

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s63(2) Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/108-2020	Contact:	Amanda O'Mara
Notice Date:	1 April 2021	Contact Number:	1300 22 55 77

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	SMT (Holdings No.1) Pty Ltd		
Postal address:			
Phone no:	Mobile no:	Email:	

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 22 September 2020 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Operational Works for Earthworks
Development remit for Operational Works for Lattitworks

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	23B William Palfrey Road, Parkhurst
Real property description:	Lot 2 on SP281965, Parish of Murchison

OWNER DETAILS

Name:	SMT (Holdings No.1) Pty Ltd Tte
Postal address:	
Dear SMT (Holdin	igs No.1) Pty Ltd
I advise that, on 3	1 March 2021 the above development application was:
approved in f	ull with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)
*Note: The cond	itions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Operational work		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

- 3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED NIL
- 4. REFERRAL AGENCIES

NIL

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

<u>Plan/Document</u> <u>Name</u>	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	<u>Version</u> /Issue
Demolition Plan	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	23 November 2020	0720-160.1 Sheet 1 of 4	С
Site Plan	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	20 March 2021	0720-160.1 Sheet 2 of 4	D
Retaining Wall Details	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	23 November 2020	0720-160.1 Sheet 3 of 4	С
Proposed & Existing Sections	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	23 November 2020	0720-160.1 Sheet 4 of 4	С

Endorsement of any plans approved by Rockhampton Regional Council:

- 1. is only an endorsement that the drawing/s appear/s to be suitable for the purposes of construction and use;
- 2. is not an endorsement that the drawing/s is/are free of errors or omissions, nor when works are carried out pursuant to the drawing/s that they will be free from errors or omissions or will comply with or satisfy any other requirement or purpose;
- 3. does not connote any assumption of risk by Rockhampton Regional Council or by any approving or assessing officers of Rockhampton Regional Council; and
- 4. any changes to the above drawings during or prior to construction must be approved by Rockhampton Regional Council in writing prior to undertaking construction. Rockhampton Regional Council will not accept any changed works which are not reflected through a design change process. No design changes or alterations to plans may be undertaken at the "as constructed" stage.

Responsibility for the drawing/s and any errors or omissions in it or consequent defects arising from it remain with the author of the drawing and the signing Registered Professional Engineering of Queensland.

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the Planning Act)

Pursuant to section 85 of *Planning Act 2016*, the Development Permit lapses at the expiration of two (2) years after the date of issue of this approval.

7. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

8. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

_

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

9. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

<u>C</u>	arnya Fitzgibbon <u>OORDINATOR</u> EVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT	Signature:	Date:	1 April 2021
----------	--	------------	-------	--------------

Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2 - Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1

Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

PLANNING ACT 2016

Abbreviations used in the Conditions

ARR-Australian Rainfall & Runoff

AR-AustRoads

AS/NZ*-Australian/New Zealand Standard

BCC-Brisbane City Council (Infrastructure Installation and Construction Requirements Manual)

CMDG-Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines

DTMR-Department of Transport and Main Roads

EPA-Environmental Protection Act

FRW-Fitzroy River Water

Healthy Waterways-Waterways by Design (WbD)

MCU-Material Change of Use

MUTCD-Manual for Uniform Traffic Control Devices

QUDM-Queensland Urban Drainage Manual

QWQ-Queensland Water Quality Guidelines

ROL-Reconfiguration of a Lot

RPEQ-Registered Professional Engineer Queensland

RRPS-Rockhampton Regional Planning Scheme 2015

SPP-State Planning Policy 2017

WSUD-Water Sensitive Urban Design

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

1.1 The approved use and development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this Decision Notice.

<u>Plan/Document</u> <u>Name</u>	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>Version</u> /Issue
Demolition Plan	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	23 November 2020	0720-160.1 Sheet 1 of 4	С
Site Plan	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	20 March 2021	0720-160.1 Sheet 2 of 4	D

