</li> <li>A private certifier for the development application</li> <li>Any eligible advice agency for the change application</li> <li>Any eligible submitter for the change application</li> </ol>
(b) a deemed refusal of Column 1	e against— nager's decision about an e an extension application. Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ol> <li>1 The applicant</li> <li>For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application</li> </ol>	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

#### Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
  - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
- The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or (i)
- An offset or refund; or (ii)
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

impeeee the amount	•		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

· /			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The local government	-	-
	to which the conversion		
	application was made		

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

	sion under			
<ol> <li>Appeals from tribunal</li> <li>An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—         <ul> <li>(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or</li> <li>(b) jurisdictional error.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>				
Column 3	Column 4			
Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election			
(if any)	(if any)			
-	-			
•				

#### Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ul> <li>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</li> <li>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</li> <li>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</li> </ul>	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to

include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to-

(a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ul> <li>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</li> <li>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</li> <li>3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>For a development application—the assessment manager</li> <li>For a change application—the responsible entity</li> </ol>	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec		compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-

	Δnneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
An appeal may be made	against a decision of the		7, part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ul> <li>1 A person given a decision notice about the decision</li> <li>2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision</li> </ul>	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
under a local law about- (a) the use of premises, development; or (b) the erection of a build	other than a use that is t ding or other structure.	ne natural and ordinary c	onsequence of prohibited
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-
		Table 3	
work required code asse	ncy appeals against giving a develop essment against the build	ing assessment provisior	<b>F</b>
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
An appeal may be made		r—	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only				
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-	
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election	
		(if any)	(if any)	
A person who was	The local government	-	-	
entitled to receive,	to which the			
notice of the decision	application was made			