<u>Plan/Document</u> <u>Name</u>	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	<u>Reference</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>Version</u> <u>/Issue</u>
Retaining Wall Details	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	23 November 2020	0720-160.1 Sheet 3 of 4	С
Proposed & Existing Sections	Tapsell Consulting Engineers	23 November 2020	0720-160.1 Sheet 4 of 4	С

- 1.2 The Applicant is to supply one (1) set of the approved plans to the contractor to be retained on site at all times during construction.
- 1.3 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of the Decision Notice and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this Decision Notice must prevail.
- 1.4 Where the conditions required the above plans or documents to be amended, the revised document(s) must be approved by Council, prior to any pre-start meeting for the works on the site.
- 1.5 If after the issue of this Decision Notice, any errors, omissions or insufficient details are noted on the approved plans, such deficiencies must be corrected prior to construction, or if noted during construction, approval obtained from Council's Engineer to correct any error or omission, Council reserves the right to withhold approval of construction until such remedies are complete.
- 1.6 A Pre-Start meeting must be held, prior to the commencement of any work or construction, between any or all of the Site Superintendent / Consulting Engineer / Principal Contractor and Council in accordance with *CMDG Section CP1.08 Notice to Commence Works* and *CP1.09 Prestart Meeting.*

NOTE: Prestart Meetings are conducted with a minimum of five (5) business days' notice being given to Council.

The following information must be presented prior or at the meeting:

- 1.6.1 A copy of the Contractor's Public Liability Insurance Policy for a minimum of twenty (20) million dollars indemnifying Council against all claims resulting from the construction works of this Development;
- 1.6.2 Evidence of payment of QLeave (when applicable);
- 1.6.3 A programme of works, demonstrating all major activities and milestones;
- 1.6.4 An ITP (Inspection Test Plan) for confirmation and approval (*CMDG Section CP1.15 and Annexure CP1.C*);
- 1.6.5 Other items to be discussed (refer *CMDG Section CP1.09*):
 - a) introduction of the Council's representative(s), Consulting Engineers(s), Contractor(s) and any other relevant parties i.e. Geotechnical Engineers (if required);
 - b) review of relevant conditions of development approval;
 - c) review of Council's construction requirements;
 - d) review of the Contractor's Erosion Control and Stormwater Management Strategy;
 - e) site access conditions;
 - f) identification of areas to be left undisturbed;
 - g) review of Inspection and Test Plan including a review of nominated Hold/Witness points;
 - h) any other relevant Acts;

- 1.7 All civil/engineering works must be supervised and inspected by a *RPEQ* who is experienced in all aspects of civil construction. All works must comply with the *CMDG* and / or other relevant standards and policies as conditioned in the Decision Notice.
- 1.8 Council reserves the right for uninterrupted access to the site at all times, starting with the Pre-Start Meeting to the completion of the work or issuance of the Compliance Letter.
- 1.9 All Construction works and other associated activities are permitted only between 0630 hours and 1800 hours Monday to Saturday. No work is permitted on Sundays or public holidays. All requirements of the *Environmental Protection Act* and *Environmental Protection Regulations* must be observed at all times.
- 1.10 The developer/contractor must be present for the final inspection at the completion of works, to be undertaken prior to the use commencing or the endorsement of the Survey Plan.
- 1.11 Any proposed minor amendments to the approved stamped plans during the works will be generally considered minor amendments and require Council's approval. The stamped amended plans and a covering letter will be forwarded to the applicant (*CMDG CP1.11*).

2.0 INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Joint inspections with any of the Site Superintendent / Consulting Engineer / Contractor and Rockhampton Regional Council Works Inspector / Engineer are required. A minimum of twenty four (24) hours' notice is required. Council's minimum inspection programme is as follows, however this does not preclude the requirement for further inspections if deemed appropriate by Council Engineers.

Site Works

2.1.1 2.1.2	earthworks topsoil	C213/visual C273/visual	pre-start/completion completion of works
<u>Street/Land</u> 2.1.3	<u>scaping</u> landscaping	visual	completion of works
<u>Final Site In</u> 2.1.4	<u>spection</u> Completion of works	visual	completion of works

NOTE: This does not preclude the requirement for further inspections if deemed appropriate by Council Engineers.

3.0 STORMWATER

3.1 All stormwater management systems must be designed and constructed to comply with the relevant requirements of *QUDM*, *CMDG*, *SPP*, *WbD*, and the approved plans (refer to Condition 1.1).

4.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- 4.1 The developer/contractor will ensure that erosion and sedimentation controls are implemented, monitored, and maintained at all times in accordance with the *CMDG*, and the approved plan/s until all approved construction on the site has been completed. If the development is staged all erosion sediment controls are to be monitored and maintained until the completion of the development.
- 4.2 All stormwater runoff from the site during and after the site works is completed, is to comply with the *SPP. Appendix 2*, *Table A and B*, to avoid or minimise adverse impacts on stormwater quality.
- 4.3 The developer/contractor will ensure that during construction all sedimentation controls and swale drains are maintained to ensure compliance with the *CMDG and SPP Appendix 2*, *Table A*, to avoid or minimise adverse impacts on stormwater quality.
- 4.4 The developer/contractor will check erosion and sediment control measures at the start and end of each day of construction adjacent to any disturbed surfaces.

4.5 If required, the erosion and sedimentation controls measures are to be amended/upgraded by the developer/contractor as directed by the Council's Engineer, within an agreed timeframe.

5.0 <u>SITEWORKS</u>

- 5.1 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to adjoining properties or infrastructure.
- 5.2 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with AS3798 "Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments".
- 5.3 All earthworks quality control and testing will be in accordance with *AS1289.5.1.1*.
- 5.4 A water truck is required onsite at all times to suppress dust while earthworks are being undertaken.

6.0 RETAINING STRUCTURES

- 6.1 All retaining walls and their associated footings must be sited within the proposed lot and/or site boundaries.
- 6.2 All retaining structures over one (1) metre high must incorporate an approved subsoil drainage systems discharging to a legal point of discharge. The design and construction must be certified by an *RPEQ*.

7.0 VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

- 7.1 Prior to commencement of any works, trees marked for removal must be mulched and all mulch stockpiled on site or removed from site and stored at an approved location. All the vegetative material including shrubs, weeds, grass etc. must be removed from site and deposited at an approved location such as the Council Landfill. **Burning off is not permitted.**
- 7.2 All vegetation which cannot be mulched on site for use on this development or an approved place of use, must be disposed of at a suitable place of disposal. **Burning is not permitted.**

8.0 LANDSCAPING / STREETSCAPING

8.1 All landscaping / streetscaping must comply with relevant requirements of the *RRPS-Landscape Code and Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12, CMDG, and* as conditioned or denoted on the approved plans.

9.0 AS CONSTRUCTED REQUIREMENTS

Digital As Constructed plans in the prescribed digital formats must be submitted to Council and approved prior to the issue of the Compliance Certificate. The As Constructed data will only be approved after the final site inspection has been passed by Council. Refer to Council's website

http://www.rockhamptonregion.qld.gov.au/PlanningBuilding/Development-

<u>Applications/Lodging-a-Development-Application/As-Constructed-Submissions</u> as to how to submit the data and then email to <u>enquiries@rrc.qld.gov.au</u> with a cover note detailing the Development Application No., legal description of the land, address, estate/subdivision name and stage, consultants name and contact details. -

Any works that involve the alteration of ground surface levels (cut/fill) require spot heights and any digital elevation models and/or line work in digital AutoCAD format over the affected lots/site (refer As Constructed Data Guidelines -5.6).

Compliance/Certifications (CMDG - CP1.21)

Council requires that the As Constructed documentation be supported by appropriate certifications in accordance with the following requirements.

- a) All surface As Constructed infrastructure (i.e. sewer manholes, kerb etc.) must be surveyed in relation to property boundary's by a Registered Surveyor upon completion of the project. Other As Constructed infrastructure which is constructed before the completion of the project (i.e. sewer jump ups, water reticulation bends etc.) can be surveyed by the contractor. The certification must note that the As Constructed survey data represents the true and accurate location of the relevant construction element presented in the data, relative to all appropriate survey datum's (i.e. the exact location in space of each construction element/entity). An RPEQ's certification must accompany the As Constructed submission to Council. The RPEQ's certification may qualify where information has been supplied by a contractor for covered up works (e.g. sewer jump up locations).
- b) Council accepts the submission of As Constructed information for the location of House Connection Branches documented by the Contractor during the construction phase. This enables the Contractor to expedite the backfilling of these fixtures and will minimise "open excavations" awaiting final survey. This information shall be documented on the As Constructed Sewerage Plan and shall reference the Contractor's field notes used to document the As Constructed information.
- c) All As Constructed works must also be certified by the Consulting Engineer responsible for design of the works. The certification must note that the design intent and function of the proposed works have not been compromised by the constructed works. To this extent, the Consulting Engineer will be responsible for checking the As Constructed details so that the tolerances for construction are within specified limits.
- d) It is recognised that in some circumstances, the tolerances for construction are exceeded. In these instances, the Engineer will be responsible for performing confirmation design calculations to ensure that the original design intent and function are not compromised.
- e) Further, should the As Constructed details indicate a change to the design intent or function of the works, revised design calculations shall be provided by the Consulting Engineer to indicate the acceptability of the proposed change relative to Council's requirements. Council's approval of the change is required prior to the formal acceptance of the works.
- f) The Consulting Engineer shall be responsible for the completion of the "Statement of Compliance As Constructed works", which satisfies the requirements for Certification.

By submitting the As Constructed information to Council, the Consultant grants Council a royalty-free, perpetual, non-exclusive, non-cancellable, non-transferable licence to:

- a) use, reproduce, adapt, modify, commercially exploit and communicate the Intellectual Property (including by development and distribution of a Derivative Product); and
- b) sublicense Council's right to use, reproduce, adapt, modify, commercially exploit and communicate the Intellectual Property, subject to the terms of this Licence.

Interpretation of the above intellectual property condition will be subject to the following definitions:

"Intellectual Property" in relation to the As Constructed information, includes all copyright, and all right in relation to registered and unregistered trademarks (including service marks), registered designs and confidential information (including trade secrets and know-how), and all other right resulting from intellectual activity in the industrial, scientific, literary or artistic fields; and

"**Derivative Product**" means a distinct product in which the Intellectual Property is altered, abridged or supplemented, and/or which incorporates additional functionality.

10.0 DOCUMENTATION

10.1 All engineering drawings for operational works must be signed and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland as being in accordance with all relevant Australian

Standards, statutory requirements and sound engineering principles. The works must be supervised on the Applicant's behalf by a suitably qualified Registered Professional Engineer Queensland. All designs, specifications and management plans must be certified, by a suitably qualified professional identifying the certifier's full name and accreditation/registration number, as complying with all relevant Codes and Standards.

For the purpose of this statement, a 'suitably qualified professional' is a person with a tertiary qualification and professional affiliation in the field of engineering or science relevant to the design, specifications and/or management plan and who has at least two years' experience in management in that field. Where the design, specifications and/or management plans involve different fields, a certification is required from a suitably qualified professional for each separate field.

- 10.2 An Engineer's Certificate of Construction and As Constructed Certification must be signed and submitted by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland verifying that all works have been carried out in accordance with Council approved drawings, approval conditions and specifications.
- 10.3 All landscaping drawings for works must be signed and certified by a suitably qualified landscape professional or other competent person approved by Council as being in accordance with all relevant Australian Standards and statutory requirements. The works must be supervised on the Applicant's behalf by a suitably qualified Landscaper. All designs, specifications and management plans must be certified, by a suitably qualified professional identifying the certifier's full name and accreditation/registration number, as complying with all relevant Codes and Standards.
- 10.4 Confirmation that the landscaping works have been carried out in accordance with the approved plans must be submitted by the certifying landscaper.
- 10.5 Any operational and maintenance manuals associated with structural assets shall be provided to Council before the asset goes Off Defects. The manuals shall cover operations and maintenance standards, inspection and preventative maintenance programs and specific plans for critical events (such as floods) and failure of critical assets.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website www.datsip.qld.gov.au.

NOTE 2. <u>Environmental Protection Act 1994</u>

General Environmental Duty – Sec.319

A person must not carry out any activity that causes, or is likely to cause, environmental harm unless the person takes all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent or minimise the harm (**the** *general environmental duty*).

In deciding the measures required to be taken, regard must be had to, for example-

- (a) the nature of the harm or potential harm; and
- (b) the sensitivity of the receiving environment; and
- (c) the current state of technical knowledge for the activity; and
- (d) the likelihood of successful application of the different measures that might be taken; and

(e) the financial implications of the different measures as they would relate to the type of activity.

NOTE 3. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 4. Water

In accordance with the *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, it is an offence to interfere with a service provider and Fitzroy River Water is the department responsible for water and sewerage services. Fitzroy River Water can provide cost estimates for any water and sewerage works if required.

- NOTE 5. The CMDG Construction Specifications must be used for the construction works.
- NOTE 6. Please contact Rockhampton Regional Council's Plumbing Compliance section to organise a Plumbing and Drainage permit for any alterations to the private plumbing pipework.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of
 - the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method
 - included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.

(2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.

(3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

the respondent for the appeal; and

- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule
 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section-decision includes-
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1 Appeals

Appeals section 229 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - $\dot{(j)}$ the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or

(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or

(c) a provision of the development approval; or

(d) if a development permit was applied for-the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the	 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent—
		concurrence agency	the prescribed assessment

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal		
	manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application	

2. Change applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds a) The notice involved an error relating to –

(i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

• The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development

- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
- (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or(ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or

c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund; or

d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)

		Table 1	
		t and, for certain matters, t	o a tribunal
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-
5. Conversion application An appeal may be made (a) the refusal of a conv (b) a deemed refusal of	e against—		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-
6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made	e against the decision to g	ive an enforcement notice	ð.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government
		Table 2	
	Appeals	to the P&E Court only	
section 252, on the grou	e against a decision of a tr		ion under
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-
application, to the exten	e against the decision to g it that the decision relates	to—	val, or an approval for a change nat required impact assessment; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

	Appeals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
application			
An appeal may be made include a provision in the	e development approval, opment application or the	development approval, or to the extent the matter re	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application Compensation claims 		1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec (c) a deemed refusal of	tion 32 about a compens tion 265 about a claim fo a claim under paragraph	r compensation; or (a) or (b).	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made	e against a decision of the	e Minister under chapter 7	, part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 A person given a decision notice about the decision If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

Table 2

Appeals t	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
-	-	
Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The local government	-	-
	Table 3	
sment against the buildin Column 2	ng assessment provisi	
The assessment manager	(if any) The applicant	(if any) 1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
against a decision under	_	-
Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person who made the decision	-	-
	against a decision of a lo ther than a use that is th ng or other structure. Column 2 Respondent The local government The local government Appeals against giving a develop sment against the buildin Column 2 Respondent The assessment manager The assessment manager	Column 2 Column 3 Respondent Co-respondent (if any) The local government The local government - Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only Cy appeals against giving a development approval for build against giving a development approval for build column 3 Column 2 Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) The assessment The applicant manager The applicant r the Building Act and the Plumbing and Draina against a decision under— than a decision made by the Queensland Buil nage Act, part 4 or 5. Column 2 Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-



ATTACHMENTS

APPROVED PLANS

APPROVED PLANS